

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

Mission To accumulate funds to repay principal (money borrowed) and interest due on general obligation bonds and notes issued by the government to finance capital projects (land, buildings, equipment, etc.) with lives greater than one year. Three funds are used to account for this debt:

25104 Schools Debt Service Fund
 20115 GSD Debt Service Fund
 28315 USD Debt Service Fund

Budget Summary

	<u>2016-17</u>	<u>2017-18</u>	<u>2018-19</u>
Expenditures and Transfers:			
Debt Service Funds	\$ 240,452,400	\$ 281,039,100	\$ 292,776,700
Total Expenditures and Transfers	<u>\$ 240,452,400</u>	<u>\$ 281,039,100</u>	<u>\$ 292,776,700</u>
Revenues and Transfers:			
Program Revenue			
Charges, Commissions, and Fees	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Other Governments and Agencies	\$ 4,053,100	\$ 5,216,200	\$ 7,324,300
Other Program Revenue	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Total Program Revenue	\$ 4,053,100	\$ 5,216,200	\$ 7,324,300
Non-program Revenue	199,126,100	217,112,900	238,223,800
Transfers From Other Funds and Units	37,273,300	58,710,000	\$ 47,228,600
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 240,452,500</u>	<u>\$ 281,039,100</u>	<u>\$ 292,776,700</u>
Expenditures Per Capita	\$ 354.19	\$ 410.63	\$ 423.55

Positions Total Budgeted Positions

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These funds are administered by the Department of Finance, and have no separate organization chart.

Debt Service Expenditures by District & Fund

<u>Source Description</u>	<u>FY 2017 Budget</u>	<u>FY 2017 Actual</u>	<u>FY 2018 Budget</u>	<u>FY 2019 Budget</u>
GSD - General Services District				
20115 GSD Debt Service	\$ 136,803,000	\$ 137,631,761	\$ 165,393,200	\$ 169,296,200
25104 MNPS Debt Service	<u>84,403,400</u>	<u>86,472,928</u>	<u>94,371,300</u>	<u>103,823,200</u>
Total GSD	\$ 221,206,400	\$ 224,104,689	\$ 259,764,500	\$ 273,119,400
USD - Urban Services District				
28315 USD Debt Service	<u>\$ 19,246,100</u>	<u>\$ 18,914,158</u>	<u>\$ 21,274,600</u>	<u>\$ 19,657,300</u>
Total USD	\$ 19,246,100	\$ 18,914,158	\$ 21,274,600	\$ 19,657,300
Total General Obligation Debt Service - GSD+USD	<u>\$240,452,500</u>	<u>\$243,018,847</u>	<u>\$281,039,100</u>	<u>\$292,776,700</u>

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

Budget Highlights FY 2019

The recommended budget services outstanding debt issues. Currently, Metro has approximately \$1,675,068,000 in un-issued general obligation bonds authorized for capital spending plans in Fiscal Years 2010 through 2018.

Overview

Debt Financing: Periodically, Metro borrows money to provide long-term financing for capital improvement projects that are included in the Capital Spending Plan by issuing (or selling) bonds and notes, which are written promises to repay the debt at certain times and with certain interest to bondholders/investors. The specific improvements to be financed are listed in the legislation that authorizes the debt. The proceeds from the sale of the debt are used to pay off commercial paper that provides short-term financing for those improvements.

Debt service is the process of repaying those bonds and notes, and their interest, over time to bondholders/investors. A portion of the principal is repaid each year between issuance and maturity. This approximately matches the maturity dates of bonds to the lives of the projects they fund, and keeps Metro from having to make a big payment at one time to make a capital improvement.

Metro does not issue long-term debt to finance operating expenditures or deficits.

Types of debt: Debt generally falls into the following categories:

- General obligation (GO) debt is payable from taxes, and is backed by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the government. There is no legal limit to Metro's use of general obligation debt, although issuance requires passage of a Council resolution. Only general obligation debt is repaid from the three debt service funds (25104, 20115, and 28315).
- Revenue debt is often used to finance projects that will generate revenue. Part of the revenue generated by a project is used to service the debt on the project. It is accounted for through the enterprise or internal service fund that develops the capital project and receives its revenues.
 - Limited obligation revenue debt normally operates as revenue debt, but is backed by certain non-property-tax revenues (defined in the bond covenants) in the event that there are not sufficient revenues to service the debts.

Interest earned by our bondholders/investors is generally held to be exempt from federal and Tennessee taxation.

Structure: Metro's outstanding debt takes three forms:

- Bonds - Long-term debt that usually matures over a period of 20-30 years.
- Notes - Shorter-term debt that is issued for three years, renewable for an additional two terms of three years each. The usual total maturity is 3 to 5 years.
- Commercial paper - Short-term GO obligations with flexible maturities ranging from 1 to 270 days, issued as cash when needed in blocks of \$100,000 plus \$1,000 increments. Interest rates are usually lower than bond interest rates.

Notes and commercial paper often provide temporary financing and are retired by issuing longer-term bonds.

Many bonds have "call" provisions that allow Metro to redeem the debt before its scheduled maturity. This is most often done when the debt being called is refunded by issuing new debt for the same period of time but at lower interest rates. The lower interest costs save Metro money over the remaining life of the bond issue.

Legal Limitations: There is no legal debt margin limitation on GSD debt. Section 7.08 of the Charter limits the USD total net bonded indebtedness payable from USD ad valorem taxes, after deduction of sinking funds for the payment of principal, to 15% of the USD assessed valuation of taxable property. At June 30, 2017, the taxable property was valued at \$15.1 billion, so the 15% limit was \$2.2 billion. With only \$173.7 million of applicable debt (1.23% of valuation), the margin was \$2.0 billion.

