

Annual Criminal Justice Trends 2016–2025

Criminal Justice Planning



Nashville-Davidson County
Tennessee

August 2026

Table of Contents

Summary	3
Criminal Justice Trends in Davidson County, 2016 to 2025	5
REPORTED CRIMES	5
ARRESTS.....	7
<i>Gender</i>	7
<i>Race</i>	9
<i>Ethnicity</i>	10
<i>Arrest Rates</i>	12
COURT VOLUME AND TRENDS.....	13
<i>Bond Releases</i>	13
<i>Bond Set Amount</i>	15
<i>Days in Jail Before Release</i>	16
<i>Percent Bond Posted</i>	17
<i>General Sessions Filings</i>	21
<i>General Sessions Concluded</i>	22
<i>Criminal Court Filings</i>	23
<i>Criminal Court Concluded</i>	25
<i>Case Processing Times</i>	26
AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION IN THE DAVIDSON COUNTY CORRECTIONAL SYSTEM	33
<i>Total All Inmates</i>	33
<i>Gender</i>	34
<i>Race</i>	35
<i>Ethnicity</i>	36
<i>Age</i>	37
<i>Charge Classification</i>	38
MOST SERIOUS ARREST CHARGES	44
<i>Physical Arrests</i>	44
MOST SERIOUS ARREST CHARGES	45
<i>Average Daily Correctional Population</i>	45
JAIL INCARCERATION RATES	46
<i>Comparison with Other Tennessee Counties</i>	46
JUVENILE.....	47

Summary

- 1) **Reported Crimes:** Major reported crimes decreased by 12.4% in Davidson County from 2024 to 2025. Violent crimes decreased 14.0% and Property crimes decreased by 12.0%. All the reported crime categories decreased in 2025, with Homicides and Robberies having the largest declines (page 5-6).
- 2) **Arrests:** In 2025, adult physical arrests increased 6.8% above 2024. State Citation arrests increased 24.4% for the same period (page 7).
 - a. **Arrests by Gender:** Males were 75.1% of physical arrests and females were 24.9% in 2025. Males were 69.4% of State Citations while females were 30.6% (page 7-8).
 - b. **Arrests by Race:** In 2025, Whites comprised 47.1% of physical arrests while Blacks comprised 51.6%. Whites were 60.1% of citation arrests and Blacks were 38.2% (page 9).
 - c. **Arrests by Ethnicity:** Hispanics were 12.8% and Non-Hispanics were 85.8% of physical arrests in 2025. Hispanics were 36.4% of citation arrests while Non-Hispanics made up 61.4% (page 10).
 - d. **Arrest Rates:** Davidson County had 3,186 physical arrests per 100,000 residents in 2025; State citations were issued at the rate of 1,200 per 100,000 residents (page 12).
- 3) **Bond Releases:** Overall, bond releases increased 7.1% in 2025. Releases to bonding companies were 51.2% of all bond types and increased 12.7%. Pretrial releases were 24.7% of bonds and decreased 5.1% (pages 13-14).
 - a. **Bond Set Amount:** The average bond amount set for all defendants in 2025 was \$13,264. The average bond amount for a felony defendant was \$35,239 and \$1,888 for a misdemeanor (page 15).
 - b. **Days in Jail Before Release:** In 2025, defendants spent an average of 5.58 days in jail before posting bond or case disposition. Felony defendants averaged 12.99 days and misdemeanants averaged 2.10 days in jail (page 16).
 - c. **Percent Who Posted Bond:** In 2025, 66.4% of all defendants posted bond before release. 35.1% used a bonding company and 17.6% received a pretrial release (pages 17-19).
- 4) **General Sessions Court Volume:** General Sessions Court processed 4.0% more defendants with a new filing in 2025 compared to 2024. General Sessions Court concluded 2.2% less defendants and bound over 1.8% more defendants to Criminal Court (pages 21-22).
- 5) **Criminal Court Volume:** Criminal Court processed 21.0% more defendants with new filings in 2025 compared with 2024. The number of direct presentments/indictments increased to 3,915 in 2025, a 31.4% increase. There were 19.2% more defendants disposed during this same period (pages 23-25).
- 6) **General Sessions Case Processing Times:** On average, the time needed to process defendants in General Sessions Court in 2025 was 87.0 days, a decrease of 3.8% from 2024. The average time from arrest to bound over was 58.0 days, while arrest to disposition was 97.5 days. Jailed defendants averaged 14.2 days to conclusion. Bond defendants averaged 138.3 days to conclusion (pages 26-28).
- 7) **Criminal Court Case Processing Times:** In 2025, the average time to process defendants from bound over to filing in Criminal Court was 106.4 days, an increase of 32.3% over 2024. From filing to disposition in Criminal Court took 333.6 days on average, a 4.3% decline. Cases disposed by trial averaged 1,000.7 days from filing to disposition in 2025, a 0.4% decrease. Jailed defendants took 264.2 days, while bond defendants took 400.9 days from filing in Criminal Court to disposition (pages 29-32).

- 8) **Average Daily Population (ADP):** The average daily inmate population in Davidson County correctional facilities increased from 2,232 in 2024 to 2,561 in 2025, a 14.7% increase (page 33).
- a. **ADP by Gender:** Males comprised 88.9% of the ADP in 2025 while females made up 11.1% (page 34).
 - b. **ADP by Race:** By race, 35.3% of the 2025 ADP was White, and 63.2% was Black (page 35).
 - c. **ADP by Ethnicity:** 88.6% of the 2025 ADP was non-Hispanic; 10.6% were Hispanic (page 36).
 - d. **ADP by Age:** The median inmate age in 2025 was 34.9. The largest inmate age group was 21-44, representing 71.3% of the total inmate population (page 37).
 - e. **ADP by Charge Classification:** The largest inmate charge class in the 2025 ADP was Pretrial Felons, which comprised 50.0% of the total and increased 15.4% above 2024 levels. Locally Sentenced Felons were the second largest group, with 19.6% of the total ADP, and increased 14.2%. Other notable charge classes: Felony Probation Violators (7.7%), Pretrial Misdemeanants (7.2%), Convicted Misdemeanants (7.0%), and State Sentenced Felons (5.6%). Federal Inmates (DHS/ICE and Other Federal) accounted for 0.1% of the total ADP, a decrease of 73.0% (pages 38-43).
- 9) **Most Serious Arrest Charges:**
- a. **Top Charges for Physical Arrests:** Misdemeanor Assaults comprised 14.0% of all physical arrests in 2025, which was the largest group. The next largest charge group was Misdemeanor Obstruction of Justice (Evading or Resisting Arrest, Escape, FTA, FTB) at 11.7%. Felony Assaults were 8.6%, Misdemeanor Alcohol Related charges (DUIs) were 7.0%, and Misdemeanor Disorderly Conduct charges (including Public Intoxication) were 6.8% of all physical arrests in 2025 (page 44).
 - b. **Top Charges in the ADP:** The top five most serious arrest charges for inmates in the 2025 ADP were: Felony Assaults (14.7%), Felony Drug Charges (11.1%), Felony Thefts (9.4%), Felony Sentence Violations (Probation and Parole, 9.1%), and Felony Burglaries (8.5%) (page 45).
- 10) **Incarceration Rates Comparison to Selected Tennessee Counties:** Davidson County incarcerated 343.3 inmates (including locally sentenced felons) per 100,000 residents in 2025, more than Hamilton County at 286.6, Knox County at 262.0, and Rutherford County at 291.4, but fewer than Shelby County at 474.3. When the locally sentenced felons are removed, Davidson County's incarceration rate drops to 275.9 for 2025 (page 46).
- 11) **Juveniles:** As of July 2015, juveniles adjudicated as adults are housed with Juvenile Detention and there were no juveniles incarcerated in the adult correctional system in 2025. There were 20 juveniles transferred to the adult system from Juvenile Court in 2025, a 28.6% decrease from 2024 (page 47)

Criminal Justice Trends in Davidson County, 2016 to 2025

Reported Crimes

TABLE 1: REPORTED CRIMINAL OFFENSES FOR NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY, TOTAL PART 1 CRIMES, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	PART 1 CRIMES TOTAL: NUMBER OF REPORTED OFFENSES	PART 1 CRIMES TOTAL: NUMERIC CHANGE
2016	32,698	-
2017	33,848	1,150
2018	35,614	1,766
2019	35,819	205
2020	37,072	1,253
2021	34,302	-2,770
2022	36,644	2,342
2023	40,730	4,086
2024	40,377	-353
2025	35,373	-5,004
Change 2024-2025	-12.4%	-5,004
Average Annual Change 2016-2025	+1.1%	+297

TABLE 1A: REPORTED CRIMINAL OFFENSES, VIOLENT AND PROPERTY CRIMES, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	VIOLENT CRIMES: NUMBER OF REPORTED OFFENSES	VIOLENT CRIMES: NUMERIC CHANGE	PROPERTY CRIMES: NUMBER OF REPORTED OFFENSES	PROPERTY CRIMES: NUMERIC CHANGE
2016	7,592	-	25,106	-
2017	7,813	221	26,035	929
2018	7,816	3	27,798	1,763
2019	7,583	-233	28,236	438
2020	8,247	664	28,825	589
2021	8,583	336	25,719	-3,106
2022	9,060	477	27,584	1,865
2023	8,909	-151	31,821	4,237
2024	8,474	-435	31,903	82
2025	7,284	-1,190	28,089	-3,814
Change 2024-2025	-14.0%	-1,190	-12.0%	-3,814
Average Annual Change 2016-2025	-0.2%	-34	+1.6%	+331

Note:

Part 1 crimes are comprised of seven offense categories: Homicide, Rape, Aggravated Assault, Robbery, Burglary, Larceny, and Vehicle Theft. These offenses make up the Uniform Crime Reporting standards for reporting and comparing crime in U.S. cities. UCR Part 1 offenses in this report are derived from MNPd's Incident Based Reporting System in accordance with definitions and guidelines established by the FBI. These statistics include any incidents that meet the FBI definition, whether identified by emergency response calls or police activity.

Source: Annual Crime Analysis Report of Calendar Year 2025 Policing Statistics, Metropolitan Nashville Police Department, Strategic Development Division, Crime Analysis Section, 7/14/2026.

TABLE 2: REPORTED CRIMINAL OFFENSES, VIOLENT CRIMES INDIVIDUAL OFFENSE CATEGORIES, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	HOMICIDE: NUMBER OF REPORTED OFFENSES	HOMICIDE: NUMERIC CHANGE	RAPE: NUMBER OF REPORTED OFFENSES	RAPE: NUMERIC CHANGE	ROBBERY: NUMBER OF REPORTED OFFENSES	ROBBERY: NUMERIC CHANGE	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT: NUMBER OF REPORTED OFFENSES	AGRAVATED ASSAULT: NUMERIC CHANGE
2016	83	-	566	-	2,009	-	4,934	-
2017	111	28	568	2	2,062	53	5,072	138
2018	89	-22	576	8	2,129	67	5,022	-50
2019	84	-5	519	-57	1,994	-135	4,986	-36
2020	114	30	482	-37	1,797	-197	5,854	868
2021	102	-12	529	47	1,643	-154	6,309	455
2022	110	8	523	-6	1,464	-179	6,963	654
2023	103	-7	537	14	1,307	-157	6,962	-1
2024	103	0	643	106	1,169	-138	6,559	-403
2025	64	-39	614	-29	870	-299	5,736	-823
Change 2024-2025	-37.9%	-39	-4.5%	-29	-25.6%	-299	-12.5%	-823
Average Annual Change 2016-2025	-0.3%	-2	+1.3%	+5	-8.5%	-127	+2.0%	+89

TABLE 2A: REPORTED CRIMINAL OFFENSES, PROPERTY CRIMES INDIVIDUAL OFFENSE CATEGORIES, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	BURGLARY: NUMBER OF REPORTED OFFENSES	BURGLARY: NUMERIC CHANGE	LARCENY: NUMBER OF REPORTED OFFENSES	LARCENY: NUMERIC CHANGE	VEHICLE THEFT: NUMBER OF REPORTED OFFENSES	VEHICLE THEFT: NUMERIC CHANGE
2016	4,590	-	18,769	-	1,747	-
2017	4,217	-373	19,214	445	2,604	857
2018	3,637	-580	21,017	1,803	3,144	540
2019	3,420	-217	22,000	983	2,816	-328
2020	3,695	275	21,977	-23	3,153	337
2021	3,285	-410	19,436	-2,541	2,998	-155
2022	3,562	277	20,718	1,282	3,304	306
2023	2,908	-654	23,234	2,516	5,679	2,375
2024	2,921	13	23,781	547	5,201	-478
2025	2,529	-392	21,370	-2,411	4,190	-1,011
Change 2024-2025	-13.4%	-392	-10.1%	-2,411	-19.4%	-1,011
Average Annual Change 2016-2025	-6.0%	-229	+1.7%	+289	+13.4%	+271

Source: Annual Crime Analysis Report of Calendar Year 2025 Policing Statistics, Metropolitan Nashville Police Department, Strategic Development Division, Crime Analysis Section, 7/14/2026.

Arrests

Gender

TABLE 3: ADULT PHYSICAL ARRESTS AND STATE CITATIONS BY GENDER, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	Males: Number Of Physical Arrests	Females: Number Of Physical Arrests	Total: Number Of Physical Arrests	Males: Percent	Females: Percent
2016	24,084	7,586	31,670	76.0%	24.0%
2017	23,205	7,212	30,417	76.3%	23.7%
2018	20,645	6,511	27,156	76.0%	24.0%
2019	16,306	5,140	21,446	76.0%	24.0%
2020	11,344	3,211	14,555	77.9%	22.1%
2021	11,816	3,413	15,229	77.6%	22.4%
2022	12,504	3,476	15,980	78.2%	21.8%
2023	14,867	4,423	19,290	77.1%	22.9%
2024	16,914	5,326	22,240	76.1%	23.9%
2025	17,851	5,911	23,762	75.1%	24.9%
% Change 2024-2025	5.5%	11.0%	6.8%	-	-
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	-2.0%	-0.7%	-1.7%	Avg: 76.6%	Avg: 23.4%

YEAR	Males: Number Of State Citations	Females: Number Of State Citations	Total: Number Of State Citations	Males: Percent	Females: Percent
2016	20,335	9,742	30,077	67.6%	32.4%
2017	18,294	8,727	27,021	67.7%	32.3%
2018	15,136	7,360	22,496	67.3%	32.7%
2019	6,957	3,584	10,541	66.0%	34.0%
2020	5,278	2,419	7,697	68.6%	31.4%
2021	3,806	1,725	5,531	68.8%	31.2%
2022	3,457	1,525	4,982	69.4%	30.6%
2023	4,485	1,895	6,380	70.3%	29.7%
2024	5,018	2,174	7,192	69.8%	30.2%
2025	6,207	2,742	8,949	69.4%	30.6%
% Change 2024-2025	23.7%	26.1%	24.4%	-	-
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	-8.6%	-9.5%	-8.9%	Avg: 68.5%	Avg: 31.5%

