## **Underground Sand Filter**



**Description**: Design variant of the sand filter, located in an underground vault.

**Variations**: Surface Sand filter (PTP-04), Perimeter Sand filter (PTP-13)

Selection Criteria:

#### Components:

Underground vault with three chambers

- (1) Sedimentation chamber
- (2) Filter chamber with protective screen and perforated drain system to third chamber
- (3) Overflow/outlet chamber

#### Advantages/Benefits:

- High sediment trapping capability
- Additional pollutant removal as a result of sediment removal
- Precast concrete shells available, which decrease construction costs

## **Disadvantages/Limitations:**

- Intended for space-limited applications
- High maintenance requirements

#### **Design considerations:**

- Drains highly impervious areas, usually 1 acre or less
- Provide maintenance access to chambers
- Underground chamber must be water tight. Openings must be 1/16<sup>th</sup> inch or smaller to prevent mosquito intrusion

# Water Quality 80 % TSS Removal **Accepts Hotspot** Runoff Residential Subdivision High Density / Ultra Urban Use Maintenance: Monitor water level in sand filter chamber. Sedimentation chamber should be cleaned out when the sediment depth reaches 12 inches. Remove accumulated oil and

 Remove accumulated oil and floatables in sedimentation chamber.

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#### Maintenance Burden

L = Low M = Moderate H = High

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As-Built Certification Considerations	An as-built certification conducted by a registered Professional Engineer must be performed and submitted to Metro. The as-built certification verifies that the BMP was installed as designed and approved.
Maintenance	<ul> <li>Each BMP must have an Operations and Maintenance (O&amp;M) Agreement that is submitted to Metro for approval and is maintained and updated by the BMP owner. Refer to Volume 1 Appendix C for the Operation and Maintenance Agreement for sand filters, as well as an inspection checklist. The O&amp;M Agreement must be completed and submitted to Metro with site plans. The developer/owner is responsible for the cost of maintenance and annual inspections. The BMP owner must maintain and update the BMP operations and maintenance plan. At a minimum, the operations and maintenance plan must address:</li> <li>1. Monitor water level in sand filter chamber.</li> <li>2. Sedimentation chamber should be cleaned out when the sediment depth reaches 12 inches.</li> <li>3. Remove accumulated oil and floatables in sedimentation chamber.</li> <li>4. Replace filter media when temporary pool is maintained for 40 hours following design storm (FHWA).</li> </ul>
Design Procedures	Consult design criteria for perimeter sand filter (PTP-13) for sizing and design steps.

## **ACTIVITY:** Underground Sand Filter



Volume 4: Stormwater Best Management Practices-Permanent Treatment Management Practices

## ACTIVITY: Underground Sand Filter

#### References

ARC, 2001. Georgia Stormwater Management Manual Volume 2 Technical Handbook.

Center for Watershed Protection, Accessed July 2005. Stormwater Manager's Resource Center. <u>Manual Builder. *www.stormwatercenter.net*</u>.

Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, Accessed January 2006. <u>Minnesota Stormwater Manual.</u> <u>http://www.pca.state.mn.us/water/stormwater/stormwater-manual.html</u>

## **Suggested Reading**

Bell, W., L. Stokes, L.J. Gavan, and T. Nguyen. 1995. Assessment of the Pollutant Removal Efficiencies of Delaware Sand Filter BMPs. City of Alexandria, Department of Transportation and Environmental Services, Alexandria, VA.

Claytor, R.A., and T.R. Schueler. 1996. Design of Stormwater Filtering Systems. The Center for Watershed Protection, Silver Spring, MD.

US EPA, 1999. <u>Storm Water Technology Fact Sheet: Sand Filters. EPA 832-F-99-007</u>. Office of Water.

Horner, R.R., and C.R. Horner. 1995. Design, Construction, and Evaluation of a Sand Filter Stormwater Treatment System. Part II: Performance Monitoring. Report to Alaska Marine Lines, Seattle, WA.

Schueler, T.R. 1994. Developments in Sand Filter Technology to Improve Stormwater Runoff Quality. Watershed Protection Techniques 1(2):47-54.

Young, G.K., S. Stein, P. Cole, T. Kammer, F. Graziano, and F. Bank. 1996. Evaluation and Management of Highway Runoff Water Quality. FHWA-PD-96-032. Federal Highway Administration, Office of Environment and Planning.