

- 1 Leaves evergreen. See (2)
- 1a Leaves deciduous. See (3)
- 2 Leaves scale-like or needle-like, leaves and wood aromatic; fruit (on female trees only) a bluish berry-like cone...... EASTERN RED CEDAR <u>Juniperus virginiana</u>
- 2a Leaves broader with sharp teeth, not aromatic; fruit a red berry (female)....AMERICAN HOLLY Ilex opaca
- 3 Leaf scars and buds alternate. See (4)
- 3a Leaf scars and buds opposite. See (38)
- 4 Twigs with thorns or spines. See (5)
- 4a Twigs without thorns or spines. See (9)
- 5 Terminal bud true. See (6)
- 5a Terminal bud false. See (7)
- 6 Thorns short and scattered all over twig; some in rows beneath leaf scar, leaf scar almost encircles very stout twig, many bundle scars......HERCULES CLUB <u>Aralia spinosa</u>
- 6a Thorns long and located at nodes; leaf scar small and beneath the bud, 3 bundle scars...... HAWTHORN <u>Crataegus sp</u>.
- 8 Thorns located only at nodes and beside the bud; thorns never branched; branches may have knobby spur shootsOSAGE ORANGE Maclura pomifera
- 8a Thorns located between nodes and not beside buds; thorns typically branched, red and may be very large; lateral buds tiny, often hidden by leaf scar......HONEY LOCUST <u>Gleditsia triacanthus</u>
- 9 Terminal bud true. See (10)
- 9a Terminal bud false. See (20)
- 10 Twigs green and smooth; leaf scars half-round, with a straight top, and a raised, jagged edge; bundle scar appears as one line; twigs aromatic.....SASSAFRAS <u>Sassafras albidum</u>
 10a Twigs otherwise. See (11)
- 11 Bundle scars 3. See (12)
- 11a Bundle scars more than 3, or many scars clustered so that it looks like 3 distinct groups. See (15)
- Pith diaphramed; leaf scar heart-shaped terminal bud about 1/4 inch long and acute with lateral buds divergent; several reddish-brown, smooth bud scales.....BLACK GUM <u>Nyssa sylvatica</u>
 Pith continuous. See (13)
- Buds without scales; buds yellowish-brown, wooly; terminal bud elongated; side buds ovoid; twig with rank odor when crushed.....CAROLINA BUCKTHORN <u>Rhamnus caroliniana</u>
 Buds with scales. See (14)

WINTER TWIG KEY

- 1 Leaves evergreen. See (2)
- 1a Leaves deciduous. See (3)
- 2 Leaves scale-like or needle-like, leaves and wood aromatic; fruit (on female trees only) a bluish berry-like cone...... EASTERN RED CEDAR <u>Juniperus virginiana</u>
- 2a Leaves broader with sharp teeth, not aromatic; fruit a red berry (female)....AMERICAN HOLLY llex opaca
- 3 Leaf scars and buds alternate. See (4)
- 3a Leaf scars and buds opposite. See (38)
- 4 Twigs with thorns or spines. See (5)
- 4a Twigs without thorns or spines. See (9)
- 5 Terminal bud true. See (6)
- 5a Terminal bud false. See (7)
- 6 Thorns short and scattered all over twig; some in rows beneath leaf scar, leaf scar almost encircles very stout twig, many bundle scars......HERCULES CLUB <u>Aralia spinosa</u>
- 6a Thorns long and located at nodes; leaf scar small and beneath the bud, 3 bundle scars......HAWTHORN <u>Crataegus sp</u>.
- 7 Thorns in pairs; thorns broad-based; buds appear sunken under the bark (some twigs on mature trees may be thornless)
 7a Thorns singular See (8)
- 7a Thorns singular. See (8)
- 8 Thorns located only at nodes and beside the bud; thorns never branched; branches may have knobby spur shootsOSAGE ORANGE <u>Maclura pomifera</u>
- 8a Thorns located between nodes and not beside buds; thorns typically branched, red and may be very large; lateral buds tiny, often hidden by leaf scar......HONEY LOCUST <u>Gleditsia triacanthus</u>
- 9 Terminal bud true. See (10)
- 9a Terminal bud false. See (20)
- 10 Twigs green and smooth; leaf scars half-round, with a straight top, and a raised, jagged edge; bundle scar appears as one line; twigs aromatic.....SASSAFRAS <u>Sassafras albidum</u>
 10a Twigs otherwise. See (11)
- 11 Bundle scars 3. See (12)
- 11a Bundle scars more than 3, or many scars clustered so that it looks like 3 distinct groups. See (15)
- Pith diaphramed; leaf scar heart-shaped terminal bud about 1/4 inch long and acute with lateral buds divergent; several reddish-brown, smooth bud scales.....BLACK GUM <u>Nyssa sylvatica</u>
 Pith continuous. See (13)
- Buds without scales; buds yellowish-brown, wooly; terminal bud elongated; side buds ovoid; twig with rank odor when crushed.....CAROLINA BUCKTHORN <u>Rhamnus caroliniana</u>
 Buds with scales. See (14)

- 14 Terminal bud ¹/₂" 1" long and sticky-gummy; stipule scar present; leaf scars not crowded; side buds visible..... COTTONWOOD <u>Populus deltoides</u>
- 14a Terminal bud less than ½" long, not gummy; bud scales very shiny and smooth, leaf scars often crowded on spur-like branches, side buds not always visible.....