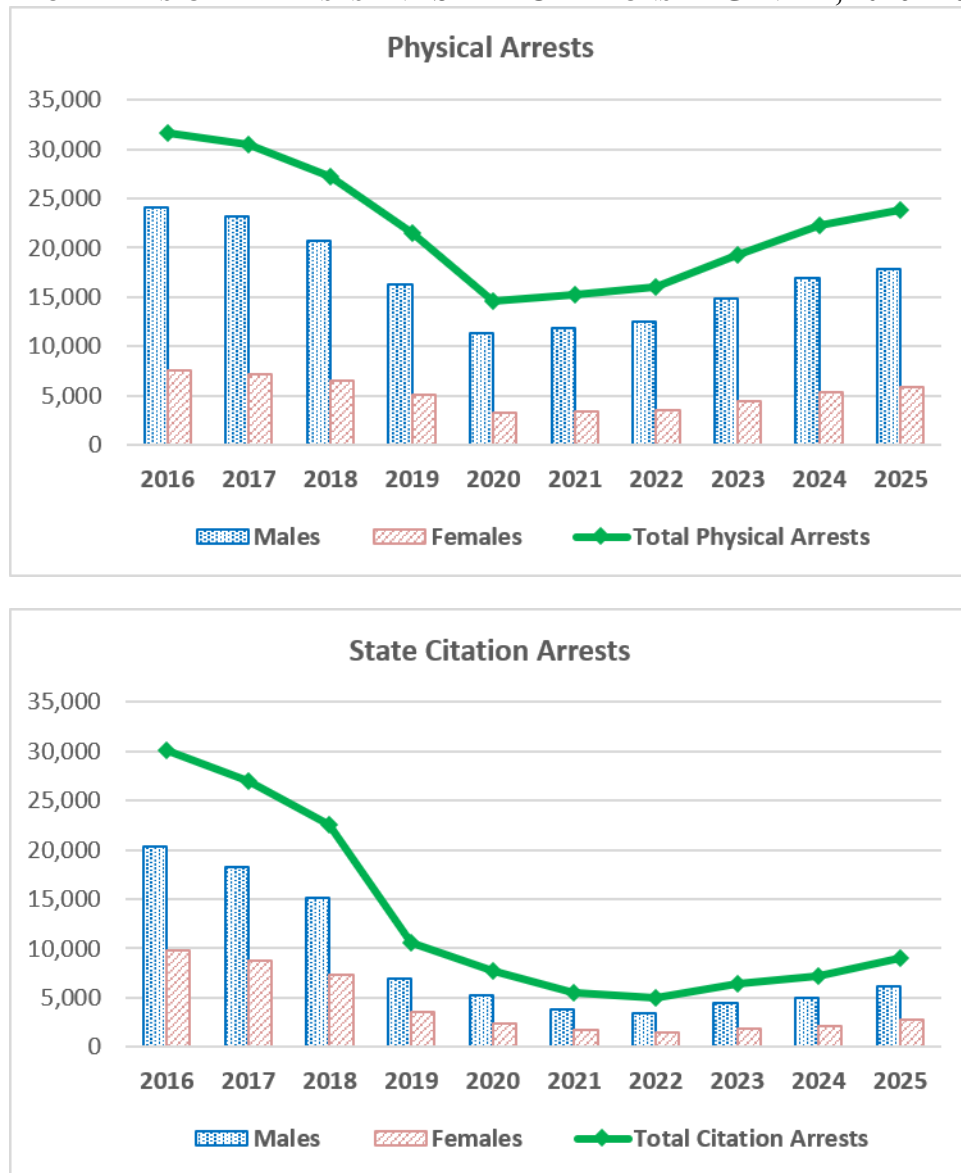
Notes:

(a) Physical arrests are custodial arrests of one person with the possibility of multiple charges. Only adult arrestees are included in the table above. Once booked, this person may bond out, be placed on the Pretrial Release Program, or remain in jail.

(b) State Citations are non-custodial arrests in which the offender is given a date to show up for booking and court, but not jailed unless outstanding warrants are discovered during the booking process. Citations are only issued for misdemeanor offenses. Criminal Summons are included with Citations.

Source: Arrest data for years 2016-2025 was pulled from the MNPd ARMS system on 2/1/2026 and is accurate as of that date. Expungements were removed.

CHART 1: ADULT PHYSICAL ARRESTS AND STATE CITATIONS BY GENDER, 2016 - 2025



Race

TABLE 4: ADULT PHYSICAL ARRESTS AND STATE CITATIONS BY RACE, 2016 - 2025

YEAR	Whites: Number Of Physical Arrests	Blacks: Number Of Physical Arrests	Other: Number Of Physical Arrests	Total: Number Of Physical Arrests	Whites: Percent	Blacks: Percent	Other: Percent
2016	15,923	15,465	282	31,670	50.3%	48.8%	0.9%
2017	15,560	14,595	262	30,417	51.2%	48.0%	0.9%
2018	13,981	12,941	234	27,156	51.5%	47.7%	0.9%
2019	10,865	10,367	214	21,446	50.7%	48.3%	1.0%
2020	7,181	7,222	152	14,555	49.3%	49.6%	1.0%
2021	7,752	7,298	179	15,229	50.9%	47.9%	1.2%
2022	8,017	7,810	153	15,980	50.2%	48.9%	1.0%
2023	9,428	9,618	244	19,290	48.9%	49.9%	1.3%
2024	10,716	11,150	374	22,240	48.2%	50.1%	1.7%
2025	11,190	12,250	322	23,762	47.1%	51.6%	1.4%
% Change 2024-2025	4.4%	9.9%	-13.9%	6.8%	-	-	-
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	-2.4%	-1.1%	5.2%	-1.7%	Avg: 49.8%	Avg: 49.1%	Avg: 1.1%

YEAR	Whites: Number Of State Citations	Blacks: Number Of State Citations	Other: Number Of State Citations	Total: Number Of State Citations	Whites: Percent	Blacks: Percent	Other: Percent
2016	15,871	13,783	423	30,077	52.8%	45.8%	1.4%
2017	14,545	12,146	330	27,021	53.8%	45.0%	1.2%
2018	12,040	10,162	294	22,496	53.5%	45.2%	1.3%
2019	5,714	4,577	250	10,541	54.2%	43.4%	2.4%
2020	4,274	3,221	202	7,697	55.5%	41.8%	2.6%
2021	3,288	2,066	177	5,531	59.4%	37.4%	3.2%
2022	3,019	1,802	161	4,982	60.6%	36.2%	3.2%
2023	3,818	2,350	212	6,380	59.8%	36.8%	3.3%
2024	4,464	2,559	169	7,192	62.1%	35.6%	2.3%
2025	5,377	3,416	156	8,949	60.1%	38.2%	1.7%
% Change 2024-2025	20.5%	33.5%	-7.7%	24.4%	-	-	-
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	-7.9%	-9.8%	-9.4%	-8.9%	Avg: 57.2%	Avg: 40.5%	Avg: 2.3%

Notes:

(a) Physical arrests are custodial arrests of one person with the possibility of multiple charges. Only adult arrestees are included in the table above. Once booked, this person may bond out, be placed on the Pretrial Release Program, or remain in jail.

(b) State Citations are non-custodial arrests in which the offender is given a date to show up for booking and court, but not jailed unless outstanding warrants are discovered during the booking process. Citations are only issued for misdemeanor offenses. Criminal Summons are included with Citations.

(c) Other includes Asian, Pacific Islander, unknown or missing race in ARMS.

Source: Arrest data for years 2016-2025 was pulled from the MNPD ARMS system on 2/1/2026 and is accurate as of that date. Expungements were removed.

Ethnicity

TABLE 5: ADULT PHYSICAL ARRESTS AND STATE CITATIONS BY ETHNICITY, 2016 - 2025

YEAR	Hispanics: Number Of Physical Arrests	Non- Hispanics: Number Of Physical Arrests	Missing: Number Of Physical Arrests	Total: Number Of Physical Arrests	Hispanics: Percent	Non- Hispanics: Percent	Missing: Percent
2016	1,893	29,664	113	31,670	6.0%	93.7%	0.4%
2017	1,748	28,508	161	30,417	5.7%	93.7%	0.5%
2018	1,740	25,293	123	27,156	6.4%	93.1%	0.5%
2019	1,432	19,903	111	21,446	6.7%	92.8%	0.5%
2020	1,237	13,266	52	14,555	8.5%	91.1%	0.4%
2021	1,471	13,688	70	15,229	9.7%	89.9%	0.5%
2022	1,860	14,032	88	15,980	11.6%	87.8%	0.6%
2023	2,488	16,700	102	19,290	12.9%	86.6%	0.5%
2024	3,094	18,839	307	22,240	13.9%	84.7%	1.4%
2025	3,040	20,398	324	23,762	12.8%	85.8%	1.4%
% Change 2024-2025	-1.7%	8.3%	5.5%	6.8%	-	-	-
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	6.9%	-2.7%	26.5%	-1.7%	Avg: 9.4%	Avg: 89.9%	Avg: 0.6%

YEAR	Hispanics: Number Of State Citations	Non- Hispanics: Number Of State Citations	Missing: Number Of State Citations	Total: Number Of State Citations	Hispanic: Percent	Non- Hispanic: Percent	Missing: Percent
2016	15,871	13,783	423	30,077	52.8%	45.8%	1.4%
2017	14,545	12,146	330	27,021	53.8%	45.0%	1.2%
2018	12,040	10,162	294	22,496	53.5%	45.2%	1.3%
2019	5,714	4,577	250	10,541	54.2%	43.4%	2.4%
2020	4,274	3,221	202	7,697	55.5%	41.8%	2.6%
2021	3,288	2,066	177	5,531	59.4%	37.4%	3.2%
2022	3,019	1,802	161	4,982	60.6%	36.2%	3.2%
2023	3,818	2,350	212	6,380	59.8%	36.8%	3.3%
2024	4,464	2,559	169	7,192	62.1%	35.6%	2.3%
2025	5,377	3,416	156	8,949	60.1%	38.2%	1.7%
% Change 2024-2025	20.5%	33.5%	-7.7%	24.4%	-	-	-
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	-7.9%	-9.8%	-9.4%	-8.9%	Avg: 57.2%	Avg: 40.5%	Avg: 2.3%

Notes:

(a) Physical arrests are custodial arrests of one person with the possibility of multiple charges. Only adult arrestees are included in the table above. Once booked, this person may bond out, be placed on the Pretrial Release Program, or remain in jail.

(b) State Citations are non-custodial arrests in which the offender is given a date to show up for booking and court, but not jailed unless outstanding warrants are discovered during the booking process. Citations are only issued for misdemeanor offenses. Criminal Summons are included with Citations.

(c) Missing means information on the ethnicity of the defendant was missing in ARMS.

Source: Arrest data for years 2016-2025 was pulled from the MNPd ARMS system on 2/1/2026 and is accurate as of that date. Expungements were removed.

CHART 2: ADULT PHYSICAL ARRESTS AND STATE CITATIONS BY RACE, 2016 - 2025

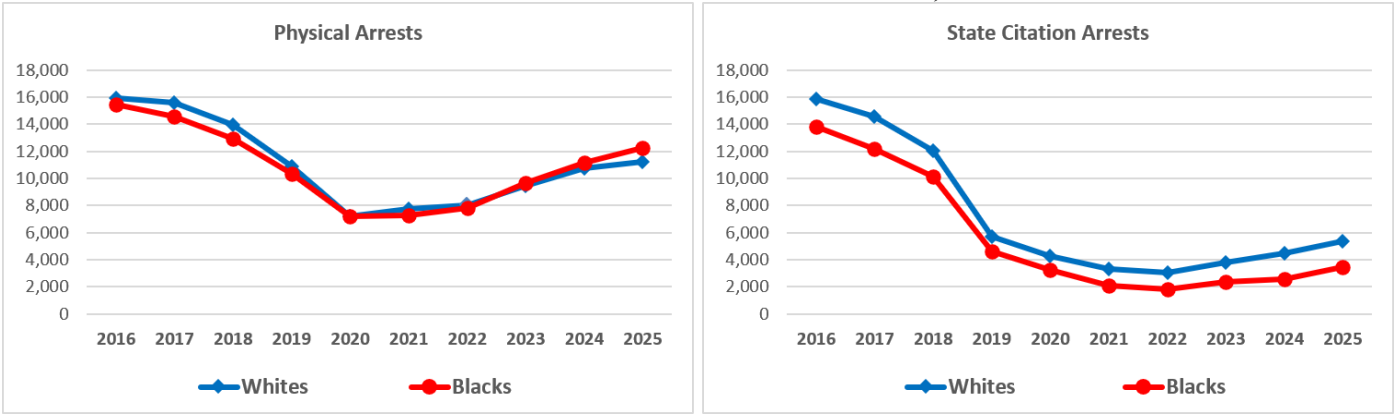
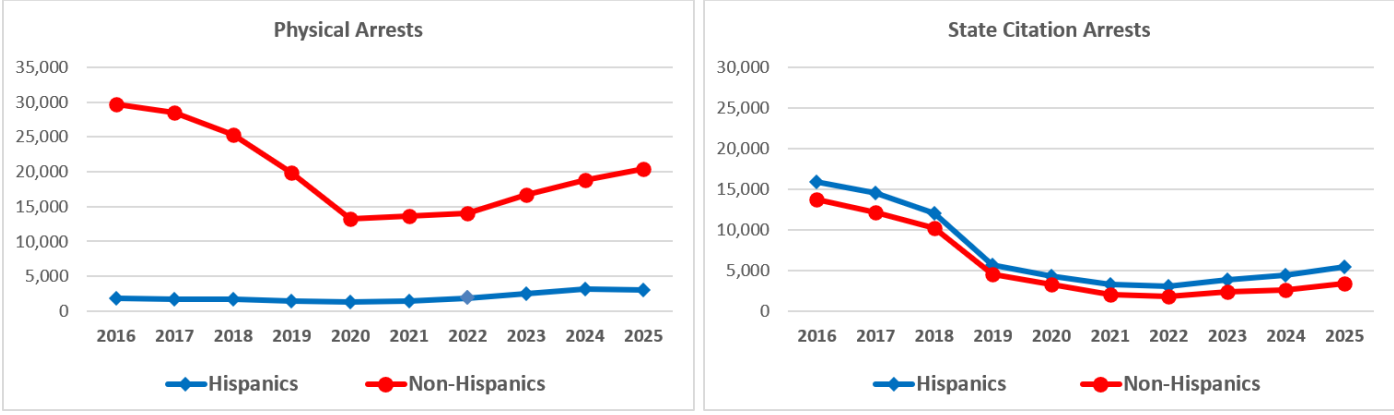


CHART 3: ADULT PHYSICAL ARRESTS AND STATE CITATIONS BY ETHNICITY, 2016 – 2025



Arrest Rates

TABLE 6: RATES OF ADULT PHYSICAL ARRESTS AND STATE CITATIONS IN DAVIDSON COUNTY, 2016 – 2025

Year	Davidson County Population (a)	Number of Adult Physical Arrests (b)	Physical Arrest Rates (per 100,000 Residents)	Number of Adult State Citations (c)	Citation Rates (per 100,000 Residents)
2016	686,420	31,670	4,614	30,077	4,382
2017	687,808	30,417	4,422	27,021	3,929
2018	691,298	27,156	3,928	22,496	3,254
2019	692,999	21,446	3,095	10,541	1,521
2020	716,153	14,555	2,032	7,697	1,075
2021	701,450	15,229	2,171	5,531	789
2022	712,156	15,980	2,244	4,982	700
2023	720,989	19,290	2,675	6,380	885
2024	736,623	22,240	3,019	7,192	976
2025	745,904	23,762	3,186	8,949	1,200

Source: Arrest data for years 2016-2025 was pulled from MNPd ARMS on 1/22/2025 by Criminal Justice Planning and is accurate as of that date. Expungements were removed. Davidson County Population estimates for years 2015-2019 are from "Annual Resident Population Estimates, Estimated Components of Resident Population Change, and Rates of the Components of Resident Population Change for States and Counties: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2020" (CO-EST2020-alldata), U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Release Date: May 2021. County population estimates for years 2020-2025 are from "Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for Counties in Tennessee: April 1, 2020 to July 1, 2025" (CO-EST2025-POP-47), U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Release Date: March 2026.