Bond Ratings: Metro holds excellent investment-grade ratings from two independent rating agencies (Moody's Aa2 and Standard & Poor's AA). These ratings are based on both the city's financial health and available reserves for paying off debt. Each agency has its own rating system; ratings of the two agencies cannot necessarily be compared to each other. For explanations of the ratings, visit each agency's web site.

Debt Policies: The following guidelines are used in managing debt service funds:

- USD general obligation debt is subject to the legal limitation noted above.
- Debt is not issued above the capacity provided by current revenue sources (including property taxes at the current rate) plus anticipated normal growth; debt is not issued in anticipation of a not-yet-approved property tax increase.
- When planning future debt capacity, normal revenue growth is projected conservatively.
- The financing of an improvement will not exceed its useful life. In a multi-purpose bond package, the package maturities will reflect the mix of project lives funded by the package; the average life of the bonds cannot exceed the average life of the projects.
- General obligation issues are sold by competitive bid in a public offering; a bid sale is awarded to the bidder with the lowest true interest cost
- Bond issues may be considered for refunding when lower interest rates on the new bonds will result in a 3.5% or better aggregate present value savings over the old bonds. The term of the refunding bonds will not exceed the terms of the bonds being refunded. Refunding Bonds may be sold either by negotiated sale or by competitive bid public offering.

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

Revenue Sources: Revenues for all three funds are detailed in the budget ordinance. The GSD and USD Debt Service Funds (funds 20115 & 28315) are funded primarily by a dedicated portion of the property tax levies. The GSD Debt Service Fund also receives \$3.2 million from the GSD General Fund (fund 10101) for stadium debt, and the Schools Debt Service Fund (fund 25104) receives substantial schools-related sales taxes.

Capital Expenditures and the Budget: The discussion of Capital Improvements in Section A of this book describes how these funds relate to the operating budget.

Recent Bond Issues: The Recent Bond Issues table summarizes recent bond issues. Note that only the general obligation issues are serviced through the GSD, USD, and Schools Debt Service funds; the revenue issues are serviced through non-tax sources. Future debt service requirements are listed on the next page.

Comparative Debt Statistics: The Comparable Debt Statistics table uses standard indicators to measure debt burden levels and trends.

Comparative Debt Statistics

Fiscal Year	Net Debt to Assessed Valuation		Net Debt Per Capita	Debt Service to Total Expenditures
	GSD+USD	USD only		
2008	10.23%	1.36%	2,799.25	9.7%
2009	9.35%	1.25%	2,558.61	9.2%
2010	9.77%	1.16%	3,110.89	8.8%
2011	9.64%	1.14%	1,571.19	4.3%
2012	9.88%	1.31%	3,226.91	5.0%
2013	11.62%	1.41%	3,897.73	6.4%
2014	10.92%	1.32%	3,682.52	9.1%
2015	11.32%	1.25%	3,451.97	9.5%
2016	12.80%	1.23%	3,910.24	9.2%
2017	14.05%	1.15%	4,380.03	9.4%

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for each year

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

Recent Bond Issues						
Issue	Date Issued	Amount & interest rate	Maturity	Ratings *	Fund *	Comments *
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2006A	05/11/06	\$60,805,000 3.60%	2006 to 2026	M: Aa2/VMIG1 S: AA/A-1 F: AA+/F1+	G	Current Refund of outstanding general obligation public improvement bonds, Series 1996 held in interest rate hedging agreement. Finance the retirement of a portion of the G O Anticipation Notes (Commercial Paper), and general government projects.
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A	04/24/07	\$186,890,000 4.00%-5.00%	2008 to 2028	M: Aa2 S: AA F: AA	G U S	Current and Advance refund portions of outstanding bonds: GO Bonds Series 2003, GO MP & Refunding Series 1999, Series 1997A and GO Refunding Series 1997
Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008A	02/22/08	\$122,530,000 3.25%-5.25%	2011 to 2022	M: Aa3 S: AA- F: AA-	--	Non-GO. Current refund of W&S Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1998A (\$127,775,000) maturing in 2011-2019, and W&S Revenue Bonds, Series 1998B (\$785,000) maturing 2011-2012.
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008A	03/4/08	\$308,000,000 4.00-5.00%	2011 to 2028	M: Aa2 S: AA F: AA	G U S	Finance the retirement of a portion of the General Obligation Anticipation Notes (Commercial Paper), and general government projects.
General Obligation Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A	06/10/10	\$296,750,000 2.75 - 5.00%	2010 to 2026	M: Aa1 S: AA	G U S	Finance the retirement of a portion of the G.O Anticipation Notes (Commercial Paper), and advance refund portions of outstanding bonds.
General Obligation Improvement Bonds Federally Taxable (BAB's), Series 2010B	06/10/10	\$252,005,000 5.71%	2010 to 2034	M: Aa1 S: AA	G U S	Finance the retirement of a portion of the General Obligation Anticipation Notes (Commercial Paper), and general government projects.
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010D	09/21/10	\$291,360,000 1.50 - 5.00%	2010 to 2024	M: Aa1 S: AA	G U S	Advance refund portions of outstanding bonds.
Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A	12/9/10	\$104,050,000 3.00 - 5.00%	2010 to 2027	M: Aa3 S: AA	--	Non-GO. Advance refund portions of outstanding W&S Revenue Refunding Bonds.
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds Federally Taxable, Series 2010B (BAB-Direct Payment)	12/9/10	\$135,000,000 6.39 - 6.57%	2010 to 2037	M: Aa3 S: AA	--	Finance the retirement of currently outstanding W&S Commercial Paper Bond Anticipation Notes and finance additional capital projects.
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds Federally Taxable Series 2010C (Recovery Zone Economic Dev. Bonds)	12/9/10	\$75,000,000 6.69%	2010 to 2041	M: Aa3 S: AA	--	Finance Water system capital projects.
Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds Federally Taxable Series 2010D	12/9/10	\$7,610,000	2010 to 2018	M: Aa3 S: AA	--	Non-GO. Advance refund portions of outstanding W&S Revenue Refunding Bonds.

