

**Tennessee Department of Health
Reportable Diseases and Events**

The diseases and events listed below are declared to be communicable and/or dangerous to the public and are to be reported to the local health department by all hospitals, physicians, laboratories, and other persons knowing of or suspecting a case in accordance with the provision of the statutes and regulations governing the control of communicable diseases in Tennessee.

Category 1A: Requires immediate telephonic notification (24 hours a day, 7 days a week), followed by a written report using the PH-1600 within 1 week.

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| [002] Anthrax (<i>Bacillus anthracis</i>) ^B | [516] Novel Influenza A |
| [005] Botulism-Foodborne (<i>Clostridium botulinum</i>) ^B | [032] Pertussis (Whooping Cough) |
| [004] Botulism-Wound (<i>Clostridium botulinum</i>) | [037] Rabies: Human |
| [505] Disease Outbreaks (e.g., foodborne, waterborne, healthcare, etc.) | [112] Ricin Poisoning ^B |
| [108] Encephalitis, Arboviral: Venezuelan Equine ^B | [132] Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) |
| [023] Hantavirus Disease | [107] Smallpox ^B |
| [096] Measles-Imported | [110] Staphylococcal Enterotoxin B (SEB) |
| [026] Measles-Indigenous | Pulmonary Poisoning ^B |
| [095] Meningococcal Disease (<i>Neisseria meningitidis</i>) | [111] Viral Hemorrhagic Fever ^B |

Category 1B: Requires immediate telephonic notification (next business day), followed by a written report using the PH-1600 within 1 week.

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| [006] Brucellosis (<i>Brucella</i> species) ^B | [102] Meningitis-Other Bacterial |
| [010] Congenital Rubella Syndrome | [031] Mumps |
| [011] Diphtheria (<i>Corynebacterium diphtheriae</i>) | [033] Plague (<i>Yersinia pestis</i>) ^B |
| [121] Encephalitis, Arboviral: California/LaCrosse Serogroup | [035] Poliomyelitis-Nonparalytic |
| [123] Encephalitis, Arboviral: Eastern Equine | [034] Poliomyelitis-Paralytic |
| [122] Encephalitis, Arboviral: St. Louis | [119] Prion disease-variant Creutzfeldt Jakob Disease |
| [124] Encephalitis, Arboviral: Western Equine | [109] Q Fever (<i>Coxiella burnetii</i>) ^B |
| [506] Enterobacteriaceae, Carbapenemase-producing | [040] Rubella |
| [053] Group A Streptococcal Invasive Disease (<i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i>) | [041] Salmonellosis: Typhoid Fever (<i>Salmonella</i> Typhi) |
| [047] Group B Streptococcal Invasive Disease (<i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i>) | [131] <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> : Vancomycin non-sensitive – all forms |
| [054] <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> Invasive Disease | [075] Syphilis (<i>Treponema pallidum</i>): Congenital |
| [016] Hepatitis, Viral-Type A acute | [519] Tuberculosis, confirmed and suspect cases of active disease (<i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> complex) |
| [513] Influenza, pediatric deaths | [113] Tularemia (<i>Francisella tularensis</i>) ^B |
| [515] Melioidosis (<i>Burkholderia pseudomallei</i>) | |

Category 2: Requires written report using form PH-1600 within 1 week.

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| [501] Babesiosis | [001] Cryptosporidiosis (<i>Cryptosporidium</i> species) |
| [003] Botulism-Infant (<i>Clostridium botulinum</i>) | [106] Cyclosporiasis (<i>Cyclospora</i> species) |
| [007] Campylobacteriosis (including EIA or PCR positive stools) | [504] Dengue Fever |
| [503] Chagas Disease | [116] Ehrlichiosis-HGE (<i>Anaplasma phagocytophilum</i>) |
| [069] Chancroid | [051] Ehrlichiosis-HME (<i>Ehrlichia chaffeensis</i>) |
| [055] <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> -Genital | [117] Ehrlichiosis/Anaplasmosis-Other |
| [057] <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> -Other | [060] Gonorrhea-Genital (<i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i>) |
| [056] <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> -PID | [064] Gonorrhea-Ophthalmic (<i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i>) |
| [009] Cholera (<i>Vibrio cholerae</i>) | |

^BPossible Bioterrorism Indicators

Category 2: Requires written report using form PH-1600 within 1 week (continued).