Notes:

- a) Population estimates are the estimated number of county residents as of July 1 each year.
- b) A physical arrest is a custodial arrest and represents an individual body and not the number of charges issued to a person. The figures above include adult arrestees only. One individual can have multiple physical arrest events during the year. Expungements are removed.
- c) State Citations are non-custodial arrests in which the offender is given a date to show up for booking and court, but not jailed unless outstanding warrants are discovered. Criminal Summons are included with citations. Expungements are removed.

Court Volume and Trends

Bond Releases

TABLE 7: NUMBER AND PERCENT OF BOND RELEASES BY TYPE, 2016 – 2025

Years	Bonding Companies (a)	Pretrial Release (b)	ROR (c)	Other Bond Releases (c)	Total	Bonding Companies Percentage	Pretrial Release Percentage	ROR Percentage	Other Bond Releases Percentage
2016	13,139	2,980	580	280	16,979	77.4%	17.6%	3.4%	1.6%
2017	11,329	3,430	1,499	377	16,635	68.1%	20.6%	9.0%	2.3%
2018	9,034	6,088	2,027	635	17,784	50.8%	34.2%	11.4%	3.6%
2019	7,397	4,812	1,003	706	13,918	53.1%	34.6%	7.2%	5.1%
2020	6,239	3,222	894	565	10,920	57.1%	29.5%	8.2%	5.2%
2021	6,242	3,469	1,118	730	11,559	54.0%	30.0%	9.7%	6.3%
2022	5,981	3,748	1,167	749	11,645	51.4%	32.2%	10.0%	6.4%
2023	6,318	4,567	1,703	869	13,457	46.9%	33.9%	12.7%	6.5%
2024	7,090	4,052	2,202	1,214	14,558	48.7%	27.8%	15.1%	8.3%
2025	7,993	3,846	2,519	1,240	15,598	51.2%	24.7%	16.1%	7.9%
% Change 2024 - 2025	12.7%	-5.1%	14.4%	2.1%	7.1%	-	-	-	-
Avg Annual % Change 2016 - 2025	-4.6%	6.6%	27.9%	20.4%	-0.1%	-	-	-	-

Source: Bond release data was pulled from the December Monthly CJIS Reports for years 2016-2025, Criminal Justice Planning, 2/13/2026.

Notes:

- a) Bonding company releases are when the arrestee, or a person on behalf of the arrestee, pays a fee to a bonding company and remains out of jail during the legal process.
- b) A pretrial release is when the arrestee is released to the pretrial supervision program and remains out of jail during the legal process.
- c) Other bond releases are where the arrestee is released from jail by other means such as paying with cash, credit, or property bonds. ROR is released on own recognizance.

CHART 4: TOTAL NUMBER OF BOND RELEASES BY YEAR, 2016 – 2025

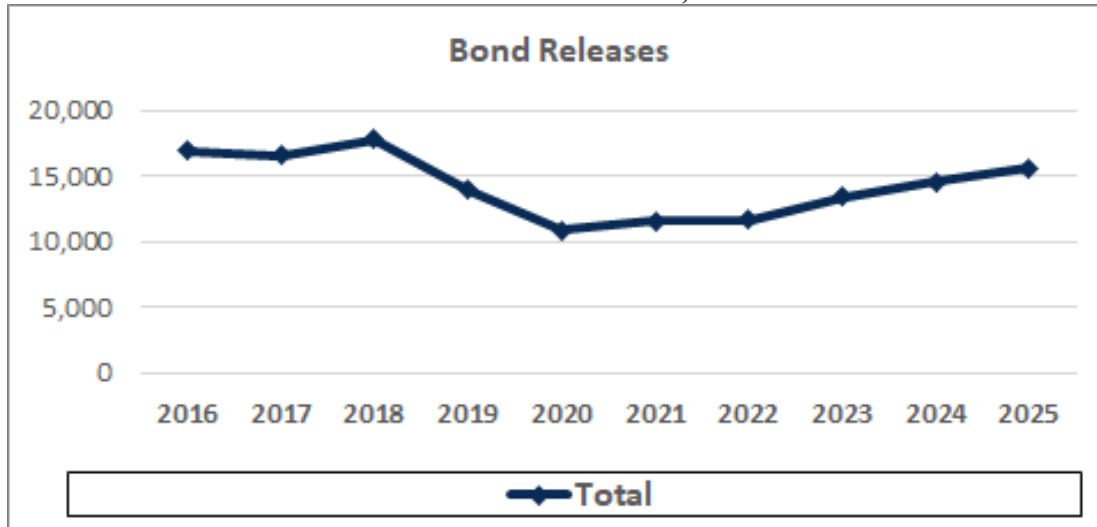
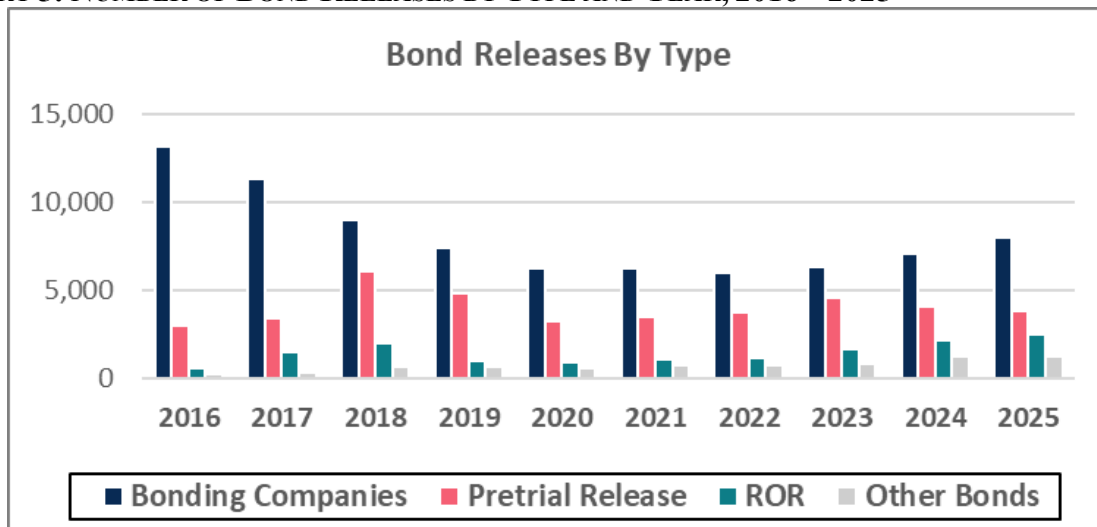


CHART 5: NUMBER OF BOND RELEASES BY TYPE AND YEAR, 2016 – 2025

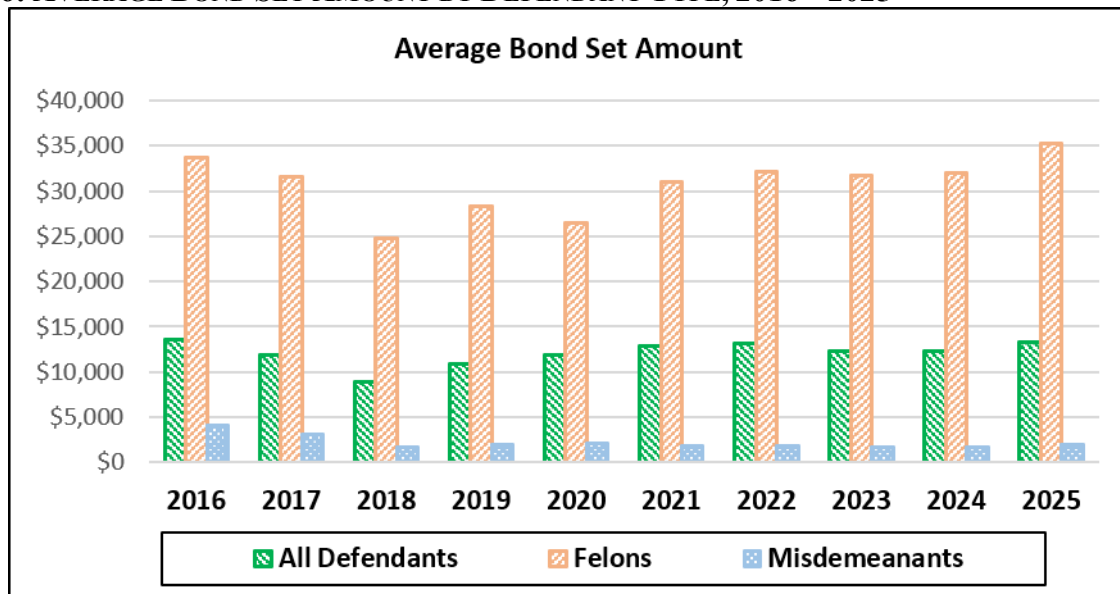


Bond Set Amount

TABLE 8: AVERAGE BOND SET AMOUNT BY DEFENDANT TYPE, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	All Defendants: Average Bond Set Amount ^{1, 4, 8}	Felons: Average Bond Set Amount ^{2, 4, 8}	Misdemeanants: Average Bond Set Amount ^{2, 4, 8}
2016	\$13,560	\$33,624	\$4,052
2017	\$11,871	\$31,616	\$3,124
2018	\$8,865	\$24,807	\$1,649
2019	\$10,865	\$28,327	\$1,899
2020	\$11,820	\$26,427	\$2,049
2021	\$12,833	\$31,043	\$1,839
2022	\$13,091	\$32,168	\$1,856
2023	\$12,326	\$31,737	\$1,669
2024	\$12,246	\$32,055	\$1,709
2025	\$13,264	\$35,239	\$1,888
% Change 2024- 2025	8.3%	9.9%	10.5%
Average Annual % Change 2016- 2025	0.7%	1.2%	-6.0%

CHART 6: AVERAGE BOND SET AMOUNT BY DEFENDANT TYPE, 2016 – 2025



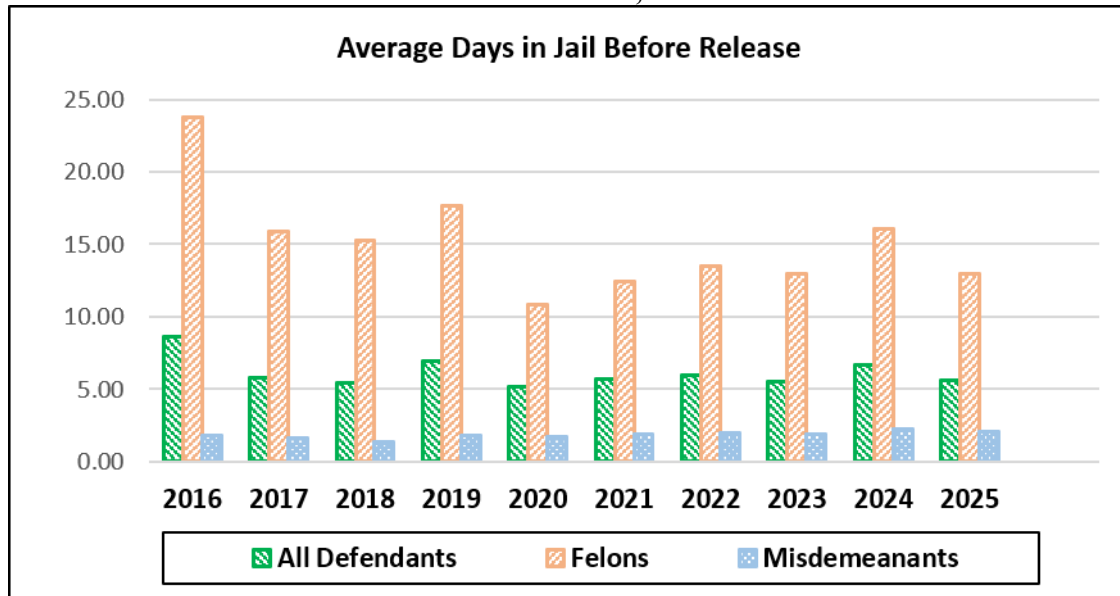
Source: "Davidson County Bond Information -- Bond Amounts, Bond Post Methods, and Days Spent in Jail", published monthly by Criminal Justice Planning.

Days in Jail Before Release

TABLE 9: AVERAGE NUMBER OF DAYS IN JAIL BEFORE RELEASE BY DEFENDANT TYPE, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	All Defendants: Average Number of Jail Days Until Release ^{1, 7, 8}	Felons: Average Number of Jail Days Until Release ^{2, 7, 8}	Misdemeanants: Average Number of Jail Days Until Release ^{2, 7, 8}
2016	8.64	23.75	1.83
2017	5.78	15.86	1.67
2018	5.45	15.29	1.32
2019	6.95	17.68	1.83
2020	5.19	10.81	1.74
2021	5.66	12.42	1.90
2022	5.92	13.46	1.95
2023	5.54	12.93	1.85
2024	6.71	16.09	2.23
2025	5.58	12.99	2.10
% Change 2024- 2025	0.7%	0.5%	13.5%
Average Annual % Change 2016- 2025	-1.7%	-2.3%	4.3%

CHART 7: AVERAGE DAYS IN JAIL BY DEFENDANT TYPE, 2016 – 2025



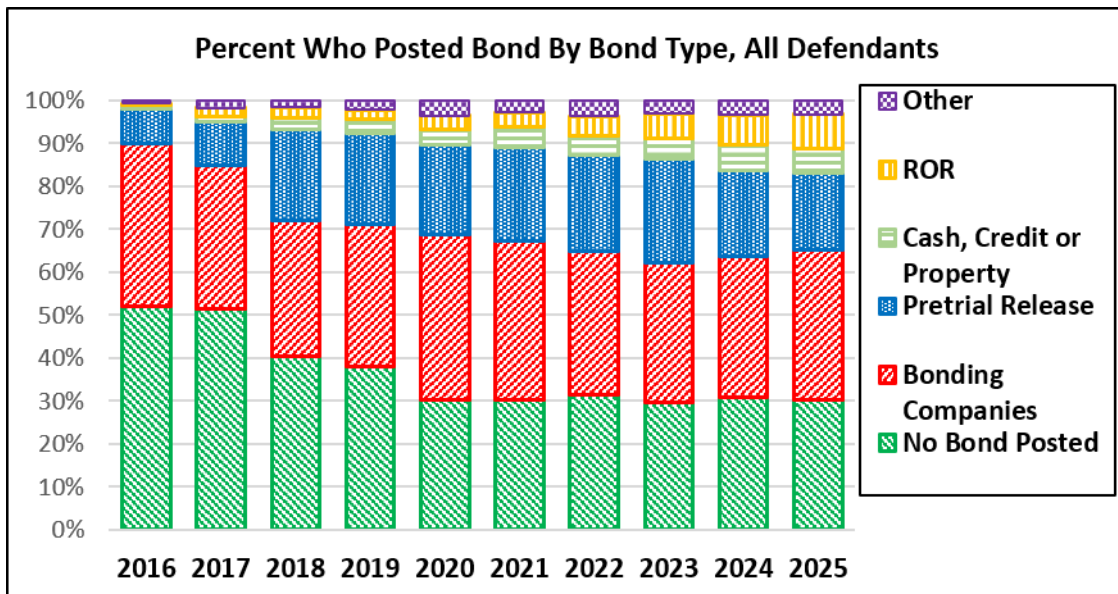
Source: "Davidson County Bond Information -- Bond Amounts, Bond Post Methods, and Days Spent in Jail", published monthly by Criminal Justice Planning.