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011	09/29/11	\$89,480,000 2.00 - 5.00%	2011 to 2023	M: Aa1 S: AA	G U S	Advance refund portions of outstanding bonds.
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	02/02/12	\$227,110,000 2.00 - 5.00%	2012 to 2025	M: Aa1 S: AA	G U S	Advance refund portions of outstanding bonds.
Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	02/02/12	\$129,625,000 1.00 - 5.00%	2012 to 2023	M: A1 S: A+	--	Non-GO. Advance refund portions of outstanding W&S Revenue Refunding Bonds.
General Obligation Improvement Bonds Federally Taxable, Series 2012	08/15/12	\$6,440,000 3.367%	2027	M: Aa1 S: AA	G	Finance the costs of certain public projects of the Metropolitan Government for qualified energy conservation improvements.
District Energy System Revenue and Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A	08/15/12	\$47,450,000 2.00 - 5.00%	2013 To 2033	M: Aa1 S: AA	U	Advance refund of outstanding Energy Production Facility Revenue Bonds.
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B	08/15/12	\$140,345,000 .320 - 2.76%	2013 To 2024	M: Aa1 S: AA	G U S	Advance refund of portions of outstanding bonds.
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013	02/21/13	\$245,485,000 2.00 - 5.00%	2015 To 2027	M: Aa1 S: AA	G U S	Advance refund of portions of outstanding bonds.
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2013	04/25/13	\$237,930,000 3.00 - 5.00%	2022 To 2033	M: Aa3 S: AA-	--	Retire outstanding Water and Sewer commercial paper and to fund a debt reserve fund.
General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2013A	05/09/13	\$374,665,000 3.00 - 5.00%	2020 To 2033	M: Aa1 S: AA	G U S	Retire outstanding General Obligation Commercial paper, and to finance capital projects.
General Obligation Extendable Commercial Paper Notes 2014 Program	07/01/14	Up to \$325,000,000 Market rates	Up to 90 days issue with option to extend up to 270 days after issue	M: P-1 S: A-1+	G U S	Provide interim financing of various capital projects and to refinance existing general obligation commercial paper notes.
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A	02/19/15	\$59,730,000 5%	2021 To 2026	M: Aa2 S: AA	G U S	Advance refund of portions of outstanding bonds.
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B (Taxable)	02/19/15	\$103,980,000 .300 - 3.493%	2015 To 2029	M: Aa2 S: AA	G U S	Advance refund of portions of outstanding bonds
Water and Sewer Extendable Commercial Paper Notes, 2015 Program	04/15/15	Up to \$100,000,000 Market Rate	Up to 90 days issue with option to extend up to 270 days after issue	M: P-1 S: A-1+	--	Provide interim financing of various capital projects and refinance existing projects as relate to Water and Sewer prior to the issuing of bonds.
General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2015C	07/21/15	\$347,235,000 4.00 - 5.00%	2017 To 2034	M: Aa2 S: AA	G U S	Retire outstanding General Obligation Commercial Paper Notes.
Water and Sewer Revenue Commercial Paper Notes, Series A	10/06/15	Up to \$183,000,000 Market Rate	Up to 270 days after Issue	M: P-1 S: A-1+	--	Provide interim financing of various capital projects and refinance existing projects as relate to Water and Sewer prior to the issuing of bonds.
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	06/01/16	\$343,975,000 2.00 - 5.00%	2017 To 2033	M: Aa2 S: AA	G U S	Advance refund of portions of outstanding bonds.
General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2017	02/02/17	\$455,540,000 4.00 - 5.00%	2018 To 2036	M: Aa2 S: AA	G U S	Retire outstanding General Obligation Commercial Paper Notes.

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

General Obligation Commercial Paper Series B-1	07/06/17	Up to \$200,000,000 Market rates	Up to 270 days after issue	M: P-1 S: A-1+	G U S	Provide interim financing of various capital projects and to refinance existing general obligation commercial paper notes.
General Obligation Commercial Paper Series B-2	07/06/17	Up to \$175,000,000 Market rates	Up to 270 days after issue	M: P-1 S: A-1+	G U S	Provide interim financing of various capital projects and to refinance existing general obligation commercial paper notes.
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A (Green Bonds)	11/02/17	\$89,420,000 5.00%	2021 To 2046	M: Aa3 S: AA	--	Retire outstanding Water and Sewer commercial paper and to fund a debt reserve fund
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B	11/02/17	\$155,210,000 5.00%	2030 To 2046	M: Aa3 S: AA	--	Retire outstanding Water and Sewer commercial paper and to fund a debt reserve fund
Water and Sewer Extendable Commercial Paper Notes, 2018 Program	07/09/18	Up to \$183,000,000 Market Rate	Up to 270 days after Issue	M: P-1 S: A-1+	--	Provide interim financing of various capital projects and refinance existing projects as relate to Water and Sewer prior to the issuing of bonds.
<p>* Ratings: M = Moody's, S = Standard & Poor's, F = Fitch, I = Insured (see text). Maturity dates are <u>underlined</u>. Fund: This code shows the debt service fund(s) used to repay this issue. G = GSD, U = USD, S = Schools. Comments: Non-GO = Not a general obligation debt, but included in this table for completeness</p>						