.....SWEETGUM Liquidambar styraciflua

- 15 Pith diaphragmed or chambered See (16)
- 15a Pith continuous. See (18)
- 16 Pith chambered; stout twig with large heart-shaped or three-lobed leaf scars; bundle scars loosely clustered in 3 groups; bud scales gray-wooly.....BLACK WALNUT <u>Juglans nigra</u>
- 16a Pith diaphragmed. See (17)
- 17 Stipule scar present, encircling the twig; leaf scar nearly circular with many scattered bundle scars; buds smooth, flattened, 2-scaled (valvate)......TULIP POPLAR Liriodendron tulipifera
- 17a Stipule scar absent; slender twig with rusty, pubescent, fuzzy buds; flower buds round and fuzzy; leaf scar horseshoe-shaped with 5 or 7 bundle scars.....PAWPAW <u>Asimina triloba</u>
- 18 Buds clustered at tips of twigs; if appearing clustered then not bright yellow; bud scales numerous; bundle scars numerous, twig without strong odor..... OAKS <u>Quercus</u>

KEY TO THE OAKS

- a Twigs hairy. See (b) aa Twigs smooth. See (c)
- b End buds over 1/8 inch long, most are longer than wide, brown or gray in color, and hairyBLACKJACK OAK <u>Quercus marilandica</u>
- bb End buds less than 1/8 inch long, plump, about as long as wide, reddish in color and hairyPOST OAK <u>Quercus stellata</u>
- c End buds dark red at base with white hairs at the tips, 1/8—1/4 inch long, round and blunt, not usually angular; twigs reddish.....SCARLET OAK <u>Quercus coccinea</u>
 cc End buds otherwise. See (d)
- d Twigs 1/8 inch or less in diameter See (e) dd Twigs more than 1/8 inch in diameter See (f)
- e Twigs dark reddish brown; ends buds tiny, less than 1/8 inch long; scales red-brown, hairy......WILLOW OAK <u>Quercus phellos</u>
- ee Twigs gray brown; largest ends buds over 1/8 inch long; scales reddish with well defined, darker margins......SHINGLE OAK <u>Quercus imbricaria</u>
- f End buds more red than brown or gray. See (g)
- ff End buds brown or gray. See (i)
- g Twigs and branches with short, stubby, stiff, pin-like side branches, dark brown; buds reddish with darker margins......PIN OAK <u>Quercus palustris</u>
- gg Twigs and branches without short, stubby, stiff, pin-like side branches See (h)

- 14 Terminal bud ¹/₂" 1" long and sticky-gummy; stipule scar present; leaf scars not crowded; side buds visible..... COTTONWOOD <u>Populus deltoides</u>
- 14a Terminal bud less than ½" long, not gummy; bud scales very shiny and smooth, leaf scars often crowded on spur-like branches, side buds not always visible.....

.....SWEETGUM Liquidambar styraciflua

- 15 Pith diaphragmed or chambered See (16)
- 15a Pith continuous. See (18)
- 16 Pith chambered; stout twig with large heart-shaped or three-lobed leaf scars; bundle scars loosely clustered in 3 groups; bud scales gray-wooly.....BLACK WALNUT <u>Juglans nigra</u>
- 16a Pith diaphragmed. See (17)
- 17 Stipule scar present, encircling the twig; leaf scar nearly circular with many scattered bundle scars; buds smooth, flattened, 2-scaled (valvate)......TULIP POPLAR Liriodendron tulipifera
- 17a Stipule scar absent; slender twig with rusty, pubescent, fuzzy buds; flower buds round and fuzzy; leaf scar horseshoe-shaped with 5 or 7 bundle scars.....PAWPAW <u>Asimina triloba</u>
- 18 Buds clustered at tips of twigs; if appearing clustered then not bright yellow; bud scales numerous; bundle scars numerous, twig without strong odor..... OAKS <u>Quercus</u>

KEY TO THE OAKS

a Twigs hairy. See (b) aa Twigs smooth. See (c)

- b End buds over 1/8 inch long, most are longer than wide, brown or gray in color, and hairyBLACKJACK OAK <u>Quercus marilandica</u>
- bb End buds less than 1/8 inch long, plump, about as long as wide, reddish in color and hairyPOST OAK <u>Quercus stellata</u>
- c End buds dark red at base with white hairs at the tips, 1/8—1/4 inch long, round and blunt, not usually angular; twigs reddish.....SCARLET OAK <u>Quercus coccinea</u>
 cc End buds otherwise. See (d)

d Twigs 1/8 inch or less in diameter See (e)

- dd Twigs more than 1/8 inch in diameter See (f)
- e Twigs dark reddish brown; ends buds tiny, less than 1/8 inch long; scales red-brown, hairy......WILLOW OAK <u>Quercus phellos</u>
- ee Twigs gray brown; largest ends buds over 1/8 inch long; scales reddish with well defined, darker margins......SHINGLE OAK <u>Quercus imbricaria</u>
- f End buds more red than brown or gray. See (g)
- ff End buds brown or gray. See (i)
- g Twigs and branches with short, stubby, stiff, pin-like side branches, dark brown; buds reddish with darker margins......PIN OAK <u>Quercus palustris</u>
- gg Twigs and branches without short, stubby, stiff, pin-like side branches See (h)

- h Buds tiny, less than 1/8 inch long, red, round and blunt; twigs red in color especially at the tips......WHITE OAK <u>Quercus alba</u>
- hh Buds larger than 1/8 inch long, plump; scales with fine hairs along edges; twigs only slightly red on one side (the side exposed to the sun)......NORTHERN RED OAK <u>Quercus rubra</u>
- i Largest end buds densely hairy, over 1/4 inch long, velvety, gray in color, thick and plump; twigs dark brown or reddish brown in color.....BLACK OAK <u>Quercus velutina</u>
- ii Largest end buds not densely hairy See (j)
- j Most end buds flanked by persistent stipules; twigs very light gray; many twigs and young branches with corky wings or ridges; buds light gray with short, dense hairs
 BUR OAK <u>Quercus macrocarpa</u>
 jj Most end buds not flanked by persistent stipules See (k)
- k Largest end buds more than 1/4 inch long, silky hairy; scales brown with paler margins;
- CHESTNUT OAK Quercus montana

kk Largest end buds just ¼ inch or less See (I)