Percent Bond Posted

TABLE 10.1: PERCENT OF DEFENDANTS WHO POSTED BOND BY BOND TYPE – ALL DEFENDANTS, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	% No Bond Was Posted at Release ^{1, 3, 6}	% Bonding Companies ^{1, 3, 5}	% Pretrial Release ^{1, 3, 5}	% Cash, Credit or Property ^{1, 3, 5}	% ROR ^{1, 3, 5}	% Other ^{1, 3, 6}
2016	52.0%	38.0%	8.0%	0.8%	0.5%	0.6%
2017	51.5%	33.3%	10.2%	1.3%	1.9%	1.8%
2018	40.5%	31.5%	21.3%	2.6%	2.5%	1.6%
2019	38.0%	33.1%	21.2%	3.4%	2.2%	2.1%
2020	30.2%	38.5%	20.8%	3.7%	3.2%	3.6%
2021	30.4%	37.1%	21.7%	4.7%	3.3%	2.8%
2022	31.6%	33.3%	22.2%	4.5%	4.5%	3.7%
2023	29.8%	32.5%	24.3%	4.6%	5.9%	3.1%
2024	30.8%	33.0%	19.9%	6.1%	6.8%	3.4%
2025	30.3%	35.1%	17.6%	5.8%	7.9%	3.3%
Average 2016-2025	36.5%	34.5%	18.7%	3.8%	3.9%	2.6%

CHART 8.1: PERCENT OF DEFENDANTS WHO POSTED BOND BY BOND TYPE – ALL DEFENDANTS, 2016 – 2025

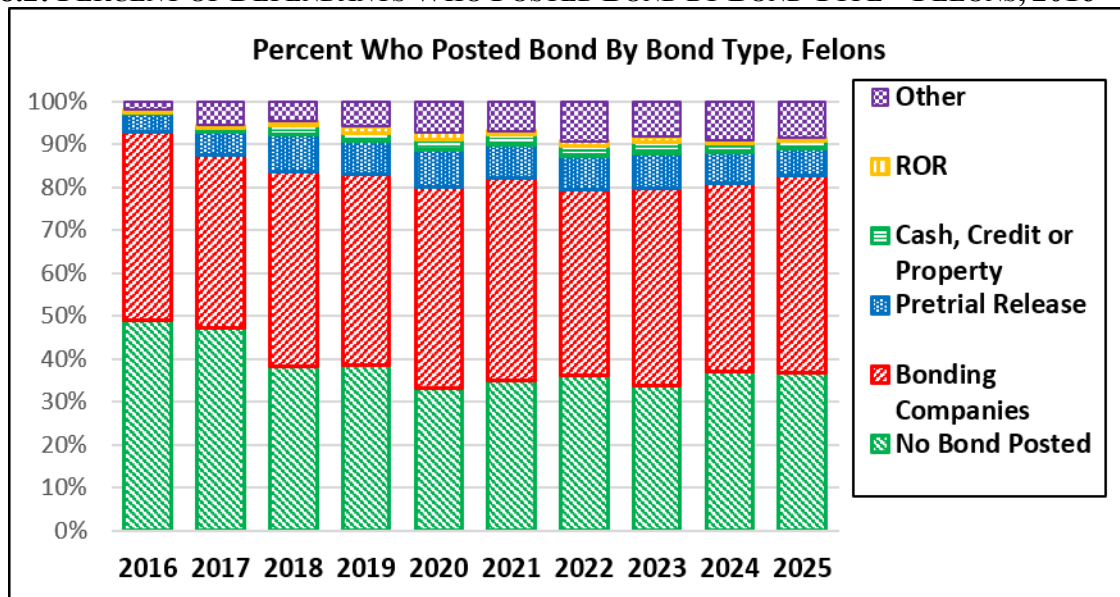


Source: "Davidson County Bond Information -- Bond Amounts, Bond Post Methods, and Days Spent in Jail", published monthly by Criminal Justice Planning.

TABLE 10.2: PERCENT OF DEFENDANTS WHO POSTED BOND BY BOND TYPE – FELONS, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	% No Bond Was Posted at Release ^{2, 3, 6}	% Bonding Companies ^{2, 3, 5}	% Pretrial Release ^{2, 3, 5}	% Cash, Credit or Property ^{2, 3, 5}	% ROR ^{2, 3, 5}	% Other ^{1, 2, 3, 6}
2016	49.1%	43.9%	4.0%	0.5%	0.6%	1.9%
2017	47.4%	40.2%	5.4%	0.8%	0.8%	5.4%
2018	38.3%	45.3%	8.8%	1.9%	1.0%	4.6%
2019	38.7%	44.3%	7.8%	1.9%	1.5%	5.8%
2020	33.3%	46.6%	8.7%	2.3%	1.9%	7.1%
2021	35.1%	47.0%	7.9%	2.2%	1.0%	6.9%
2022	36.1%	43.3%	7.9%	2.4%	1.0%	9.2%
2023	33.9%	45.8%	8.2%	2.7%	1.1%	8.2%
2024	37.1%	44.1%	7.0%	2.2%	0.8%	8.9%
2025	36.8%	45.8%	6.4%	1.8%	0.7%	8.4%
Average 2016-2025	38.6%	44.6%	7.2%	1.9%	1.0%	6.6%

CHART 8.2: PERCENT OF DEFENDANTS WHO POSTED BOND BY BOND TYPE – FELONS, 2016 – 2025

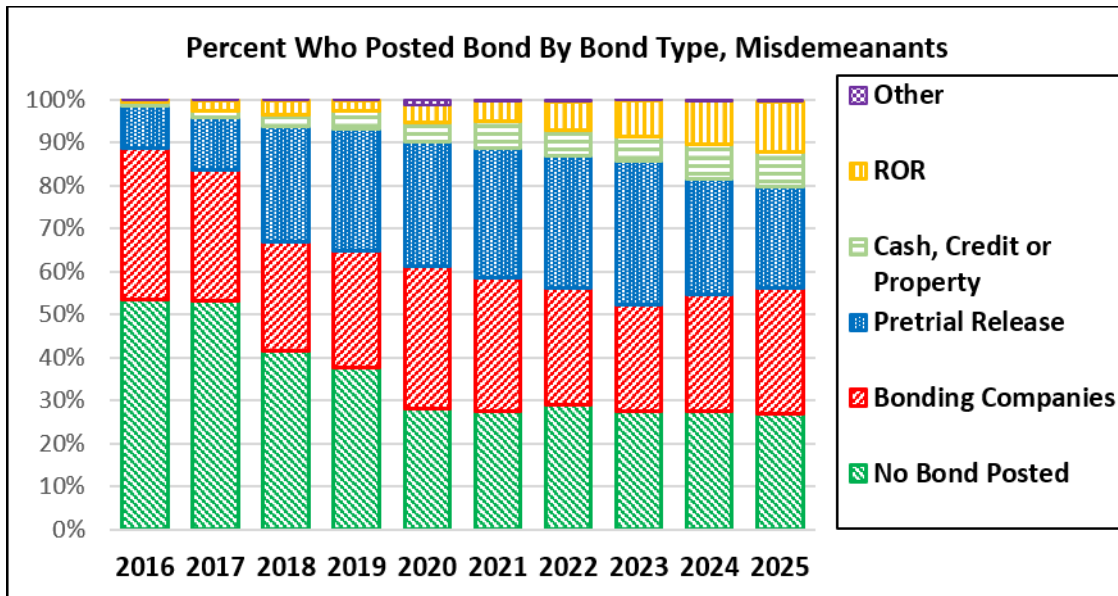


Source: "Davidson County Bond Information -- Bond Amounts, Bond Post Methods, and Days Spent in Jail", published monthly by Criminal Justice Planning.

TABLE 10.3: PERCENT OF DEFENDANTS WHO POSTED BOND BY BOND TYPE – MISDEMEANANTS, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	% No Bond Was Posted at Release ^{2, 3, 6}	% Bonding Companies ^{2, 3, 5}	% Pretrial Release ^{2, 3, 5}	% Cash, Credit or Property ^{2, 3, 5}	% ROR ^{2, 3, 5}	% Other ^{1, 2, 3, 6}
2016	53.4%	35.1%	9.9%	1.0%	0.5%	0.0%
2017	53.3%	30.2%	12.3%	1.6%	2.5%	0.2%
2018	41.5%	25.2%	27.0%	2.9%	3.2%	0.2%
2019	37.7%	27.2%	28.2%	4.2%	2.5%	0.2%
2020	28.1%	33.1%	29.0%	4.6%	4.0%	1.2%
2021	27.5%	31.0%	30.2%	6.3%	4.8%	0.3%
2022	28.9%	27.3%	30.8%	5.9%	6.6%	0.5%
2023	27.4%	24.9%	33.3%	5.6%	8.5%	0.2%
2024	27.4%	27.1%	26.9%	8.1%	10.1%	0.4%
2025	26.8%	29.4%	23.6%	8.0%	11.7%	0.5%
Average 2016-2025	35.2%	29.1%	25.1%	4.8%	5.4%	0.4%

CHART 8.3: PERCENT OF DEFENDANTS WHO POSTED BOND BY BOND TYPE – MISDEMEANANTS, 2016 – 2025



Source: "Davidson County Bond Information -- Bond Amounts, Bond Post Methods, and Days Spent in Jail", published monthly by Criminal Justice Planning.

NOTES FOR TABLES 8 – 10.3:

- 1) Data includes all defendants with warrants on new cases filed in General Sessions Court. Felony and misdemeanor arrested charges are included. Each defendant represents a single person and all charges filed against that person at the time the person is taken into custody. Bond and case disposition data are accurate as of the date the data was pulled. Defendants with an incomplete bond status as of that date are considered pending. Therefore, defendants in this report have either posted bond, had their charges disposed, or were pending. Defendants bound over to Criminal Court are included if they have posted bond, been disposed in Criminal Court, or were pending at report date.
- 2) The charge type (felony, misdemeanor) and charge classification are determined using the most serious arrested charge for the defendant at case filing date. Civil charges are included in the total but excluded in the detail lists.
- 3) Bond information is determined using Bond Set, Bond Reset, and Bond Post events and bond payment tables in CJIS.
- 4) Bond Set: Monetary bond amounts are at the defendant level. Bond set amounts are the sum of all bonds set for all charges pending when the defendant is brought into custody. The bond amount set is the amount that is forfeited if the defendant fails to appear in court or to comply with the conditions of the bond. In situations where the bond amount is reset then the reset amount is used in this report.
- 5) Bond Post: In Davidson County, after a defendant is arrested and brought to custody a commissioner sets a bail bond amount. Once the bond is set, the accused can pay the cash amount, obtain a property bond, get released to the Pretrial program, get released on their own recognizance (ROR), or hire a professional bond company (surety bond).
- 6) No Bond Posted: The defendant's charges were disposed, and no bond was posted prior to disposition. A small number were released prior to disposition without posting bond at the discretion of the court. "Other" indicates the data was still pending or incomplete at report date.
- 7) Days in Jail: Calculated using the number of days in jail from case filing to jail release upon posting bond. Pending cases were excluded. If no bond was posted by the disposition date, we used the number of days in jail from case filing to case disposition. If the defendant was bound over to Criminal Court, jail days included all days from case filing in General Sessions Court up to bond posting or disposition while in Criminal Court.
- 8) Statistics on bond amounts and jail days were calculated using values within 2 standard deviations + or - the mean to remove extreme values. Two standard deviations around the mean account for approximately 95% of the data population.

Source: "Davidson County Bond Information -- Bond Amounts, Bond Post Methods, and Days Spent in Jail", published monthly by Criminal Justice Planning.

General Sessions Filings

TABLE 11: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF DEFENDANTS WITH FILINGS IN GENERAL SESSIONS COURT, 2016 - 2025

Years	Warrants	Citations	Boundover	Total	Warrants Percentage	Citations Percentage	Boundover Percentage
2016	4,268	25,159	33,476	62,903	6.8%	40.0%	53.2%
2017	2,924	23,786	30,476	57,186	5.1%	41.6%	53.3%
2018	3,880	21,135	23,376	48,391	8.0%	43.7%	48.3%
2019	1,574	16,788	8,786	27,148	5.8%	61.8%	32.4%
2020	941	12,865	4,323	18,129	5.2%	71.0%	23.8%
2021	1,165	13,013	3,740	17,918	6.5%	72.6%	20.9%
2022	2,440	13,824	3,441	19,705	12.4%	70.2%	17.5%
2023	7,144	16,029	4,127	27,300	26.2%	58.7%	15.1%
2024	5,926	17,700	4,272	27,898	21.2%	63.4%	15.3%
2025	5,731	18,691	4,596	29,018	19.7%	64.4%	15.8%
% Change 2024 - 2025	-3.3%	5.6%	7.6%	4.0%	-	-	-
Avg Annual % Change 2016 - 2025	23.0%	-2.4%	-15.1%	-5.3%	-	-	-

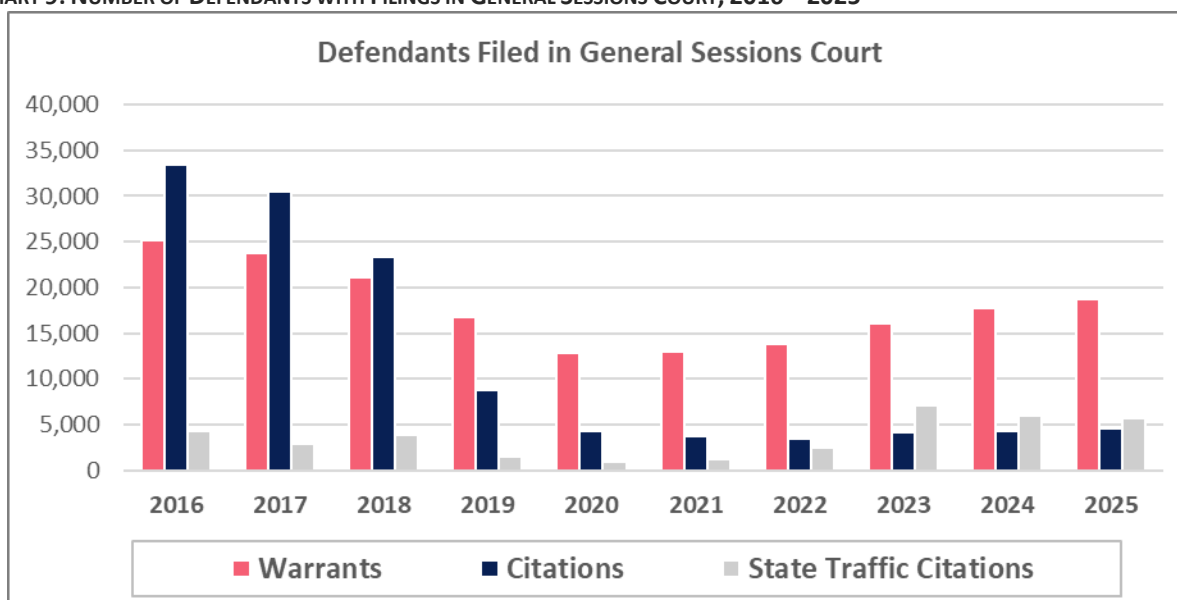
Source: Criminal Court data was pulled from the December Monthly CJIS Reports for years 2016-2025, Criminal Justice Planning, 2/13/2026.

Notes:

- A new case is filed in General Sessions Court once a warrant or citation is served and booked.
- The data analyzes all defendants filed in General Sessions Court during the years 2016-2025. A defendant may have multiple charges, which can be warrants, citations, or summons. Defendants are counted once on each date they have charges filed, regardless of number of charges.