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

Bonds and Notes Payable at June 30, 2017

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE General Services District (GSD)	Interest Rate	Date of Issue	Date of Final Maturity	Amount of Issue	June 30, 2017	
					Principal	Interests
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A	4.00 - 5.00	April 15, 2007	May 15, 2030	125,908,003	4,025,147	207,249
GSD G.O. Bonds, Series 2008A	4.00 - 5.00	Mar. 15, 2008	Jan. 1, 2028	174,880,073	11,787,370	589,369
GSD G.O. Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A	2.75 - 5.00	Jun.10, 2010	July 1, 2026	159,008,728	96,949,001	15,491,021
GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds Federally Taxable (BAB's), Series 2010B	5.71	Jun.10, 2010	July 1, 2034	138,046,756	138,046,756	109,748,645
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2010D	1.50 - 5.00	Sept. 21, 2010	July 1, 2024	144,150,016	98,111,160	16,306,625
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2011	2.00 - 5.00	Sept. 16, 2011	July 1, 2023	49,712,377	38,214,465	7,532,965
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	2.00 - 5.00	Jan. 20, 2012	July 1, 2025	154,956,701	140,338,465	33,208,787
GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds (QECC Federally Taxable), Series 2012	3.367	Aug. 15, 2012	Aug. 1 2027	6,440,000	6,440,000	2,276,765
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds (Taxable), Series 2012B	.320 - 2.767	Aug. 15, 2012	July 1, 2024	67,480,283	54,618,426	6,111,220
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2013	3.00 - 5.00	Feb. 21, 2012	July 1, 2027	138,755,487	134,538,871	50,083,235
GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2013A	3.00 - 5.00	May 9, 2013	Jan. 1, 2033	253,070,885	38,396,473	8,894,345
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A	5.00	Feb. 19, 2015	July 1, 2026	33,884,829	33,884,829	11,349,547
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B (Taxable)	.30 - 3.493	Feb. 19, 2015	July 1, 2029	72,314,470	69,682,134	10,468,915
GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2015C	4.00 - 5.50	Jul. 21, 2015	July 1, 2034	240,454,031	240,454,031	118,561,284
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	2.00 - 5.00	Jun.1, 2016	Jan. 1, 2033	231,949,343	227,562,055	119,383,827
GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2017	4.00 - 5.00	Feb. 2, 2017	July 1, 2036	280,675,679	280,675,679	139,007,480
Total General Obligation Bonds Payable For General Purposes				2,271,687,661	1,613,724,862	649,221,279
For School Purposes:						
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A	4.00 - 5.00	April 15, 2007	May 15, 2030	58,421,307	1,853,191	86,668
GSD G.O. Bonds, Series 2008A	4.00 - 5.00	Mar. 15, 2008	Jan. 1, 2028	95,095,340	6,409,673	320,483
GSD G. O Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A	2.75 - 5.00	Jun.10, 2010	July 1, 2026	114,567,598	70,164,908	10,703,373
GSD G. O Improvement Bonds Federally Taxable (BAB's), Series 2010B	5.71	Jun.10, 2010	July 1, 2034	70,516,649	70,516,649	56,061,487
GSD G. O Refunding Bonds, Series 2010D	1.50 - 5.00	Sept. 21, 2010	July 1, 2024	120,126,326	81,760,199	13,589,001
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2011	2.00 - 5.00	Sept. 16, 2011	July 1, 2023	32,574,740	23,082,652	4,618,081
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	2.00 - 5.00	Jan. 20, 2012	July 1, 2025	53,280,200	48,253,880	11,418,487
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds (Taxable), Series 2012B	.320 - 2.767	Aug. 15, 2012	July 1, 2024	62,161,564	50,313,460	5,629,541
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2013	3.00 - 5.00	Feb. 21, 2012	July 1, 2027	82,814,365	80,297,734	29,891,514
GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2013A	3.00 - 5.00	May 9, 2013	Jan. 1, 2033	84,932,213	12,886,103	2,984,999
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A	5.00	Feb. 19, 2015	July 1, 2026	22,804,914	22,804,914	7,638,386
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B (Taxable)	.30 - 3.493	Feb. 19, 2015	July 1, 2029	30,240,838	29,140,034	4,377,945
GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2015C	4.00 - 5.50	Jul. 21, 2015	July 1, 2034	97,563,777	97,563,777	48,106,022
GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	2.00 - 5.00	Jun.1, 2016	Jan. 1, 2033	78,790,586	77,272,429	40,458,395
GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2017	4.00 - 5.00	Feb. 2, 2017	July 1, 2036	171,785,733	171,785,733	85,078,629
Total General Obligation Bonds Payable for School Purposes				1,175,676,150	844,105,336	320,963,011
Total General Obligation Bonds Payable - General Services District				3,447,363,811	2,457,830,198	970,184,290

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

Bonds and Notes Payable at June 30, 2017

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE Urban Services District (USD)