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| [061] Gonorrhea-Oral (<i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i>) | [130] <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> : Methicillin resistant Invasive Disease |
| [063] Gonorrhea-PID (<i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i>) | [518] <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> Invasive Disease (IPD) |
| [062] Gonorrhea-Rectal (<i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i>) | [074] Syphilis (<i>Treponema pallidum</i>): Cardiovascular |
| [133] Guillain-Barré syndrome | [072] Syphilis (<i>Treponema pallidum</i>): Early Latent |
| [058] Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS) | [073] Syphilis (<i>Treponema pallidum</i>): Late Latent |
| [480] Hepatitis, Viral-HbsAg positive infant | [077] Syphilis (<i>Treponema pallidum</i>): Late Other |
| [048] Hepatitis, Viral-HbsAg positive pregnant female | [076] Syphilis (<i>Treponema pallidum</i>): Neurological |
| [017] Hepatitis, Viral-Type B acute | [070] Syphilis (<i>Treponema pallidum</i>): Primary |
| [018] Hepatitis, Viral-Type C acute | [071] Syphilis (<i>Treponema pallidum</i>): Secondary |
| [021] Legionellosis (<i>Legionella</i> species) | [078] Syphilis (<i>Treponema pallidum</i>): Unknown Latent |
| [022] Leprosy [Hansen Disease] (<i>Mycobacterium leprae</i>) | [044] Tetanus (<i>Clostridium tetani</i>) |
| [094] Listeriosis (<i>Listeria</i> species) | [045] Toxic Shock Syndrome: Staphylococcal |
| [024] Lyme Disease (<i>Borrelia burgdorferi</i>) | [097] Toxic Shock Syndrome: Streptococcal |
| [025] Malaria (<i>Plasmodium</i> species) | [046] Trichinosis |
| [118] Prion disease-Creutzfeldt Jakob Disease | [101] Vancomycin resistant enterococci (VRE) Invasive Disease |
| [036] Psittacosis (<i>Chlamydia psittaci</i>) | [114] <i>Varicella</i> deaths |
| [105] Rabies: Animal | [104] Vibriosis (<i>Vibrio</i> species) |
| [039] Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever (<i>Rickettsia rickettsii</i>) | [125] West Nile virus Infections-Encephalitis |
| [042] Salmonellosis: Other than <i>S. Typhi</i> (<i>Salmonella</i> species) | [126] West Nile virus Infections-Fever |
| [517] Shiga-toxin producing <i>Escherichia coli</i> (including Shiga-like toxin positive stools, <i>E. coli</i> O157 and <i>E. coli</i> non-O157) | [098] Yellow Fever |
| [043] Shigellosis (<i>Shigella</i> species) | [103] Yersiniosis (<i>Yersinia</i> species) |

Category 3: Requires special confidential reporting to designated health department personnel within 1 week.

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| [500] Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS) | [512] Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) |
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Category 4: Laboratories and physicians are required to report all blood lead test results monthly and no later than 15 days following the end of the month.

- [514] Lead Levels (blood)

Category 5: Events will be reported monthly (no later than 30 days following the end of the month) via the National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN – see <http://health.state.tn.us/ceds/hai/index.htm> for more details); *Clostridium difficile* infections (Davidson County residents only) will also be reported monthly to the Emerging Infections Program (EIP).

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| [508] Healthcare Associated Infections, Central Line Associated Bloodstream Infections | [510] Healthcare Associated Infections, Methicillin resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> positive blood cultures |
| [509] Healthcare Associated Infections, <i>Clostridium difficile</i> | [511] Healthcare Associated Infections, Surgical Site Infections |

The following pathogens do not need to be reported using form PH-1600, but a reference culture is required to be sent to the State Public Health Laboratory.

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| [502] <i>Burkholderia mallei</i> | [507] <i>Francisella</i> species |
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