* Percent totals may not equal 100% due to rounding.

CHART 9: NUMBER OF DEFENDANTS WITH FILINGS IN GENERAL SESSIONS COURT, 2016 – 2025



General Sessions Concluded

TABLE 12: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF DEFENDANTS CONCLUDED IN GENERAL SESSIONS COURT, 2016 - 2025

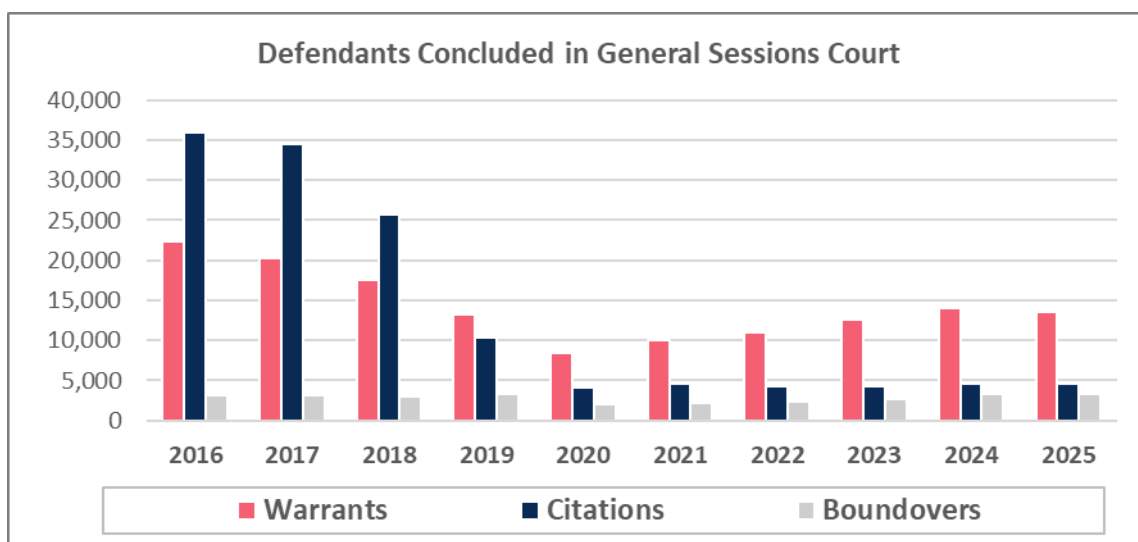
Years	Warrants	Citations	Boundover	Total	Warrants Percentage	Citations Percentage	Boundover Percentage
2016	22,353	35,899	3,221	61,473	36.4%	58.4%	5.2%
2017	20,260	34,534	3,215	58,009	34.9%	59.5%	5.5%
2018	17,485	25,751	2,950	46,186	37.9%	55.8%	6.4%
2019	13,222	10,354	3,294	26,870	49.2%	38.5%	12.3%
2020	8,408	4,175	2,030	14,613	57.5%	28.6%	13.9%
2021	10,042	4,662	2,239	16,943	59.3%	27.5%	13.2%
2022	11,052	4,332	2,314	17,698	62.4%	24.5%	13.1%
2023	12,630	4,252	2,722	19,604	64.4%	21.7%	13.9%
2024	14,008	4,633	3,279	21,920	63.9%	21.1%	15.0%
2025	13,502	4,608	3,337	21,447	63.0%	21.5%	15.6%
% Change 2024 - 2025	-3.6%	-0.5%	1.8%	-2.2%	-	-	-
Avg Annual % Change 2016 - 2025	-3.6%	-15.3%	2.0%	-8.1%	-	-	-

Source: Criminal Court data was pulled from the December Monthly CJIS Reports for years 2016-2025, Criminal Justice Planning, 2/13/2026.

Notes:

- The data analyzes all defendants concluded in General Sessions Court during the years 2016-2025. A defendant may have multiple concluded charges, which can be warrants, citations, or summons. Defendants are counted once on each date they have charges concluded, regardless of number of charges.
- Concluded in General Session Court is defined as disposed or bound over to Criminal Court. Charges are disposed when they receive a final disposition such as guilty, not guilty, or dismissed. Bound over to Criminal Court indicates that a General Sessions Judge sent the charges to the Grand Jury.

* Percent totals may not equal 100% due to rounding.



Criminal Court Filings

TABLE 13: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF DEFENDANTS WITH FILINGS IN CRIMINAL COURT, 2016 - 2025

Years	Informations (a)	Presentment/ Indictments (b)	GS Appeals (c)	Probation Violations	Total	Informations Percentage	Presentment/ Indictments Percentage	GS Appeals Percentage	Probation Violations Percentage
2016	1,047	3,042	73	3,458	7,620	13.7%	39.9%	1.0%	45.4%
2017	786	3,315	107	3,221	7,429	10.6%	44.6%	1.4%	43.4%
2018	598	3,153	55	3,113	6,919	8.6%	45.6%	0.8%	45.0%
2019	546	3,405	34	2,705	6,690	8.2%	50.9%	0.5%	40.4%
2020	496	2,498	29	1,820	4,843	10.2%	51.6%	0.6%	37.6%
2021	488	2,295	21	1,837	4,641	10.5%	49.5%	0.5%	39.6%
2022	497	2,594	13	1,695	4,799	10.4%	54.1%	0.3%	35.3%
2023	623	2,738	17	2,789	6,167	10.1%	44.4%	0.3%	45.2%
2024	711	2,979	17	2,992	6,699	10.6%	44.5%	0.3%	44.7%
2025	843	3,915	16	3,335	8,109	10.4%	48.3%	0.2%	41.1%
% Change 2024 - 2025	18.6%	31.4%	-5.9%	11.5%	21.0%	-	-	-	-
Avg Annual % Change 2016 - 2025	-0.9%	4.0%	-10.6%	2.3%	1.9%	-	-	-	-

Source: Criminal Court data was pulled from the December Monthly CJIS Reports for years 2016-2025, Criminal Justice Planning, 2/13/2026.

Notes:

- An information is filed when a defendant agrees to waive the Grand Jury process, usually in return for a negotiated plea agreement in Criminal Court. The District Attorney prepares and files the Criminal Information in Criminal Court. Once filed, the Criminal Information is docketed and resolved in Criminal Court. A pretrial release is when the arrestee is released to the pretrial supervision program and remains out of jail during the legal process.
- A presentment is when a case goes directly to the Grand Jury either by a 'sealed indictment' or when a General Session Judge dismisses a case and the District Attorney's Office decides to continue to prosecute the case. If the Grand Jury determines there is probable cause that the person committed the crime, the case is then set for a hearing in Criminal Court. An Indictment is when the Grand Jury determines there is probable cause that the arrestee committed the crime for which he/she is accused. The case is then set for a hearing in Criminal Court.
- When a defendant is convicted in GS Court, he/she has a right to a trial de novo in Criminal Court. The case is filed as a GS Appeal.

* Percent totals may not equal 100% due to rounding.

CHART 10: TOTAL DEFENDANTS WITH NEW FILINGS IN CRIMINAL COURT AND NUMBER OF DEFENDANTS FILED IN CRIMINAL COURT BY TYPE AND YEAR, 2016 – 2025

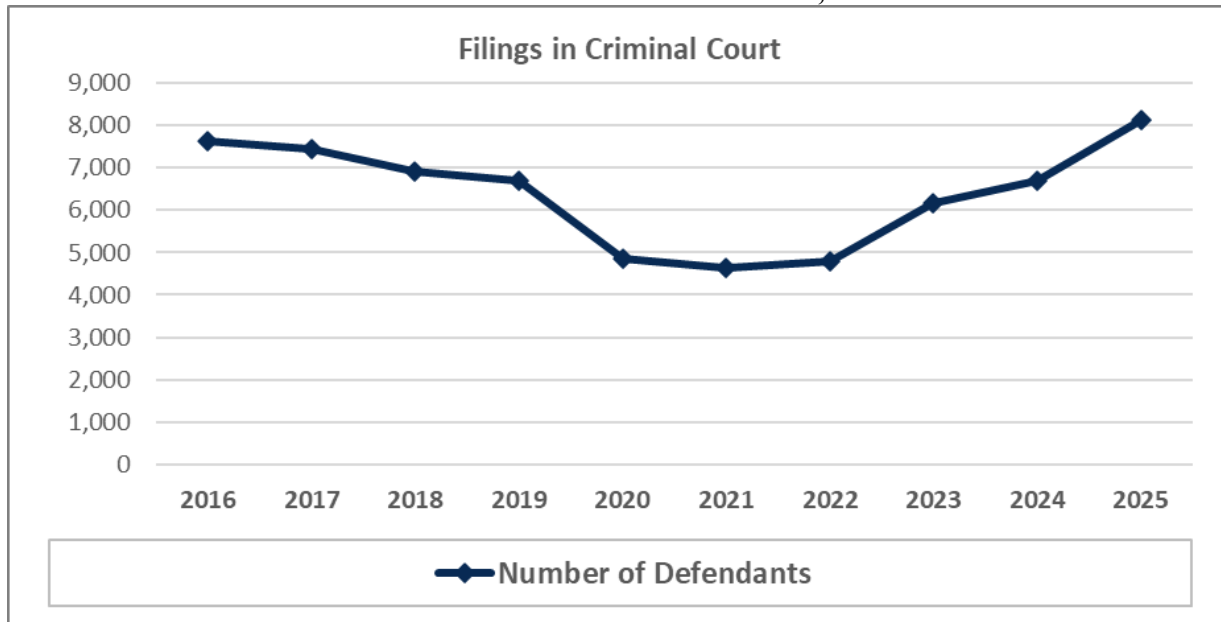
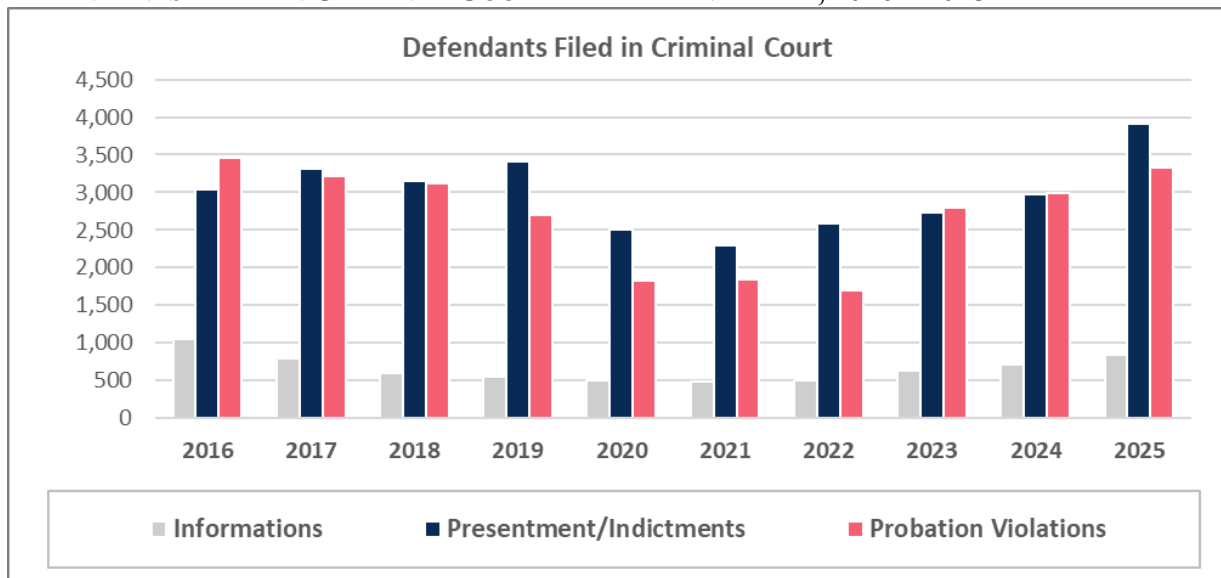


CHART 11: TOTAL DEFENDANTS WITH NEW FILINGS IN CRIMINAL COURT AND NUMBER OF DEFENDANTS FILED IN CRIMINAL COURT BY TYPE AND YEAR, 2016 – 2025



Criminal Court Concluded

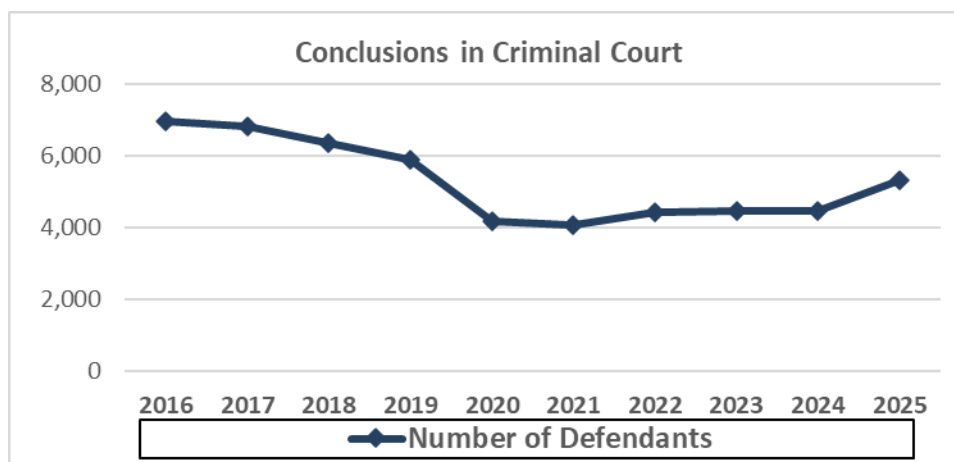
TABLE 14: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF DEFENDANTS WITH FILINGS IN CRIMINAL COURT, 2016 – 2025

Years	Concluded	Probation Violations Concluded	Total	Concluded Percentage	Probation Violations Concluded Percentage
2016	3,900	3,046	6,946	56.1%	43.9%
2017	3,925	2,876	6,801	57.7%	42.3%
2018	3,662	2,671	6,333	57.8%	42.2%
2019	3,629	2,240	5,869	61.8%	38.2%
2020	2,715	1,458	4,173	65.1%	34.9%
2021	2,633	1,432	4,065	64.8%	35.2%
2022	3,076	1,330	4,406	69.8%	30.2%
2023	3,118	1,318	4,436	70.3%	29.7%
2024	3,144	1,318	4,462	70.5%	29.5%
2025	3,930	1,390	5,320	73.9%	26.1%
% Change 2024 - 2025	25.0%	5.5%	19.2%	-	-
Avg Annual % Change 2016 - 2025	1.0%	-7.6%	-2.1%	-	-

Source: Criminal court conclusions were pulled from the December Monthly CJIS Reports for 2016-2025. Criminal Justice Planning, 2/13/2026.

Notes:

The data analyzes all defendants disposed in Criminal Court during the years 2016-2025. A Criminal Court case can have multiple co-defendants. Each defendant is analyzed separately. Also, a defendant can have multiple counts per Criminal Court case. Defendants are included in the report only when all their counts in a case are disposed. Disposed is defined as receiving a final disposition such as guilty, not guilty, or dismissed. Defendants are included once on each date they receive a final disposition on all counts of a case, regardless of number of charges disposed. * Percent totals may not equal 100% due to rounding.