	Interest Rate	Date of Issue	Date of Final Maturity	Amount of Issue	June 30, 2017		
					Principal	Interests	
USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A	4.00 - 5.00	April 15, 2007	May 15, 2030	2,560,690	81,662	4,081	
USD G.O. Bonds, Series 2008A	4.00 - 5.00	Mar. 15, 2008	Jan. 1, 2028	38,024,587	2,562,957	128,147	
USD G.O. Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A	2.75 - 5.00	Jun.10, 2010	July 1, 2026	22,899,473	14,318,672	1,707,337	
USD G.O. Improvement Bonds Federally Taxable (BAB's), Series 2010B	5.71	Jun.10, 2010	July 1, 2034	43,441,595	43,441,595	34,536,531	
USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2010D	1.50 - 5.00	Sept. 21, 2010	July 1, 2024	25,925,413	17,645,316	2,932,750	
USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2011	2.00 - 5.00	Sept. 16, 2011	July 1, 2023	6,688,796	6,688,796	1,317,582	
USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	2.00 - 5.00	Jan. 20, 2012	July 1, 2025	18,873,099	17,092,655	4,044,696	
USD G.O. Refunding Bonds (Taxable), Series 2012B	.320 - 2.767	Aug. 15, 2012	July 1, 2024	7,471,610	6,047,507	676,652	
USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2013	3.00 - 5.00	Feb. 21, 2012	July 1, 2027	23,915,148	23,188,395	8,632,078	
USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2013A	3.00 - 5.00	May 9, 2013	Jan. 1, 2033	30,135,613	4,572,241	1,059,136	
USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A	5.00	Feb. 19, 2015	July 1, 2026	3,040,257	3,040,257	1,018,320	
USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B (Taxable)	.30 - 3.493	Feb. 19, 2015	July 1, 2029	1,424,692	1,372,832	206,252	
USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2015C	4.00 - 5.50	Jul. 21, 2015	July 1, 2034	8,531,298	8,531,298	4,206,549	
USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	2.00 - 5.00	Jun.1, 2016	Jan. 1, 2033	27,571,610	27,051,014	14,195,006	
USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2017	4.00 - 5.00	Feb. 2, 2017	July 1, 2036	2,538,666	2,538,666	1,257,300	
Total General Obligation Bonds Payable (governmental activities)				263,042,547	178,173,863	75,922,417	
USD G.O. Improvement & Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A (1)	2.21 - 5.71	Jun.10, 2010	July 1, 2034	274,201	242,419	15,482	
USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2010D (DES)	1.50 - 5.00	Sept. 21, 2010	July 1, 2024	1,158,245	788,325	131,023	
USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 (DES)	2.00 - 5.00	Sept. 16, 2011	July 1, 2023	504,087	504,087	146,871	
District Energy System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A	2.000 - 5.000	Aug. 15, 2012	Oct. 1, 2033	47,450,000	41,255,000	17,445,125	
USD G.O. Refunding Bonds (Taxable), Series 2012B	.320 - 2.767	Aug. 15, 2012	July 1, 2024	3,231,543	2,615,607	292,659	
USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2013A	3.00 - 5.00	May 9, 2013	Jan. 1, 2033	6,526,289	990,183	229,370	
USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2015C	4.00 - 5.50	Jul. 21, 2015	July 1, 2034	685,894	685,894	338,196	
USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	2.00 - 5.00	Jun.1, 2016	Jan. 1, 2033	5,663,461	5,569,502	2,953,773	
USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2017	4.00 - 5.00	Feb. 2, 2017	July 1, 2036	539,922	539,922	267,402	
Total General Obligation Bonds Payable (business-type activities)				66,033,642	53,190,939	21,819,901	
Total General Obligation Bonds Payable - Urban Services District				329,076,189	231,364,802	97,742,318	
REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE							
Dept of Water and Sewerage Rev. Refunding Bonds of 2008A	3.250 - 5.250	Feb. 15, 2008	Jan. 1, 2022	122,530,000	71,840,000	11,620,476	
Dept of Water and Sewerage Rev. Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A	3.00 - 5.00	Dec. 9, 2010	Jul. 1, 2027	104,050,000	76,530,000	22,115,525	
Dept of Water and Sewerage Rev. Bonds Federally Taxable, Series 2010B(BABs)	6.393 - 6.568	Dec. 9, 2010	Jul. 1, 2037	135,000,000	135,000,000	139,440,547	
Dept of Water and Sewerage Rev. Bonds Federally Taxable, Series 2010C	6.693	Dec. 9, 2010	Jul. 1, 2041	75,000,000	75,000,000	114,773,906	
Dept of Water and Sewerage Rev. Refunding Bonds, Federally Taxable Series 2010D	4.255 - 4.791	Dec. 9, 2010	Jul. 1, 2018	7,610,000	7,610,000	211,986	
Dept of Water and Sewerage Rev. Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	2.00 - 5.00	Jan. 2, 2012	Jul. 1, 2025	129,625,000	112,205,000	16,864,625	
Dept of Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, Series 2013	1.89 - 5.00	Apr. 25, 2013	Jul. 1, 2033	237,930,000	237,930,000	198,196,925	
Total Revenue Bonds Payable - Department of Water and Sewerage				811,745,000	716,115,000	503,223,990	
Total Revenue Bonds Payable - Urban Services District				811,745,000	716,115,000	503,223,990	
Total Bonds Payable - Urban Services District				1,140,821,189	947,479,802	600,966,308	

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

Future Debt Service Requirements for Debt Outstanding at 06/30/17

General Obligation Debt (Debt Service Funds)