- I Twigs gray to gray brown; buds light brown to grayish, angular, pointed but fairly plump, glabrousSHUMARD OAK <u>Quercus shumardii</u>
- II Twigs yellow brown to orange brown, glabrous; buds red brown to orange brown, less angular; scales with paler margins......CHINKAPIN OAK <u>Quercus muhlenbergii</u>
- 18a Buds not clustered at tips of twig, or if appearing clustered then also bright yellow. See (19)
- 19 Stipule scars present, almost encircling twig; buds many-scaled, smooth, reddish brown, long and very pointed; leaves often persistent......AMERICAN BEECH <u>Fagus grandifolia</u>
- 19a Stipule scars absent; large heart-shaped leaf scar with clusters of small bundle scars; end bud larger than side buds......HICKORIES <u>Carya</u>
 - KEY TO THE HICKORIES
 - a End buds bright yellow, fuzzy, appearing naked, without distinct scales.BITTERNUT HICKORY <u>Carya cordiformis</u>
 - aa End buds otherwise. See (b)
 - b End buds 1/4 5/8 inch long, round, not hairy. Scales with sparse resin dotsPIGNUT HICKORY <u>Carya glabra</u>
 - bb End buds otherwise. See (c)
 - c Largest end buds 1/2 3/4 inch long; outer, red-brown scales shed early exposing inner, buff colored, silky scales; twigs reddish-brown and pubescentMOCKERNUT HICKORY Carya tomentosa
 - cc Largest end buds 3/4 inch or longer; outer scales persistent. See (d)
 - d Twigs dark reddish brown; largest end buds 3/4 inch or less; bark shaggy with long, curly stripsSHAGBARK HICKORY <u>Carya ovata</u>
 - dd Twigs orange-brown to buff; largest end buds quite large 3/4 1 inch; bark also shaggySHELLBARK HICKORY Carya laciniosa
- 20 Bundle scars one, or several scars forming one continuous line. See (21)
- 20a Bundle scars more than one. See (22)

- h Buds tiny, less than 1/8 inch long, red, round and blunt; twigs red in color especially at the tips......WHITE OAK <u>Quercus alba</u>
- hh Buds larger than 1/8 inch long, plump; scales with fine hairs along edges; twigs only slightly red on one side (the side exposed to the sun)......NORTHERN RED OAK <u>Quercus rubra</u>
- i Largest end buds densely hairy, over 1/4 inch long, velvety, gray in color, thick and plump; twigs dark brown or reddish brown in color.....BLACK OAK <u>Quercus velutina</u> ii Largest and buds not densely bring. See (i)
- ii Largest end buds not densely hairy See (j)
- j Most end buds flanked by persistent stipules; twigs very light gray; many twigs and young branches with corky wings or ridges; buds light gray with short, dense hairsBUR OAK <u>Quercus macrocarpa</u>
- jj Most end buds not flanked by persistent stipules See (k)

- II Twigs yellow brown to orange brown, glabrous; buds red brown to orange brown, less angular; scales with paler margins.......CHINKAPIN OAK <u>Quercus muhlenbergii</u>
- 18a Buds not clustered at tips of twig, or if appearing clustered then also bright yellow. See (19)
- 19 Stipule scars present, almost encircling twig; buds many-scaled, smooth, reddish brown, long and very pointed; leaves often persistent......AMERICAN BEECH <u>Fagus grandifolia</u>
- 19a Stipule scars absent; large heart-shaped leaf scar with clusters of small bundle scars; end bud larger than side buds......HICKORIES <u>Carya</u>

KEY TO THE HICKORIES

- a End buds bright yellow, fuzzy, appearing naked, without distinct scales.
 - BITTERNUT HICKORY Carya cordiformis
- aa End buds otherwise. See (b)
- b End buds 1/4 5/8 inch long, round, not hairy. Scales with sparse resin dotsPIGNUT HICKORY <u>Carya glabra</u>
- bb End buds otherwise. See (c)
- Largest end buds 1/2 3/4 inch long; outer, red-brown scales shed early exposing inner, buff colored, silky scales; twigs reddish-brown and pubescentMOCKERNUT HICKORY Carya tomentosa
- cc Largest end buds 3/4 inch or longer; outer scales persistent. See (d)
- d Twigs dark reddish brown; largest end buds 3/4 inch or less; bark shaggy with long, curly stripsSHAGBARK HICKORY <u>Carya ovata</u>
- dd Twigs orange-brown to buff; largest end buds quite large 3/4 1 inch; bark also shaggySHELLBARK HICKORY Carya laciniosa
- 20 Bundle scars one, or several scars forming one continuous line. See (21)
- 20a Bundle scars more than one. See (22)