Case Processing Times

General Sessions Court

TABLE 15.1: GENERAL SESSIONS CASE PROCESSING TIMES - ALL DEFENDANTS, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	Average Number of Days from Arrest to Conclusion
2016	74.5
2017	73.2
2018	81.8
2019	105.3
2020	122.6
2021	198.0
2022	156.9
2023	114.6
2024	90.4
2025	87.0
% Change 2024-2025	-3.8%
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	4.9%

TABLE 15.2: GENERAL SESSIONS CASE PROCESSING TIMES BY CONCLUSION TYPE, 2016 - 2025

YEAR	BOUNDOVERS: Average Number of Days from Arrest to Boundover	DISPOSITIONS: Average Number of Days from Arrest to Disposition
2016	41.9	78.1
2017	40.8	77.0
2018	62.9	84.5
2019	80.4	111.7
2020	77.5	136.7
2021	143.3	212.2
2022	92.6	174.9
2023	75.5	127.4
2024	66.9	98.7
2025	58.0	97.5
% Change 2024-2025	-13.4%	-1.1%
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	9.1%	5.5%

TABLE 15.3: GENERAL SESSIONS CASE PROCESSING TIMES BY JAIL STATUS, 2016 - 2025

YEAR	JAIL: Average Number of Days from Arrest to Conclusion	BOND: Average Number of Days from Arrest to Conclusion
2016	8.3	98.6
2017	8.3	96.8
2018	10.2	104.7
2019	12.3	144.3
2020	15.0	191.8
2021	18.1	278.7
2022	16.8	235.2
2023	17.4	171.4
2024	16.2	136.8
2025	14.2	138.3
% Change 2024-2025	-12.1%	1.1%
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	7.0%	6.7%

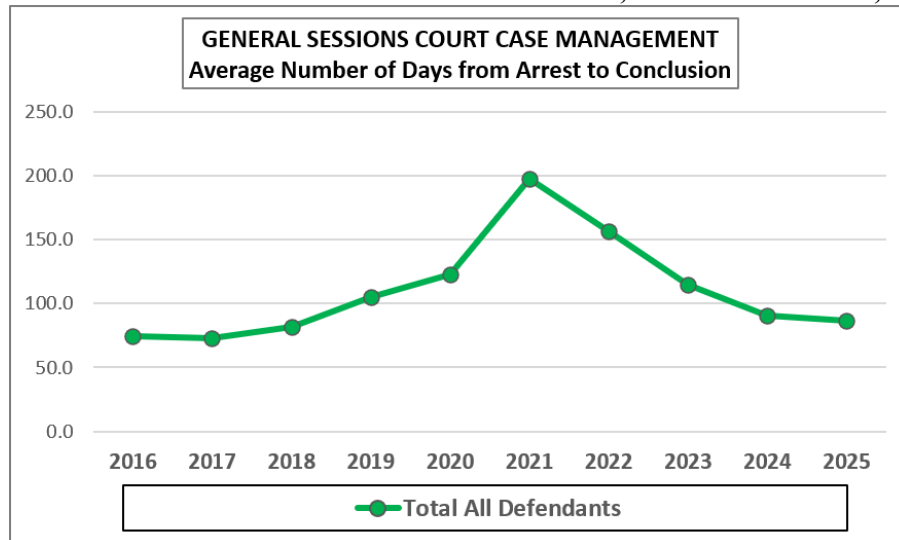
CHART 12.1: GENERAL SESSIONS CASE PROCESSING TIMES, ALL DEFENDANTS, 2016 – 2025

CHART 12.2: GENERAL SESSIONS CASE PROCESSING TIMES BY CONCLUSION TYPE, 2016 – 2025

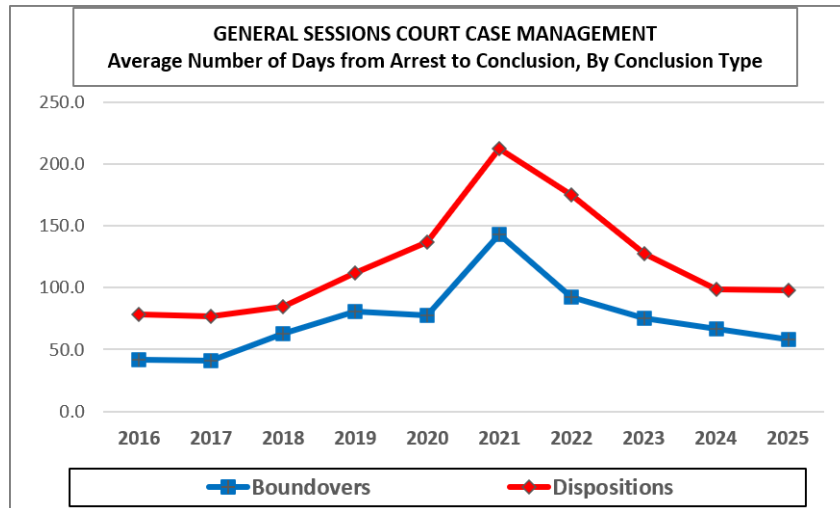
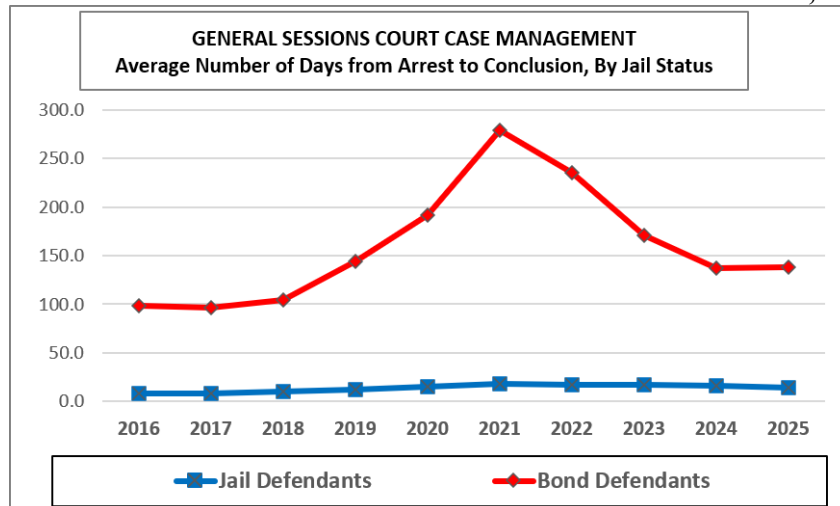


CHART 12.3: GENERAL SESSIONS CASE PROCESSING TIMES BY JAIL STATUS, 2016 – 2025



Notes:

- The data analyzes all defendants concluded in General Sessions Court. A defendant may have multiple concluded charges, which can be warrants, citations, or summons. Defendants are counted once on each date they have charges concluded, regardless of number of charges.
- Concluded in General Session Court is defined as disposed or bound over to Criminal Court. Charges are disposed of when they receive a final disposition such as guilty, not guilty, or dismissed. Bound over to Criminal Court indicates that a General Sessions Judge sent the charges to the Grand Jury.
- The number of days is calculated from date of arrest (physical arrest, warrant served, citation or summons issued) to the date the charges are concluded in General Sessions Court. Conclusion is the date that a General Sessions judge issues a final disposition or the date a charge is sent to the Grand Jury (bound over). Averages were calculated using values that fell within 2 standard deviations from the mean, to exclude extreme values. Two standard deviations account for approximately 95% of the data.
- Jail status is determined by counting the number of days the defendant spent in custody until the charges were concluded. Jail status is defined as Jail when the defendant was incarcerated the majority of days (>50%) between arrest and conclusion .

Source: Case management statistics were pulled from Criminal Justice Planning's 4th Quarter Case Management Reports.

Criminal Court

TABLE 16.1: CRIMINAL COURT CASE PROCESSING TIMES, ALL DEFENDANTS, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	Average Number of Days From Boundover to Filing in Criminal Court	Average Number of Days From Filing in Criminal Court to Disposition
2016	62.1	200.2
2017	69.1	223.6
2018	71.9	236.5
2019	67.0	257.9
2020	73.8	278.5
2021	82.6	381.3
2022	74.5	392.3
2023	78.9	365.4
2024	80.4	348.6
2025	106.4	333.6
% Change 2024-2025	32.3%	-4.3%
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	6.8%	6.5%

TABLE 16.2: CRIMINAL COURT CASE PROCESSING TIMES BY CASE TYPE, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	INDICTMENTS: Average Number of Days From Boundover to Filing in Criminal Court	INDICTMENTS: Average Number of Days From Filing in Criminal Court to Disposition	INFORMATION AGREEMENTS: Average Number of Days From Boundover to Filing in Criminal Court	INFORMATION AGREEMENTS: Average Number of Days From Filing in Criminal Court to Disposition	DIRECT PRESENTMENTS: Average Number of Days From Boundover to Filing in Criminal Court	DIRECT PRESENTMENTS: Average Number of Days From Filing in Criminal Court to Disposition
2016	90.9	250.4	27.3	30.0	N/A	312.7
2017	97.3	266.6	23.4	37.8	N/A	318.6
2018	93.3	267.2	34.6	36.1	N/A	319.1
2019	84.9	286.4	26.1	33.5	N/A	364.9
2020	97.8	317.7	17.9	43.7	N/A	401.8
2021	109.8	442.8	10.9	49.1	N/A	459.3
2022	102.5	460.8	10.7	42.9	N/A	453.6
2023	110.8	432.0	11.6	44.9	N/A	469.0
2024	119.4	438.5	12.7	53.6	N/A	421.9
2025	154.4	405.2	12.5	43.7	N/A	466.7
% Change 2024- 2025	29.3%	-7.6%	-1.4%	-18.4%	N/A	10.6%
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	6.7%	6.2%	-5.2%	5.6%	N/A	4.8%

CHART 13.1: CRIMINAL COURT CASE PROCESSING TIMES, ALL DEFENDANTS, 2016 – 2025

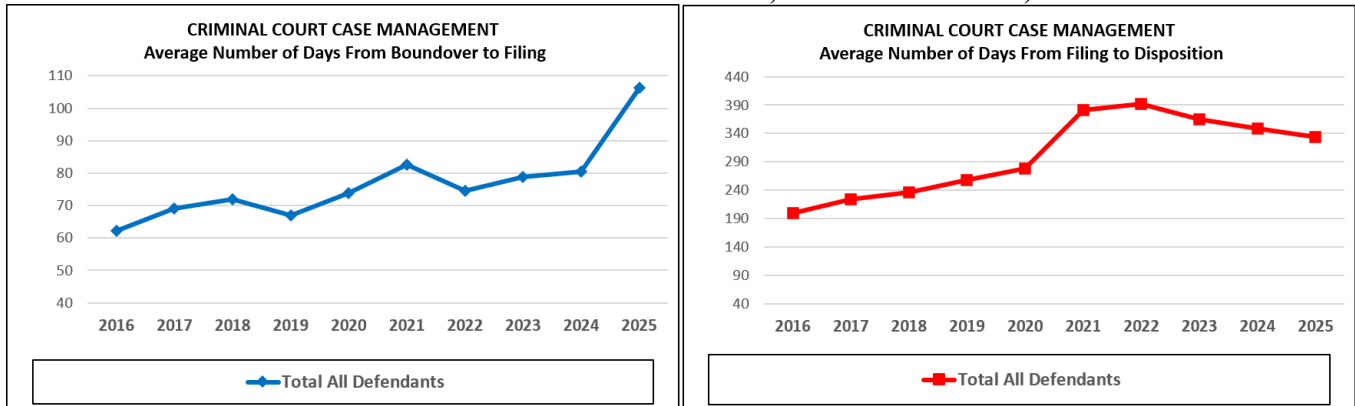


CHART 13.2: CRIMINAL COURT CASE PROCESSING TIMES BY CASE TYPE, 2016 – 2025

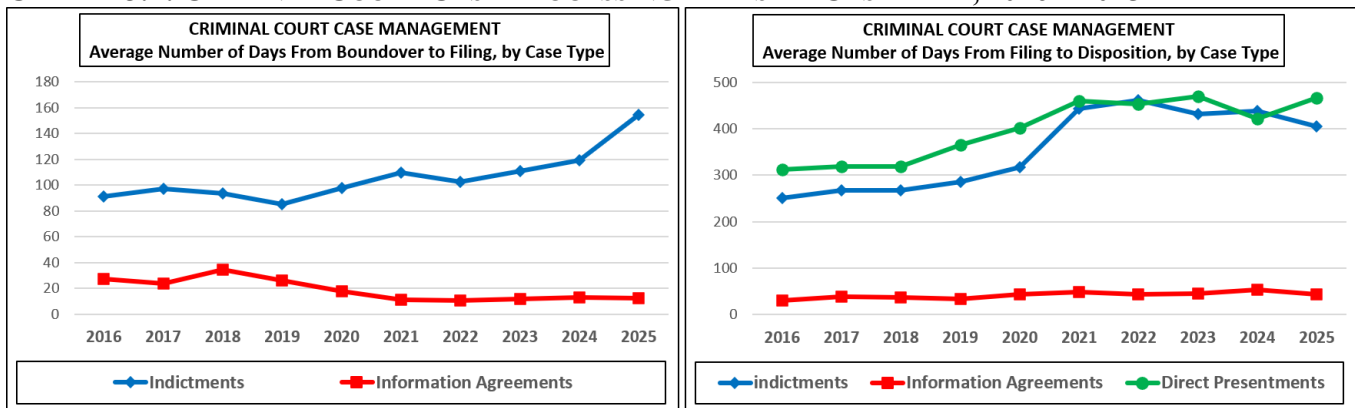


TABLE 17.1: CRIMINAL COURT CASE PROCESSING TIMES BY TRIAL STATUS, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	NON-TRIAL: Average Number of Days From Boundover to Filing in Criminal Court	NON-TRIAL: Average Number of Days From Filing in Criminal Court to Disposition	TRIAL: Average Number of Days From Boundover to Filing in Criminal Court	TRIAL: Average Number of Days From Filing in Criminal Court to Disposition
2016	61.9	189.0	70.7	671.1
2017	69.0	215.0	75.2	578.1
2018	72.0	227.8	69.4	539.6
2019	66.8	249.9	74.9	556.8
2020	73.7	273.6	81.9	605.5
2021	82.4	371.0	94.9	1,026.1
2022	74.4	382.5	77.7	839.9
2023	78.9	352.2	80.1	960.2
2024	80.3	336.9	87.9	1,005.1
2025	106.8	318.7	89.9	1,000.7
% Change 2024-2025	32.9%	-5.4%	2.2%	-0.4%
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	6.9%	6.7%	3.2%	6.8%

TABLE 17.2: CRIMINAL COURT CASE PROCESSING TIMES BY JAIL STATUS, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	JAIL: Average Number of Days From Boundover to Filing in Criminal Court	JAIL: Average Number of Days From Filing in Criminal Court to Disposition	BOND: Average Number of Days From Boundover to Filing in Criminal Court	BOND: Average Number of Days From Filing in Criminal Court to Disposition
2016	52.2	152.4	70.4	239.9
2017	58.3	180.9	77.8	257.8
2018	64.7	201.1	76.6	259.3
2019	60.8	233.4	70.8	272.9
2020	58.7	218.0	83.4	316.9
2021	61.6	277.7	94.3	439.1
2022	60.0	290.7	82.2	446.8
2023	63.5	265.8	89.0	430.9
2024	66.2	265.8	91.4	412.5
2025	86.8	264.2	125.4	400.9
% Change 2024-2025	31.0%	-0.6%	37.2%	-2.8%
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	6.3%	6.9%	7.5%	6.6%