Fiscal Year	GSD Debt Service			GSD School Debt Service		
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	74,519,732	71,338,435	145,858,167	50,698,440	36,536,668	87,235,108
2019	84,467,213	68,725,676	153,192,889	55,615,214	34,830,493	90,445,707
2020	95,882,838	65,110,887	160,993,725	52,093,110	32,664,196	84,757,306
2021	100,243,882	60,921,727	161,165,609	54,164,379	30,386,286	84,550,665
2022	101,860,076	56,215,826	158,075,902	55,795,508	27,846,381	83,641,889
2023	111,169,703	51,277,489	162,447,192	54,864,400	25,282,527	80,146,927
2024	111,902,991	46,365,781	158,268,772	63,540,523	22,706,901	86,247,424
2025	113,582,557	41,358,945	154,941,502	61,750,503	20,017,607	81,768,110
2026	104,064,797	36,321,333	140,386,130	53,675,147	17,398,551	71,073,698
2027	94,500,103	31,544,707	126,044,810	47,592,512	14,958,785	62,551,297
2028	96,252,129	26,952,017	123,204,146	43,475,831	12,723,440	56,199,271
2029	69,918,152	23,057,147	92,975,299	31,580,051	10,945,800	42,525,851
2030	72,506,728	20,164,388	92,671,116	32,781,677	9,589,481	42,371,158
2031	72,748,319	16,735,716	89,484,035	32,968,364	8,041,600	41,009,964
2032	75,959,305	13,203,096	89,162,401	34,399,151	6,446,725	40,845,876
2033	79,318,168	9,510,276	88,828,444	35,894,222	4,781,224	40,675,446
2034	55,363,524	5,697,556	61,061,080	28,235,060	3,061,271	31,296,331
2035	57,668,899	3,031,750	60,700,649	29,400,424	1,711,621	31,112,045
2036	20,480,440	1,262,221	21,742,661	12,534,921	772,535	13,307,456
2037	21,315,306	426,306	21,741,612	13,045,899	260,919	13,306,818
Total	1,613,724,862	649,221,279	2,262,946,141	844,105,336	320,963,011	1,165,068,347

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

Future Debt Service Requirements for Debt Outstanding 06/30/17

General Obligation Debt (Debt Service Funds)

Fiscal Year	Water Service (USD)			USD Debt Service		
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	37,475,000	37,476,030	74,951,030	13,931,828	10,702,290	24,634,118
2019	38,225,000	35,654,524	73,879,524	13,742,573	10,062,470	23,805,043
2020	39,120,000	33,743,634	72,863,634	12,159,052	9,530,512	21,689,564
2021	40,180,000	31,823,496	72,003,496	12,736,739	8,989,356	21,726,095
2022	40,985,000	29,812,021	70,797,021	12,934,416	8,366,924	21,301,340
2023	31,780,000	27,663,509	59,443,509	13,690,897	7,738,179	21,429,076
2024	22,235,000	26,448,384	48,683,384	15,381,486	7,105,822	22,487,308
2025	15,945,000	25,539,009	41,484,009	15,256,940	6,428,311	21,685,251
2026	16,720,000	24,747,784	41,467,784	13,840,056	5,739,198	19,579,254
2027	17,545,000	23,901,434	41,446,434	14,872,385	5,044,681	19,917,066
2028	18,430,000	22,945,607	41,375,607	14,487,040	4,324,640	18,811,680
2029	19,185,000	21,945,278	41,130,278	11,361,797	3,688,924	15,050,721
2030	19,990,000	20,883,312	40,873,312	11,766,595	3,190,265	14,956,860
2031	20,905,000	19,699,453	40,604,453	12,193,317	2,605,736	14,799,053
2032	21,860,000	18,451,344	40,311,344	12,696,544	1,997,586	14,694,130
2033	22,880,000	17,135,511	40,015,511	13,232,610	1,347,814	14,580,424
2034	23,940,000	15,759,250	39,699,250	9,841,416	655,623	10,497,039
2035	25,055,000	14,319,833	39,374,833	6,780,677	205,468	6,986,145
2036	26,220,000	12,814,244	39,034,244	224,639	13,844	238,483
2037	27,445,000	11,239,340	38,684,340	233,795	4,675	238,470
2038	28,720,000	9,588,611	38,308,611			
2039	30,025,000	7,852,927	37,877,927			
2040	31,330,000	6,034,798	37,364,798			
2041	32,680,000	4,145,639	36,825,639			
2042	34,015,000	2,256,719	36,271,719			
2043	16,280,000	1,003,400	17,283,400			
2044	16,945,000	338,899	17,283,899			
	716,115,000	503,223,990	1,219,338,990	231,364,802	97,742,318	329,107,120

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

Highlights from the Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County's Debt Management Policy

The purpose of the Policy is to provide written guidance about the amount and type of debt issued, the issuance process, and the management of the debt portfolio for the Metropolitan Government.

Introduction

The Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County (the "Metropolitan Government"): (1) identifies policy goals and demonstrates a commitment to long-term financial planning; including a multi-year capital plan; (2) improves the quality of decisions; and (3) provides justification for the structure of debt issuance.

Goals & Objectives

Debt policies and procedures are tools that ensure that financial resources are adequate to meet the Metropolitan Government's long-term financing objectives. In addition, the Policy helps to ensure that financings undertaken by the Metropolitan Government satisfy certain clear objective standards which allow the Metropolitan Government to protect its financial resources in order to meet its short-term financing and long-term capital needs. The adoption of clear and comprehensive financial policies enhances the internal financial management of the Metropolitan Government.