21	Pith diaphragmed; twigs dark brownish-gray; buds smooth, black, pointed, with 2 overlapping scales; bundle scar not raisedPERSIMMON <u>Diospyros virginiana</u> Pith continuous; twigs red or reddish-brown; bundle scar raised; buds reddish, smooth, ovoid, and blunt-endedSOURWOOD <u>Oxydendrum arboretum</u>		
21a			
22 22a	Twigs with more than one bud above some or all leaf scars. See (23) Twigs otherwise. See (26)		
23 23a	Accessory buds above or below side buds. See (24) Accessory buds on one or both sides of the side bud; orange to reddish brown twig with light, round lenticels; leaf scar oval; pith brownAMERICAN PLUM <u>Prunus americana</u>		
24 24a	Side buds sunken under the bark; stout twigs with large triangular leaf scars; 3-5 bundle scars; large salmon-pink, continuous pithKENTUCKY COFFEE TREE <u>Gymnocladus dioicus</u> Side buds visible, not sunken under bark. See (25)		
25 25a	Leaf scar almost encircling bud; buds velvety-brown; twigs reddish and dotted with lenticels; 5 bundle scarsYELLOWWOOD <u>Cladrastis lutea</u> Leaf scar beneath the bud; buds black; leaf scars with raised sides, twigs zig-zag; flower buds (when present) often grouped; many scaled, swollen, and stalkedREDBUD <u>Cercis canadensis</u>		
26 26a	Bundle scars 3. See (27) Bundle scars more than 3. See (33)		
27	Pith chambered at the nodes and white; slender twig with many pale lenticels HACKBERRY Celtis occidentalis		
27a	Pith continuous. See (28)		
28 28a	Leaf scar nearly encircling twig; slender yellowish-brown twig with rank odor; fruits often persistentHOP-TREE <u>Ptelea trifoliate</u> Leaf scar otherwise. See (29)		
29 29a	Buds with one cap-like scale; twigs shiny, reddish-brown; stipule scars evident BLACK WILLOW <u>Salix nigra</u> Buds with more than one scale. See (30)		
30	Bud scales arranged in 2 vertical rows and imbricateELMS <u>Ulmus</u> KEY TO THE ELMS		
	a Twigs with corky ridges, gray-brown in colorWINGED ELM <u>Ulmus alata</u>		
aa Twigs otherwise. See (b)			
	b Twigs very rough-hairy and gray, buds red and hairySLIPPERY ELM <u>Ulmus rubra</u> bb Twigs without hairs (mostly), buds smooth and brown with dark edges AMERICAN ELM <u>Ulmus americana</u>		
	*SEPTEMBER ELM <u>Ulmus serotina</u> is difficult to distinguish with just twigs; they may be winged like WINGED ELM but red-brown in color; mature trees bloom in fall, seed stalks persist		
302	Bud scales otherwise See (31)		

30a	Bud scales otherwise.	See (31)

Pith continuous; twigs red or reddish-brown; bundle scar raised; buds reddish, 21a smooth, ovoid, and blunt-ended......SOURWOOD Oxydendrum arboretum 22 Twigs with more than one bud above some or all leaf scars. See (23) Twigs otherwise. See (26) 22a 23 Accessory buds above or below side buds. See (24) Accessory buds on one or both sides of the side bud; orange to reddish brown twig 23a with light, round lenticels; leaf scar oval; pith brown.....AMERICAN PLUM Prunus americana Side buds sunken under the bark; stout twigs with large triangular leaf scars; 3-5 bundle scars; 24 large salmon-pink, continuous pith......KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE Gymnocladus dioicus Side buds visible, not sunken under bark. See (25) 24a Leaf scar almost encircling bud; buds velvety-brown; twigs reddish and dotted with lenticels; 25 5 bundle scars.....YELLOWWOOD Cladrastis lutea Leaf scar beneath the bud; buds black; leaf scars with raised sides, twigs zig-zag; flower buds 25a (when present) often grouped; many scaled, swollen, and stalked.....REDBUD Cercis canadensis 26 Bundle scars 3. See (27) 26a Bundle scars more than 3. See (33) 27 Pith chambered at the nodes and white; slender twig with many pale lenticelsHACKBERRY Celtis occidentalis Pith continuous. See (28) 27a 28 Leaf scar nearly encircling twig; slender yellowish-brown twig with rank odor; fruits often persistent......HOP-TREE Ptelea trifoliate Leaf scar otherwise. See (29) 28a Buds with one cap-like scale; twigs shiny, reddish-brown; stipule scars evident.... 29BLACK WILLOW Salix nigra Buds with more than one scale. See (30) 29a 30 Bud scales arranged in 2 vertical rows and imbricate......ELMS Ulmus **KEY TO THE ELMS** a Twigs with corky ridges, gray-brown in color.....WINGED ELM Ulmus alata aa Twigs otherwise. See (b) b Twigs very rough-hairy and gray, buds red and hairy.....SLIPPERY ELM Ulmus rubra bb Twigs without hairs (mostly), buds smooth and brown with dark edges... AMERICAN ELM Ulmus americana *SEPTEMBER ELM Ulmus serotina is difficult to distinguish with just twigs; they may be winged like WINGED ELM but red-brown in color; mature trees bloom in fall, seed stalks persist 30a Bud scales otherwise. See (31)