CHART 14.1: CRIMINAL COURT CASE PROCESSING TIMES BY TRIAL STATUS, 2016 – 2025

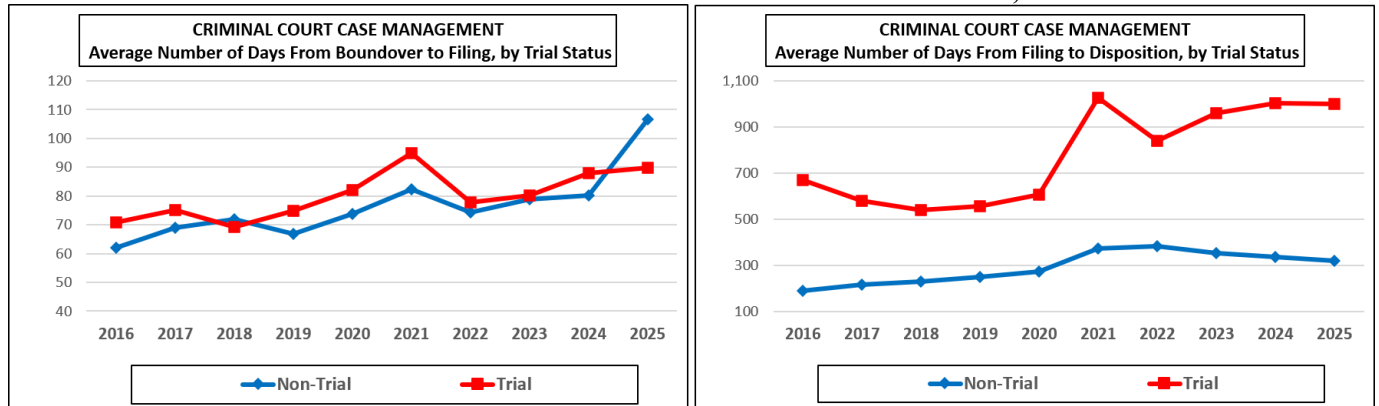
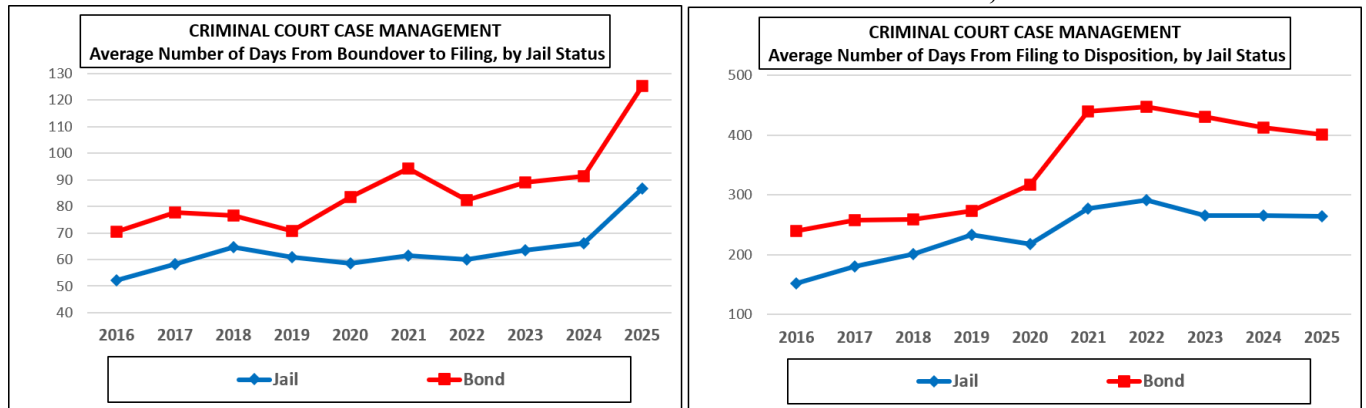


CHART 14.2: CRIMINAL COURT CASE PROCESSING TIMES BY JAIL STATUS, 2016 – 2025



Notes:

- (a) The data analyzes all defendants disposed in Criminal Court. A Criminal Court case can have multiple co-defendants. Each defendant is analyzed separately. Also, a defendant can have multiple counts per Criminal Court case. Defendants are included in the report only when all their counts in a case are disposed. Disposed is defined as receiving a final disposition such as guilty, not guilty, or dismissed. Defendants are included when they receive a final disposition on all counts of a case, regardless of number of charges disposed.
- (b) Case Type indicates the method in which a case was filed in Criminal Court. Indictments are when a charge is bound over from General Sessions Court, and then the Grand Jury determines there is probable cause that the arrestee committed the crime for which they are accused. Criminal Informations are when the defendant agrees to waive the Grand Jury process, usually in return for a negotiated plea agreement in Criminal Court. Direct Presentments occur when a case goes directly to the Grand Jury either by a sealed indictment or when a General Session Judge dismisses a case and the District Attorney's Office decides to continue to prosecute the case; the Grand Jury then determines there is probable cause that the person committed the crime.
- (c) The number of days is calculated from: (1) the date the case was bound over from General Sessions Court to the date the case was filed in Criminal Court, and (2) the date the case was filed in Criminal Court to the date of final disposition. Final disposition is the date the defendant receives a final disposition of all counts of a case. Averages were calculated using values that fell within 2 standard deviations from the mean, to exclude extreme values. Two standard deviations account for approximately 95% of the data.
- (d) Trial Status is defined as Trial when the case was recorded in CJIS as disposed with disposition by either jury trial or bench trial.
- (e) Jail status is determined by counting the number of days the defendant spent in custody until the charges were disposed. Jail status is defined as Jail when a defendant was incarcerated the majority of days (>50%) from filing to disposition in Criminal Court.

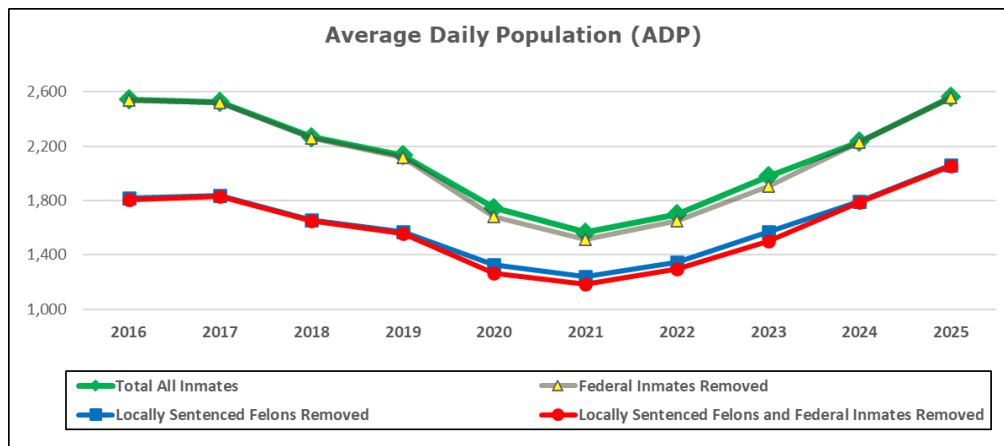
Source: Case management statistics were pulled from Criminal Justice Planning's 4th Quarter Case Management Reports.

Average Daily Population in the Davidson County Correctional System

Total All Inmates

TABLE 18.1: AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION (ADP) OF CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES – TOTAL INMATES, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	ADP Total All Inmates	ADP Locally Sentenced Felons Removed	ADP Federal Inmates Removed	ADP Locally Sentenced Felons and Federal Inmates Removed
2016	2,544	1,816	2,536	1,808
2017	2,525	1,834	2,518	1,828
2018	2,267	1,656	2,259	1,648
2019	2,132	1,572	2,117	1,556
2020	1,746	1,330	1,683	1,267
2021	1,565	1,241	1,510	1,186
2022	1,699	1,344	1,648	1,293
2023	1,977	1,572	1,908	1,503
2024	2,232	1,792	2,226	1,785
2025	2,561	2,058	2,559	2,056
% Change 2024-2025	14.7%	14.9%	15.0%	15.2%
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	0.8%	2.0%	0.9%	2.2%



Notes:

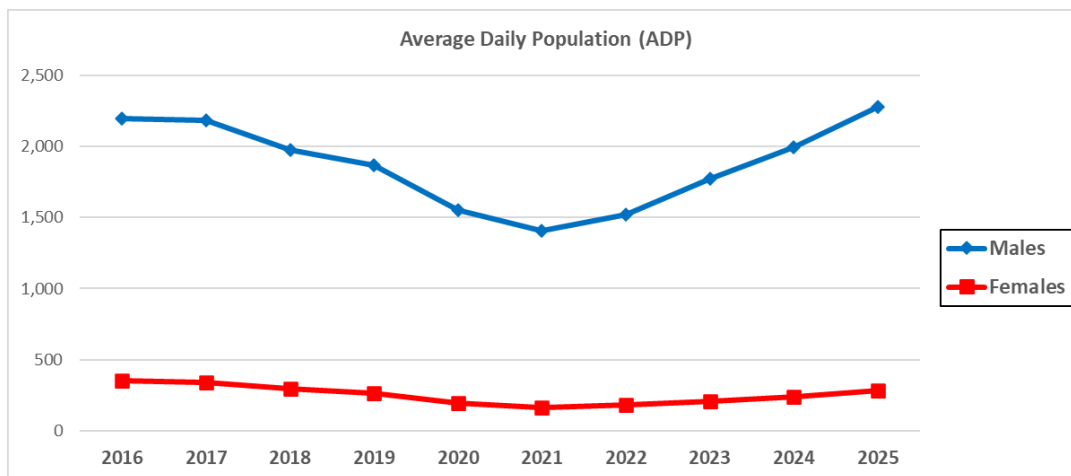
Average Daily Population includes locally sentenced felons, State sentenced felons waiting for transfer to TDOC, sentenced misdemeanants, sentenced DUI's, pretrial felons, pretrial misdemeanants, probation violator felons and misdemeanants, parole violators, Federal inmates, and miscellaneous other offender types. Inmates are counted who are present at the 11:00pm jail count and have completed the booking process. Inmates in processing are excluded.

Source: Average daily population data was pulled from the DCSO JMS system by Criminal Justice Planning, 1/26/2026.

Gender

TABLE 18.2: AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION (ADP) BY GENDER, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	ADP Males	ADP Females	ADP Total	Percent Males	Percent Females	Percent Total
2016	2,192	353	2,544	86.1%	13.9%	100.0%
2017	2,181	344	2,525	86.4%	13.6%	100.0%
2018	1,971	297	2,267	86.9%	13.1%	100.0%
2019	1,864	268	2,132	87.4%	12.6%	100.0%
2020	1,552	194	1,746	88.9%	11.1%	100.0%
2021	1,403	162	1,565	89.6%	10.4%	100.0%
2022	1,519	181	1,699	89.4%	10.6%	100.0%
2023	1,771	206	1,977	89.6%	10.4%	100.0%
2024	1,990	243	2,232	89.1%	10.9%	100.0%
2025	2,276	285	2,561	88.9%	11.1%	100.0%
% Change 2024-2025	14.4%	17.5%	14.7%	-	-	-
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	1.1%	-1.0%	0.8%	-	-	-



Notes:

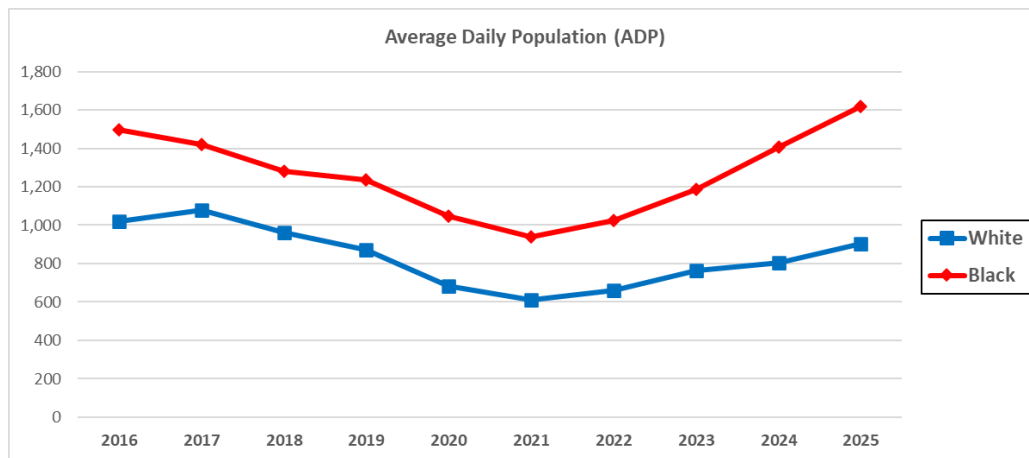
Average Daily Population includes locally sentenced felons, State sentenced felons waiting for transfer to TDOC, sentenced misdemeanants, sentenced DUI's, pretrial felons, pretrial misdemeanants, probation violator felons and misdemeanants, parole violators, Federal inmates, and miscellaneous other offender types. Inmates are counted who are present at the 11:00pm jail count and have completed the booking process. Inmates in processing are excluded. Subtotals may not sum to the annual total due to rounding.

Source: Average daily population data was pulled from the DCSO JMS system by Criminal Justice Planning, 1/26/2026.

Race

TABLE 18.3: AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION (ADP) BY RACE, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	ADP White	ADP Black	ADP Other	ADP Total	Percent White	Percent Black	Percent Other	Percent Total
2016	1,021	1,495	28	2,544	40.1%	58.8%	1.1%	100.0%
2017	1,080	1,420	25	2,525	42.8%	56.2%	1.0%	100.0%
2018	963	1,280	25	2,267	42.5%	56.4%	1.1%	100.0%
2019	871	1,236	25	2,132	40.9%	58.0%	1.2%	100.0%
2020	681	1,046	19	1,746	39.0%	59.9%	1.1%	100.0%
2021	610	940	16	1,565	38.9%	60.1%	1.0%	100.0%
2022	661	1,024	14	1,699	38.9%	60.3%	0.8%	100.0%
2023	765	1,187	25	1,977	38.7%	60.0%	1.2%	100.0%
2024	806	1,405	21	2,232	36.1%	62.9%	1.0%	100.0%
2025	904	1,619	37	2,561	35.3%	63.2%	1.5%	100.0%
% Change 2024-2025	12.1%	15.3%	75.8%	14.7%	-	-	-	-
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	-0.6%	1.6%	8.4%	0.8%	-	-	-	-



Notes:

Average Daily Population includes inmates of all charge classes who are present at the 11:00pm jail count and have completed the booking process. Inmates in processing are excluded.

Other Races include Asian, Pacific Islander, unknown or missing race in JMS.

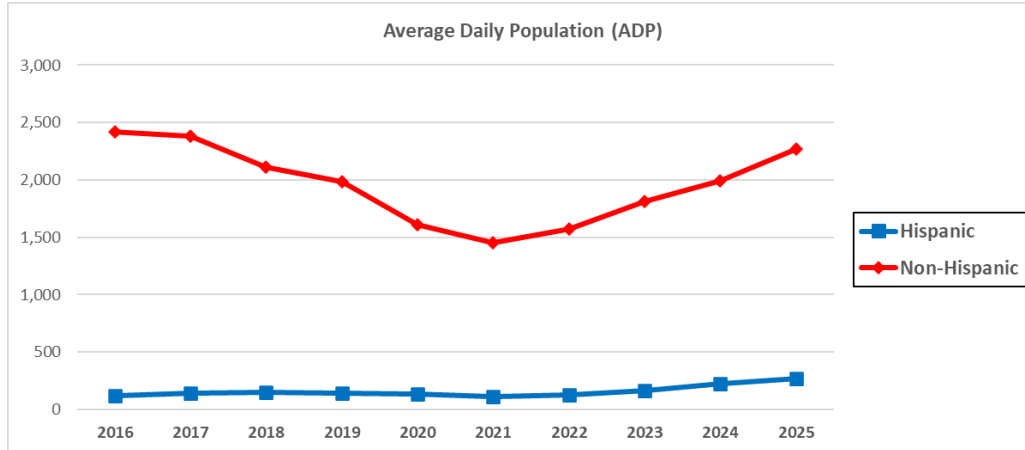
Subtotals may not sum to the annual total due to rounding.