Purpose and Use of Issuance Process

Debt is to be issued pursuant to the authority of and in full compliance with provisions, restrictions and limitations of the Charter and the Constitution and laws of the State of Tennessee (including without limitation Title 9, Chapter 21, Tennessee Code Annotated, and Title 7, Chapter 34, Tennessee Code Annotated (together, the "State Debt Statutes"), pursuant to resolutions adopted by the Metropolitan Government.

Debt Capacity Assessment

During development and consideration of a capital-spending plan, impact of the resulting debt and debt service will be evaluated to determine appropriate level of debt to the overall financial position of the Metropolitan Government. To accomplish this evaluation, a calculation of the various metrics, will be performed on existing debt as compared to projected debt resulting from capital-spending plan. An analysis of historical financial trends and current and projected economic factors will be considered in evaluation of the appropriate level of debt to be approved in a capital-spending plan.

Federal Tax Status

1. **Tax-Exempt Debt** – The Metropolitan Government will use its best efforts to maximize the amount of debt sold under this policy using tax-exempt interest financing.
2. **Taxable Debt** – The Metropolitan Government will sell taxable debt when necessary to finance projects not eligible to be financed with tax-exempt debt.

Legal Limitation on the Use of Debt

1. No Debt obligation, except as shall be repaid with the fiscal year of issuance, shall be sold to fund the current operation of any Metropolitan Government service or program.
2. The proceeds of any debt obligation shall be expended only for the purpose for which it was authorized.
3. Debt may only be issued pursuant to an authorized resolution of the Metropolitan Council.

Types of Debt

A. Bonds

Security- Pursuant to State Debt Statutes, the Metropolitan Government may issue general obligation bonds, which are direct general obligations of the Metropolitan Government -payable as to both principal and interest from any funds or monies of the Metropolitan Government from whatever source derived. The full faith and credit of the Metropolitan Government is pledged to the payment of principal of and interest on all general obligations bonds. General obligation bonds may be additionally secured by a pledge of the revenues of one or more revenue-producing systems or facilities. Pursuant to State Debt Statutes, the Metropolitan Government may issue revenue bonds, which are limited obligations of the Metropolitan Government, payable solely from the revenues of one or more revenue-producing systems or facilities.

B. Short Term Debt

Pending the issuance of bonds to provide long-term financing, the Metropolitan Government may issue short term debt. Such debt shall be authorized by resolution of the Metropolitan Government.

These notes may be structured as:

- Bond Anticipation Notes
- Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes
- Capital Outlay Notes

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

Debt Management Structure

The Metropolitan Government shall establish all terms and conditions relating to the issuance of bonds, and will invest all bond proceeds pursuant to the terms of the Metropolitan Government's Investment Policy.

- A. Term.** The term of any debt (including refunding debt) used to purchase or otherwise obtain or construct any equipment, goods, or structures shall have a reasonably anticipated lifetime of use equal to or less than the average useful life of the project.
- B. Debt Service Structure.** Debt issuance shall be planned to achieve substantially level debt service over a twenty year period (commencing immediately following the third year after issuance) unless otherwise specified in the authorizing resolution of the Metropolitan Council.
- C. Call Provisions.** When issuing new debt, the structure may include a call provision that occurs no later than ten years from the date of delivery of the bonds. Call features should be structured to provide the maximum flexibility relative to cost.
- D. Original Issuance Discount/Premium.** Bonds sold with original issuance discount/premium are permitted with the approval of the Metropolitan Council.

Balloon Debt

A. Introduction

The Metropolitan Government may, from time to time, consider the issuance of bonds that would now constitute "balloon indebtedness," as defined by Tennessee Code Annotated Section 9-21-134. Generally speaking, balloon indebtedness reduces the Metropolitan Government's future capacity to issue debt and its financial flexibility to meet future needs. The Metropolitan Government's preference is for the issuance of indebtedness that does not constitute balloon indebtedness, all in a manner consistent with this Debt Management Policy, and in the best interest of the Metropolitan Government and its taxpayers or ratepayers (as applicable).

B. Policy

It is the policy of the Metropolitan Government that the Metropolitan Government will strive to issue all-future debt to provide funding for capital projects ("improvement bonds") with a principal amortization structure that does not constitute balloon indebtedness.

It is further the policy of the Metropolitan Government to maintain at all times a plan for managing any outstanding balloon indebtedness to mitigate its effects on the Metropolitan Government's future debt capacity

and financial flexibility, taking into consideration the financial resources of the Metropolitan Government.

C. Issuance of Balloon Indebtedness

Unless the Metropolitan Council concludes, through the procedures outlined in (2) below, that a balloon indebtedness structure is in the public interest, all future improvement bonds will be structured so that principal amortizes in a manner that results in level or declining debt service, commencing no later than the fourth year following issuance.

D. Debt Affordability

The Metropolitan Government will manage any outstanding balloon indebtedness in a manner that mitigates its effects on the Metropolitan Government's future revenues by considering the following options, within its financial resources:

- Restructuring debt with accelerated amortization
- Early repayment of debt
- Delaying of capital projects, or funding capital projects with revenues, until capacity is available to issue debt structured with level or declining payments
- Such other actions available within its financial capacity to manage debt.

Refinancing Outstanding Debt

The Department of Finance and the Metropolitan Government's Financial Advisor shall have the responsibility to analyze outstanding bond issues for refunding opportunities. The Financial Advisor will regularly conduct an analysis of all refunding candidates to identify potential refunding candidates from the outstanding bond maturities. The Metropolitan Government will consider the following issues when analyzing possible refunding opportunities:

- Debt Service Savings
- Term of Refunding Bonds
- Bond Restructuring
- Escrow Structuring

Methods of Sale

Pursuant to State Debt Statutes, new money general obligation bonds must be sold at competitive sale. State Debt Statutes permit the Metropolitan Government to determine the method of sale for refunding bonds and revenue bonds. Following each sale of bonds, the Finance Department with the assistance of the Financial Advisor shall provide a report to the Metropolitan Council on the results of the sale.