Pith diaphragmed; twigs dark brownish-gray; buds smooth, black, pointed, with 2

Diospyros virginiana

overlapping scales; bundle scar not raised......PERSIMMON

21

- 31 Twigs with acrid smell when scratched; slender reddish-brown, smooth twig with very evident lenticels...BLACK CHERRY <u>Prunus serotina</u>
- 31a Twigs otherwise. See (32)
- 32 Bud scales minutely grooved and with green edges; slender, orange-brown twig; buds ovoid and orange-brown; bark of tree finely shaggy....HOP-HORNBEAM <u>Ostrya virginica</u>
- 32a Bud scales smooth; slender zig-zag reddish-brown twig; buds acute and reddish brown; bark of trunk blue-gray, smooth, sinewy.....AMERICAN HORNBEAM <u>Carpinus caroliniana</u>
- Lateral buds entirely hidden by leaf scars, and flower buds clustered in dense spikes at the tips of twigs; twigs very aromatic, brown, smooth......FRAGRANT SUMAC <u>Rhus aromatica</u>
 Lateral buds evident and flower buds (when present) otherwise. See (34)
- 34 Twigs and buds densely hairy, buds without scales; leaf scar U-shaped and almost encircling
- the bud, dead terminal twig often persistent in winter....STAGHORN SUMAC <u>Rhus typhina</u> 34a Twigs and buds otherwise. See (35)
- 35 Pith large, round, and brown; stout twig with large, heart-shaped leaf scar, many bundle scars; twig scar very evident.....AILANTHUS <u>Ailanthus altissima</u>
- 35a Pith otherwise. See (36)
- Stipule scar encircling twig; one cap-like bud scale; buds conical and divergent; leaf scar almost completely surrounding the budSYCAMORE <u>Plantanus occidentalis</u>
 Stipule scar otherwise. See (37)
- 37 Bud scales 2 or 3; twigs often zig-zag, greenish or reddish; leaf scar half-round with scattered bundle scars; buds dark red; pith feels slimy when exposedAMERICAN BASSWOOD Tilia americana
- 37a Bud scales more than 2 or 3; twigs zig-zag, gray-brown; leaf scar round and concave; many scattered bundle scars; bud scales greenish with dark edges...RED MULBERRY Morus rubra
- 38 Terminal bud false. See (39)
- 38a Terminal bud true. See (42)
- Stipule scars prominent; twigs dotted with lenticels; leaf scars half-round with 3-7 bundle scars; buds with 2-4 scales; papery seed pods persist in winter......BLADDERNUT <u>Staphylea trifolia</u>
 Stipule scars absent. See (40)
- 40 Leaf scars round to oval, and bundle scars form a circle. See (41)
- 40a Leaf scars broadly triangular with edges meetings; 5-7 bundle scars; twigs with large corky lenticels; pith large, round and white......ELDERBERRY <u>Sambucus canadensis</u>

- 31 Twigs with acrid smell when scratched; slender reddish-brown, smooth twig with very evident lenticels...BLACK CHERRY <u>Prunus serotina</u>
- 31a Twigs otherwise. See (32)
- 32 Bud scales minutely grooved and with green edges; slender, orange-brown twig; buds ovoid and orange-brown; bark of tree finely shaggy....HOP-HORNBEAM <u>Ostrya virginica</u>
- 32a Bud scales smooth; slender zig-zag reddish-brown twig; buds acute and reddish brown; bark of trunk blue-gray, smooth, sinewy......AMERICAN HORNBEAM <u>Carpinus caroliniana</u>
- 33 Lateral buds entirely hidden by leaf scars, and flower buds clustered in dense spikes at the tips of twigs; twigs very aromatic, brown, smooth......FRAGRANT SUMAC <u>Rhus aromatica</u>
- 33a Lateral buds evident and flower buds (when present) otherwise. See (34)
- 34 Twigs and buds densely hairy, buds without scales; leaf scar U-shaped and almost encircling the bud, dead terminal twig often persistent in winter....STAGHORN SUMAC <u>Rhus typhina</u>
- 34a Twigs and buds otherwise. See (35)
- 35 Pith large, round, and brown; stout twig with large, heart-shaped leaf scar, many bundle scars; twig scar very evident.....AILANTHUS <u>Ailanthus altissima</u>
- 35a Pith otherwise. See (36)
- 36 Stipule scar encircling twig; one cap-like bud scale; buds conical and divergent; leaf scar almost completely surrounding the budSYCAMORE <u>Plantanus occidentalis</u>
- 36a Stipule scar otherwise. See (37)
- 37a Bud scales more than 2 or 3; twigs zig-zag, gray-brown; leaf scar round and concave; many scattered bundle scars; bud scales greenish with dark edges...RED MULBERRY Morus rubra
- 38 Terminal bud false. See (39)
- 38a Terminal bud true. See (42)
- 39 Stipule scars prominent; twigs dotted with lenticels; leaf scars half-round with 3-7 bundle scars; buds with 2-4 scales; papery seed pods persist in winter......BLADDERNUT <u>Staphylea trifolia</u>
- 39a Stipule scars absent. See (40)
- 40 Leaf scars round to oval, and bundle scars form a circle. See (41)
- 40a Leaf scars broadly triangular with edges meetings; 5-7 bundle scars; twigs with large corky lenticels; pith large, round and white......ELDERBERRY <u>Sambucus canadensis</u>

41 Pith chambered (or hollow); leaf scars never whorled; buds sometimes more than one bud above each leaf scar, fruit husks pecan-like and present in winter.....

.....PAULOWNIA (PRINCESS TREE) Paulownia tomentosa

- 41a Pith continuous; leaf scars may be whorled, fruits cigar-shaped, often present in winter...CATALPA <u>Catalpa speciosa</u>
- 42 Bundle scars 3. See (43)
- 42a Bundle scars more than 3. See (47)
- Side buds hidden, only end buds visible; flower buds (when present) round and stalked; vegetative buds slender and pointed; leaf scars very small; twigs greenish to dark purple
 FLOWERING DOGWOOD Cornus florida
- 43a Side buds visible. See (44)
- 44 Bud scales 2, valvate. See (45)
- 44a Bud scales more than 2, overlapping......MAPLES Acer