- Competitive Sale
- Negotiated Sale
- Private Placement

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

Selection of Underwriting Team (Negotiated Transaction)

If there is an underwriter, the Metropolitan Government shall require the underwriter to clearly identify itself in writing, whether in a response to a request for proposals or in promotional materials provided to the Metropolitan Government or otherwise, as an underwriter and not as a financial advisor from the earliest stages of its relationship with the Metropolitan Government with respect to that issue. The underwriter must clarify its primary role as a purchaser of securities in an arm's-length commercial transaction and that it has financial and other interests that differ from those of the Metropolitan Government. The underwriter in a publicly offered, negotiated sale shall be required to provide pricing information both as to interest rates and to takedown per maturity to the Metropolitan Government or its designated official in advance of the pricing of the debt.

Credit Quality

The Metropolitan Government's debt management activities will be conducted to receive the highest credit ratings possible, consistent with Metropolitan Government's financing objectives.

Credit Enhancements

The Metropolitan Government will consider the use of credit enhancements on a case-by-case basis, evaluating the economic benefit versus the cost. Only when clearly demonstrable savings can be shown shall an enhancement- be utilized. The Metropolitan Government may consider each of the following enhancements as alternatives by evaluating the cost and benefit of such enhancements:

- Bond Insurance
- Letters of Credit
- Liquidity
- Use of Structured Products

Risk Assessment

The Finance Department will evaluate each transaction to assess the types and amounts of risk associated with that transaction, considering all available means to mitigate those risks. The Finance Department will evaluate all proposed transactions for consistency with the objectives and constraints defined in this Policy.

Transparency

The Metropolitan Government shall comply with the Tennessee Open Meetings Act, providing adequate public notice of meetings and specifying on the agenda when matters related to debt issuance will be considered. Additionally all costs (including interest, issuance, continuing, and one-time) shall be disclosed to the citizens in a timely manner (see also Federal Regulatory Compliance and Continuing Disclosure)

Professional Services

The Metropolitan Government requires all professionals engaged to assist in the process of issuing debt to clearly disclose all compensation and consideration received related to services provided in the debt issuance process by the Metropolitan Government. This includes "soft" costs or compensations in lieu of direct payments.

Potential Conflicts of Interest

Professionals involved in a debt transaction hired or compensated by the Metropolitan Government shall be required to disclose to the Metropolitan Government existing client and business relationships between and among the professionals to a transaction (including but not limited to financial advisor, swap advisor, bond counsel, swap counsel, trustee, paying agent, underwriter, counterparty, and remarketing agent), as well as conduit issuers, sponsoring organizations and program administrators and other issuers whom they may serve. This disclosure shall include that information reasonably sufficient to allow the Metropolitan Government to appreciate the significance of the relationships.

Debt Administration

A. Planning for Sale

Prior to submitting a bond resolution to the Metropolitan Council for approval, the Finance Department, with the assistance of the Financial Advisor, will present to the Metropolitan Council the purpose of the financing, the estimated amount of financing, the proposed structure of the financing, the proposed method of sale for the financing, members of the proposed financing team, and an estimate of all the costs associated with the financing.

In the case of a proposed refunding, proposed use of credit enhancement, or proposed use of variable rate debt, the Finance Department will present the rationale for using the proposed debt structure, an estimate of the expected savings associated with the transaction and a discussion of the potential risks associated with the proposed structure.

The Finance Department, bond counsel, financial advisor, along with other members of the financing team will prepare a Preliminary Official Statement describing the transaction and the security for the debt that is fully compliant with all legal requirements.

B. Post Sale

The Finance Department will present a post-sale report to the members of the Metropolitan Council describing the transaction and setting forth all the costs associated with the transaction.

The financial advisor will provide a closing memorandum with written instructions on transfer and flow of funds.

90 Debt Service Funds-At a Glance

B. Post Sale (cont.)

The Finance Department will establish guidelines and procedures for tracking the flow of all bond proceeds, as defined by the Internal Revenue Code, over the life of bonds reporting to the IRS all arbitrage earnings associated with the financing and any tax liability that may be owed.

The Finance Department, bond counsel, financial advisor, along with other members of the financing team will prepare an Official Statement describing the transaction and the security for the debt that is fully compliant with all legal requirements.

Federal Regulatory Compliance and Continuing Disclosure

A. Federal Tax Compliance

The Metropolitan Government has adopted Federal Tax Compliance Policies and Procedures regarding the administration of all of its tax-exempt and tax-advantaged debt. The Finance Department will comply with these Federal Tax Compliance Policies and Procedures, as they may be amended from time to time.

B. Investment of Proceeds

Any proceeds or other funds available will be deposited with the Metropolitan Treasurer's Office. . The proceeds must be invested pursuant to the Metropolitan Government's investment policy and applicable provisions of State law.

C. Disclosure

In complying with U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12, the Metropolitan Government will timely provide to EMMA certain financial information and operating data each year, and will provide notice of certain enumerated events with respect to the bonds, if material.

D. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

The Metropolitan Government will prepare its financial reports in accordance with the standard accounting practices adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and with the accounting policies established by the Finance Department when applicable.