KEY TO THE MAPLES

- a Twigs green and smooth; narrow, V-shaped leaf scar with opposing tips meetingBOX ELDER <u>Acer negundo</u>
- aa Twigs red or brown. See (b)
- b Buds brown, sharp-pointed; twigs brown.....SUGAR MAPLE <u>Acer saccharum</u> bb Buds red, blunt; twigs reddish. See (c)
- c Twigs with a strong, rank odor when scraped
- cc Twigs without a strong, rank odorRED MAPLE (Water Maple) <u>Acer saccharinum</u>
- 45 Buds dark red-brown, densely rusty-hairy; twigs sometimes rusty-hairy, leaf scars narrow; buds short, side twigs somewhat flexible...SOUTHERN (RUSTY) BLACKHAW Viburnum rufidulum
- 45a Buds brown or gray, not red. See (46)
- 46 Twigs red on one or both sides and finely hairy; buds light brown, slender and hairy; twigs slender and flexible.....ROUGHLEAF DOGWOOD <u>Cornus drummondii</u>
- 46a Twigs brown and smooth; buds grayish or brown, oval and powder-covered; twigs often with stiff, short side shoots......SMOOTH BLACKHAW <u>Viburnum prunifolium</u>

- 41 Pith chambered (or hollow); leaf scars never whorled; buds sometimes more than one bud above each leaf scar, fruit husks pecan-like and present in winter..... PAULOWNIA (PRINCESS TREE) Paulownia tomentosa
- 41a Pith continuous; leaf scars may be whorled, fruits cigar-shaped, often present in winter...CATALPA <u>Catalpa speciosa</u>
- 42 Bundle scars 3. See (43)
- 42a Bundle scars more than 3. See (47)
- 43a Side buds visible. See (44)
- 44 Bud scales 2, valvate. See (45)
- 44a Bud scales more than 2, overlapping......MAPLES Acer

KEY TO THE MAPLES

- a Twigs green and smooth; narrow, V-shaped leaf scar with opposing tips meetingBOX ELDER Acer negundo
- aa Twigs red or brown. See (b)
- b Buds brown, sharp-pointed; twigs brown.....SUGAR MAPLE <u>Acer saccharum</u> bb Buds red, blunt; twigs reddish. See (c)
- c Twigs with a strong, rank odor when scrapedSILVER MAPLE (Water Maple) <u>Acer saccharinum</u> cc Twigs without a strong, rank odorRED MAPLE Acer rubrum
- 45 Buds dark red-brown, densely rusty-hairy; twigs sometimes rusty-hairy, leaf scars narrow; buds short, side twigs somewhat flexible...SOUTHERN (RUSTY) BLACKHAW Viburnum rufidulum
- 45a Buds brown or gray, not red. See (46)
- 46 Twigs red on one or both sides and finely hairy; buds light brown, slender and hairy; twigs slender and flexible.....ROUGHLEAF DOGWOOD <u>Cornus drummondii</u>
- 46a Twigs brown and smooth; buds grayish or brown, oval and powder-covered; twigs often with stiff, short side shoots......SMOOTH BLACKHAW <u>Viburnum prunifolium</u>

- 47 Terminal bud more than 1/2 inch long; scales number more than 6; very stout twig
- 47a Terminal bud less than 1/2 inch long; scales number fewer than 6 ASHES <u>Fraxinus</u>

KEY TO THE ASHES

- a Twigs appear square in cross section, with 4 thin ridges (wings)BLUE ASH <u>Fraxinus guadrandulata</u>
- aa Twigs more round in cross section, not square See (b)
- b Leaf scar U-shaped; the bottom of the bud sits below the two top edges of the leaf scar.....WHITE ASH <u>Fraxinus americana</u>
- bb Leaf scar straight along the top edge; bud sits above entire leaf scarGREEN ASH <u>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</u>

- 47 Terminal bud more than 1/2 inch long; scales number more than 6; very stout twig
 YELLOW BUCKEYE <u>Aesculus octandra</u>
 47a Terminal bud less than 1/2 inch long; scales number fewer than 6

KEY TO THE ASHES

- a Twigs appear square in cross section, with 4 thin ridges (wings)BLUE ASH <u>Fraxinus guadrandulata</u>
- aa Twigs more round in cross section, not square See (b)
- b Leaf scar U-shaped; the bottom of the bud sits below the two top edges of the leaf scar.....WHITE ASH <u>Fraxinus americana</u>
- bb Leaf scar straight along the top edge; bud sits above entire leaf scarGREEN ASH <u>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</u>

- A magnifier is necessary; 10X power with a light is recommended.
- Collect several twigs, make sure the tips are healthy and not damaged.
- Look over the branches thoroughly looking for accessory buds, flower buds and persistent leaves so you can cut those twigs or branches.
- Remember twigs are technically the most current growth on a branch, and are often a different color from the branch.
- Look over the twig and branch carefully, especially the leaf scars and bundle scars, look at all of them to get a sense of the shape, size, number and pattern.
- Often the leaf scars nearest the tip of the twig will be the freshest and easiest to see.
- A true terminal bud will be precisely at the tip of the twig, have one or more leaf scars with it, but NO TWIG SCAR.
- A false terminal bud is slightly off center, will have one or more leaf scars with it, PLUS A TWIG SCAR.
- To see the color and shape of the pith, cut perpendicular to the twig making a good clean cut.
- To see the type of pith (hollow, solid, diaphragmed, chambered) cut longitudinally along twig right through the middle.
- To experience the smell of a twig, scratch it with your thumbnail.
- Remember to use all your senses to get to know a twig: feel it, smell it, notice all the colors.

- A magnifier is necessary; 10X power with a light is recommended.
- Collect several twigs, make sure the tips are healthy and not damaged.
- Look over the branches thoroughly looking for accessory buds, flower buds and persistent leaves so you can cut those twigs or branches.
- Remember twigs are technically the most current growth on a branch, and are often a different color from the branch.
- Look over the twig and branch carefully, especially the leaf scars and bundle scars, look at all of them to get a sense of the shape, size, number and pattern.
- Often the leaf scars nearest the tip of the twig will be the freshest and easiest to see.
- A true terminal bud will be precisely at the tip of the twig, have one or more leaf scars with it, but NO TWIG SCAR.
- A false terminal bud is slightly off center, will have one or more leaf scars with it, PLUS A TWIG SCAR.
- To see the color and shape of the pith, cut perpendicular to the twig making a good clean cut.
- To see the type of pith (hollow, solid, diaphragmed, chambered) cut longitudinally along twig right through the middle.
- To experience the smell of a twig, scratch it with your thumbnail.
- Remember to use all your senses to get to know a twig: feel it, smell it, notice all the colors.

Notes

Notes

- Accessory bud Bud adjacent to axillary bud. Of two kinds: collateral or superposed.
- <u>Alternate</u> Arranged singularly at intervals along twig.
- <u>Axillary bud</u> Side buds, first bud above the leaf scar directly in the upper axil of the leaf.
- <u>Bud</u> An undeveloped branch or flower cluster with or without protective scales.
- <u>Bundle scars</u> Tiny dots within the leaf scar caused by the breaking of bundles of ducts leading to the leaf stalk. Round, elongated, curved, etc.
- Continuous pith A pith which is solid without any partitions.
- <u>Collateral bud</u> Accessory buds at the side of the axillary buds.
- <u>Chambered pith</u> A pith with transverse partitions dividing hollow compartments.
- Diaphragmed pith Divided crosswise by woody plates; usually best seen at the nodes.
- <u>False terminal bud</u> An axillary bud which has taken the position of a terminal bud when the twig dies back to that point. A twig scar, with NO bundle scars inside it, marks the site of the shed twig and lies beside the false terminal bud.
- Hollow pith Space for pith there, but empty.
- Imbricate Scales that overlap; unlike valvate scales which meet along one line and do not overlap.
- Key A device of easily and quickly identifying an unknown object. The user is given a sequence
- of choices between (usually) two statements and by choosing the correct choice can be identified. <u>Lateral bud</u> Any bud other than the terminal bud; axillary, collateral, superposed
- Leaf scar The mark left on the twig, at the point of attachment of a leaf stalk, when the leaf falls off.
- <u>Lenticel</u> A corky spot on the bark originating as a breathing pore and can be circular, stripe-like, or variously shaped.
- Muciliaginous Slimy when chewed.
- Naked bud Without bud scales; usually covered with hairs for protection.
- Node The place on a stem or twig where a leaf is attached or a leaf scar occurs; sometimes swollen.
- <u>Opposite</u> Two scars (or buds, or leaves) at a node; in opposing pairs.
- <u>Pith</u> The softer central portion of a twig.
- <u>Ringed</u> Twig with narrow stipule scars that encircle the twig at leaf scars.
- <u>Scale</u> A thin-membrane-like covering of a bud or twig base.
- Scale scars Scars left by falling scales.
- Side bud Any bud along the side of the twig, not at the tip, also called lateral bud
- <u>Spines</u> Technically, modified leaves or stipules; a sharp woody outgrowth.
- <u>Stipule</u> A leaf-like growth at the base of the leaf stalk, usually small and in pairs, leaving scars on the twig when they fall.
- <u>Superposed bud</u> An accessory bud above the axillary bud.
- <u>Terminal bud</u> The true end bud located at the precise tip of the twig marking the end of that years' growth. A leaf scar(s) should be evident here but NO twig scar.
- <u>Terminal bud scale scars</u> Rings closely clustered together, forming bands on the twig,
- left by the falling bud scales and marking the end of each years' growth.
- Thorns Technically a modified branch; a woody, pointed outgrowth
- Twig The end section of a branch; the current years' growth
- Twig scar The scar left by the shed twig (the current years' growth). Located beside and identifying the false terminal bud.
- <u>Valvate</u> Bud scales that meet along a definite line without overlapping, with nothing showing in between or underneath the line.
- Whorled Arranged in circles at the nodes of the twig.
- Winged twig With projecting, thin, flat, corky, membranous outgrowths.

Accessory bud Bud adjacent to axillary bud. Of two kinds: collateral or superposed.

<u>Alternate</u> Arranged singularly at intervals along twig.

- <u>Axillary bud</u> Side buds, first bud above the leaf scar directly in the upper axil of the leaf.
- <u>Bud</u> An undeveloped branch or flower cluster with or without protective scales.
- <u>Bundle scars</u> Tiny dots within the leaf scar caused by the breaking of bundles of ducts leading to the leaf stalk. Round, elongated, curved, etc.

<u>Continuous pith</u> A pith which is solid without any partitions.

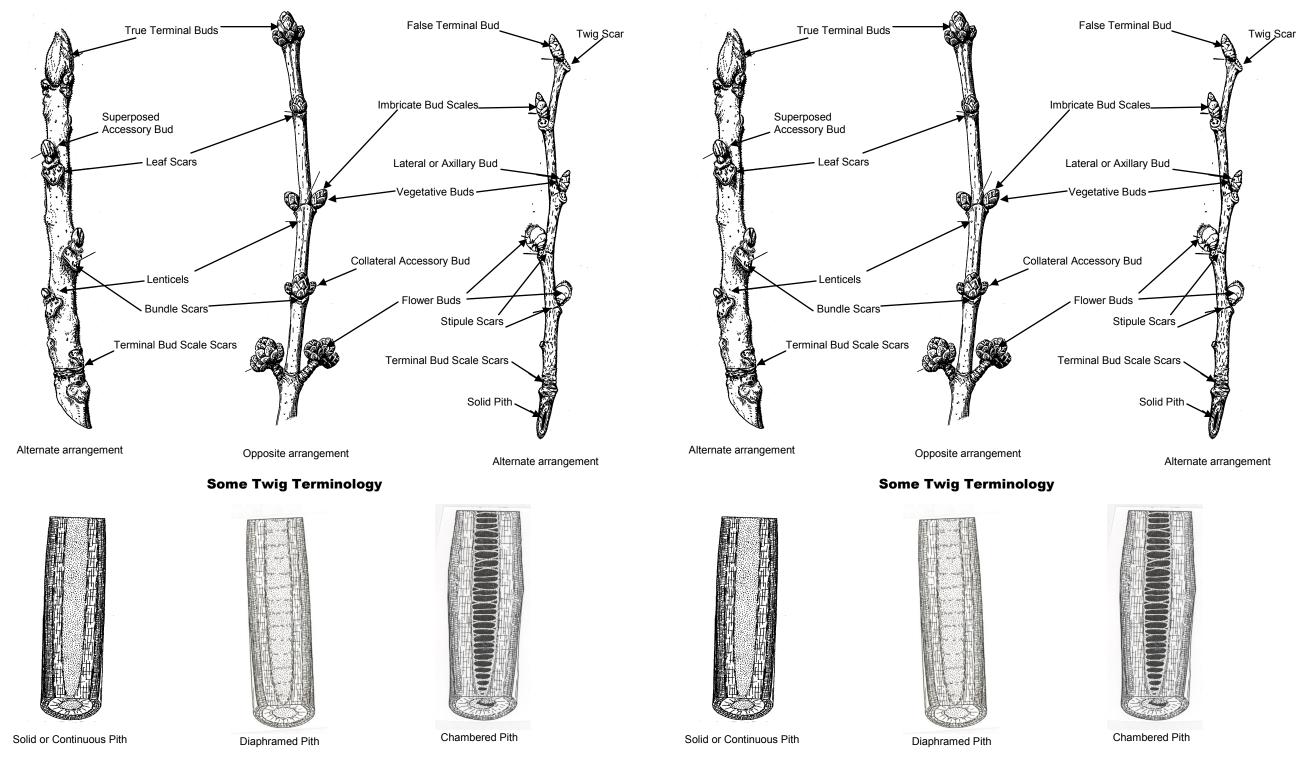
<u>Collateral bud</u> Accessory buds at the side of the axillary buds.

<u>Chambered pith</u> A pith with transverse partitions dividing hollow compartments.

- <u>Diaphragmed pith</u> Divided crosswise by woody plates; usually best seen at the nodes.
- <u>False terminal bud</u> An axillary bud which has taken the position of a terminal bud when the twig dies back to that point. A twig scar, with NO bundle scars inside it, marks the site of the shed twig and lies beside the false terminal bud.
- <u>Hollow pith</u> Space for pith there, but empty.
- Imbricate Scales that overlap; unlike valvate scales which meet along one line and do not overlap.
- Key A device of easily and quickly identifying an unknown object. The user is given a sequence
- of choices between (usually) two statements and by choosing the correct choice can be identified. Lateral bud Any bud other than the terminal bud; axillary, collateral, superposed
- Leaf scar The mark left on the twig, at the point of attachment of a leaf stalk, when the leaf falls off.
- <u>Lenticel</u> A corky spot on the bark originating as a breathing pore and can be circular, stripe-like, or variously shaped.
- Muciliaginous Slimy when chewed.
- Naked bud Without bud scales; usually covered with hairs for protection.
- Node The place on a stem or twig where a leaf is attached or a leaf scar occurs; sometimes swollen.
- Opposite Two scars (or buds, or leaves) at a node; in opposing pairs.
- <u>Pith</u> The softer central portion of a twig.
- <u>Ringed</u> Twig with narrow stipule scars that encircle the twig at leaf scars.
- <u>Scale</u> A thin-membrane-like covering of a bud or twig base.
- Scale scars Scars left by falling scales.
- <u>Side bud</u> Any bud along the side of the twig, not at the tip, also called lateral bud
- Spines Technically, modified leaves or stipules; a sharp woody outgrowth.
- <u>Stipule</u> A leaf-like growth at the base of the leaf stalk, usually small and in pairs, leaving scars on the twig when they fall.
- <u>Superposed bud</u> An accessory bud above the axillary bud.

<u>Terminal bud</u> The true end bud located at the precise tip of the twig marking the end of that years' growth. A leaf scar(s) should be evident here but NO twig scar.

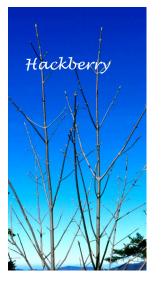
- <u>Terminal bud scale scars</u> Rings closely clustered together, forming bands on the twig,
 - left by the falling bud scales and marking the end of each years' growth.
- Thorns Technically a modified branch; a woody, pointed outgrowth
- Twig The end section of a branch; the current years' growth
- <u>Twig scar</u> The scar left by the shed twig (the current years' growth). Located beside and identifying the false terminal bud.
- <u>Valvate</u> Bud scales that meet along a definite line without overlapping, with nothing showing in between or underneath the line.
- <u>Whorled</u> Arranged in circles at the nodes of the twig.
- Winged twig With projecting, thin, flat, corky, membranous outgrowths.



** Drawings from Woody Plants in Winter, Core and Ammons; and Guide To Southern Trees, Harrar and Harrar

** Drawings from Woody Plants in Winter, Core and Ammons; and Guide To Southern Trees, Harrar and Harrar



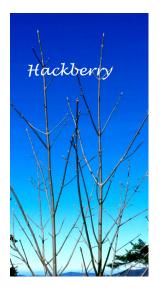


















WARNER PARK NATURE CENTER

7311 Highway 100 Nashville, Tennessee 37221 615-862-8555 Website: wpnc.nashville.gov Email: wpnc@nashville.gov