Source: Average daily population data was pulled from the DCSO JMS system by Criminal Justice Planning, 1/26/2026.

Ethnicity

TABLE 18.4: AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION BY ETHNICITY, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	ADP Hispanic	ADP Non-Hispanic	ADP Other	ADP Total	Percent Hispanic	Percent Non-Hispanic	Percent Other	Percent Total
2016	121	2,418	6	2,544	4.7%	95.0%	0.2%	100.0%
2017	137	2,384	4	2,525	5.4%	94.4%	0.1%	100.0%
2018	147	2,114	7	2,267	6.5%	93.2%	0.3%	100.0%
2019	140	1,984	8	2,132	6.6%	93.0%	0.4%	100.0%
2020	136	1,607	3	1,746	7.8%	92.0%	0.2%	100.0%
2021	109	1,455	1	1,565	6.9%	93.0%	0.1%	100.0%
2022	122	1,574	3	1,699	7.2%	92.6%	0.2%	100.0%
2023	164	1,811	3	1,977	8.3%	91.6%	0.1%	100.0%
2024	226	1,993	13	2,232	10.1%	89.3%	0.6%	100.0%
2025	271	2,268	21	2,561	10.6%	88.6%	0.8%	100.0%
% Change 2024-2025	20.2%	13.8%	60.3%	14.7%	-	-	-	-
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	10.9%	-0.03%	50.1%	0.8%	-	-	-	-



Notes:

Average Daily Population includes inmates of all charge classes who are present at the 11:00pm jail count and have completed the booking process. Inmates in processing are excluded.

Other Ethnicities include inmates with missing or unknown ethnicity in JMS.

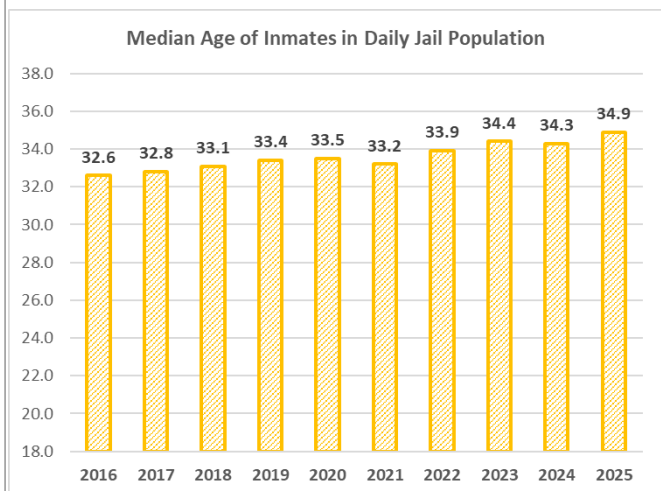
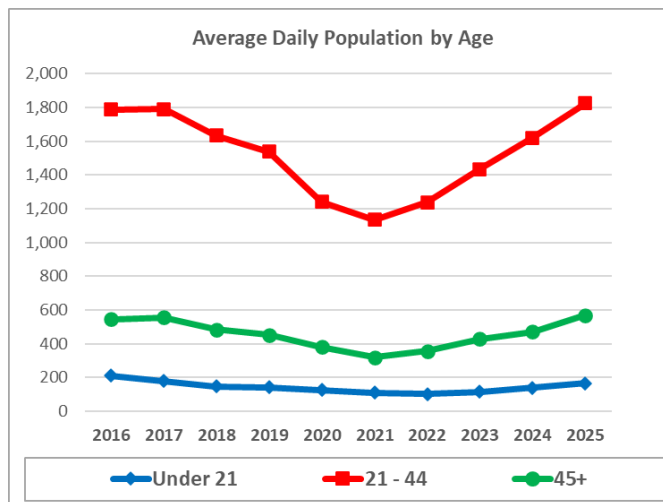
Subtotals may not sum to the annual total due to rounding.

Source: Average daily population data was pulled from the DCSO JMS system by Criminal Justice Planning, 1/26/2026.

Age

TABLE 19: AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION BY AGE OF INMATE AND MEDIAN AGE OF INMATES, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	ADP Under 21	ADP 21-44	ADP 45+	ADP Total	Percent Under 21	Percent 21-44	Percent 45+	Median Inmate Age
2016	211	1,787	546	2,544	8.3%	70.2%	21.5%	32.6
2017	180	1,789	555	2,525	7.1%	70.9%	22.0%	32.8
2018	147	1,635	486	2,267	6.5%	72.1%	21.4%	33.1
2019	141	1,538	453	2,132	6.6%	72.1%	21.3%	33.4
2020	125	1,240	381	1,746	7.1%	71.0%	21.8%	33.5
2021	110	1,135	320	1,565	7.0%	72.5%	20.4%	33.2
2022	103	1,239	357	1,699	6.1%	72.9%	21.0%	33.9
2023	114	1,434	429	1,977	5.8%	72.5%	21.7%	34.4
2024	140	1,620	472	2,232	6.3%	72.6%	21.2%	34.3
2025	166	1,826	569	2,561	6.5%	71.3%	22.2%	34.9
% Change 2024-2025	18.9%	12.7%	20.4%	14.7%	-	-	-	1.7%
Average Annual % Change 2016-2025	-1.7%	0.9%	1.4%	0.8%	-	-	-	0.8%



Notes:

Average Daily Population includes inmates of all charge classes who are present at the 11:00pm jail count and have completed the booking process. Inmates in processing are excluded.

Age is calculated using date of birth; inmates with missing information are not shown.

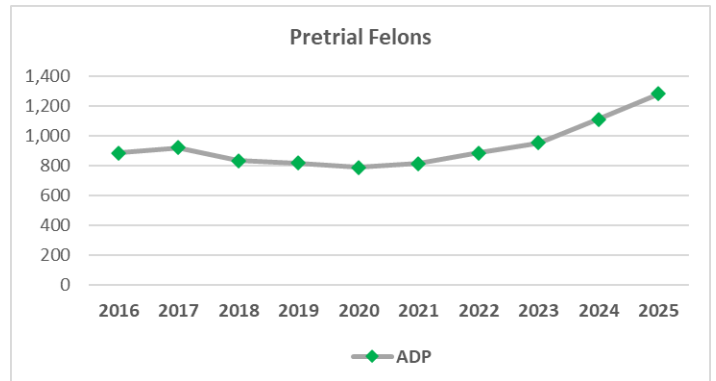
Source: Average daily population data was pulled from the DCSO JMS system by Criminal Justice Planning, 1/26/2026.

Charge Classification

TABLE 20.1: AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION BY INMATE CHARGE CLASSIFICATION – LOCAL INMATES, 2016 – 2025

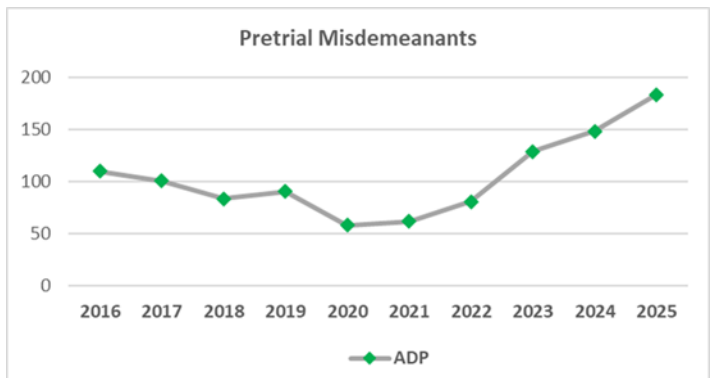
PRETRIAL FELONS

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	884	34.7%	-
2017	919	36.4%	4.0%
2018	830	36.6%	-9.6%
2019	815	38.2%	-1.8%
2020	785	45.0%	-3.7%
2021	814	52.0%	3.6%
2022	883	52.0%	8.5%
2023	953	48.2%	7.9%
2024	1,109	49.7%	16.4%
2025	1,280	50.0%	15.4%



PRETRIAL MISDEMEANANTS

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	110	4.3%	-
2017	101	4.0%	-8.5%
2018	83	3.7%	-17.2%
2019	91	4.2%	8.6%
2020	58	3.3%	-35.6%
2021	62	3.9%	5.8%
2022	81	4.8%	31.0%
2023	129	6.5%	59.6%
2024	149	6.7%	15.3%
2025	184	7.2%	23.6%

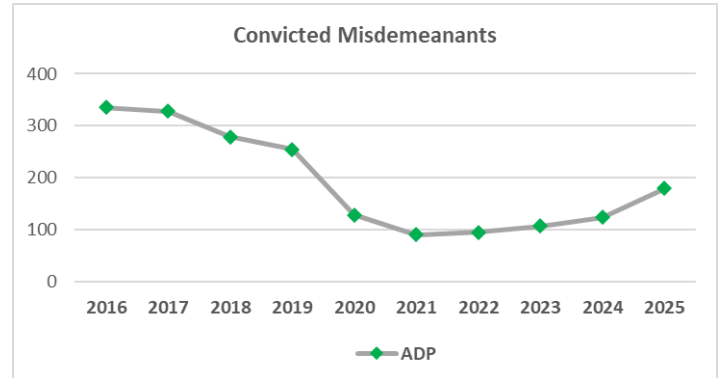


Source: Average daily population data was pulled from the DCSO Jail Management system on 1/26/2026.

TABLE 20.1: AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION BY INMATE CHARGE CLASSIFICATION – LOCAL INMATES, 2016 – 2025 (CONTINUED)

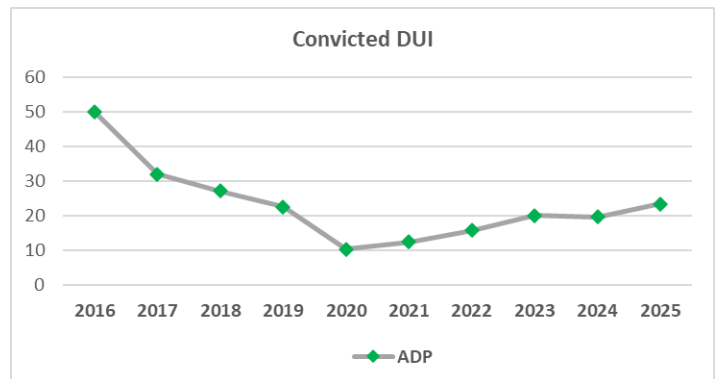
CONVICTED MISDEMEANANTS

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	336	13.2%	-
2017	328	13.0%	-2.2%
2018	279	12.3%	-15.1%
2019	254	11.9%	-8.8%
2020	128	7.4%	-49.5%
2021	90	5.7%	-30.0%
2022	95	5.6%	5.8%
2023	107	5.4%	12.1%
2024	124	5.5%	16.2%
2025	179	7.0%	44.9%



CONVICTED DUI

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	50	2.0%	-
2017	32	1.3%	-36.0%
2018	27	1.2%	-15.1%
2019	23	1.1%	-17.1%
2020	10	0.6%	-54.7%
2021	12	0.8%	21.3%
2022	16	0.9%	26.0%
2023	20	1.0%	28.4%
2024	20	0.9%	-2.0%
2025	23	0.9%	18.6%

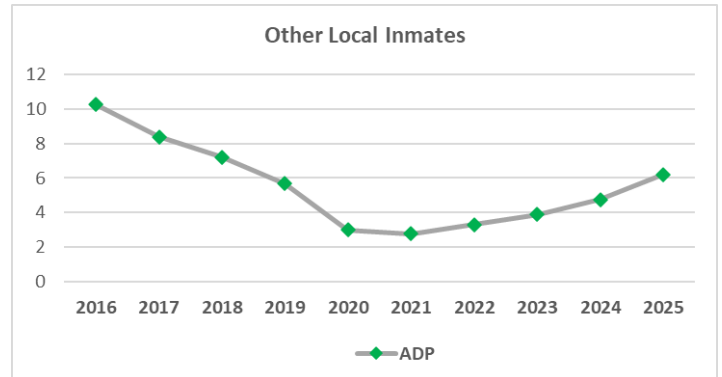


Source: Average daily population data was pulled from the DCSO Jail Management system on 1/26/2026.

TABLE 20.1: AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION BY INMATE CHARGE CLASSIFICATION – LOCAL INMATES, 2016 – 2025 (CONTINUED)

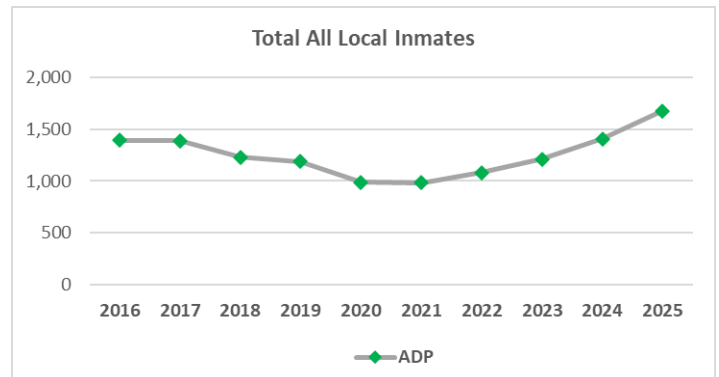
OTHER LOCAL INMATES

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	10	0.4%	-
2017	8	0.3%	-18.4%
2018	7	0.3%	-14.1%
2019	6	0.3%	-21.2%
2020	3	0.2%	-47.5%
2021	3	0.2%	-6.9%
2022	3	0.2%	18.6%
2023	4	0.2%	17.8%
2024	5	0.2%	22.5%
2025	6	0.2%	30.8%



TOTAL ALL LOCAL INMATES

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	1,390	54.6%	-
2017	1,389	55.0%	-0.1%
2018	1,227	54.1%	-11.6%
2019	1,188	55.7%	-3.2%
2020	985	56.4%	-17.1%
2021	981	62.6%	-0.5%
2022	1,078	63.4%	9.9%
2023	1,212	61.3%	12.5%
2024	1,406	63.0%	16.0%
2025	1,672	65.3%	19.0%



Notes:

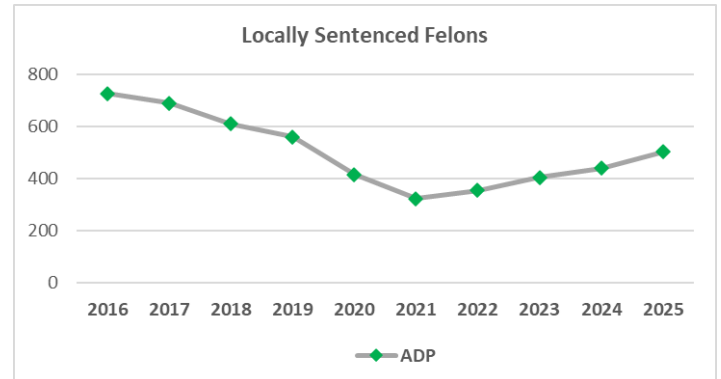
Other Local Inmates include inmates with inactive charges and no holds from DHS/ICE or other Federal agencies, and inmates with miscellaneous charge classes such as Civil Contempt or Governor's warrants.

Source: Average daily population data was pulled from the DCSO Jail Management system on 1/26/2026.

TABLE 20.2: AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION BY INMATE CHARGE CLASSIFICATION – STATE INMATES, 2016 – 2025

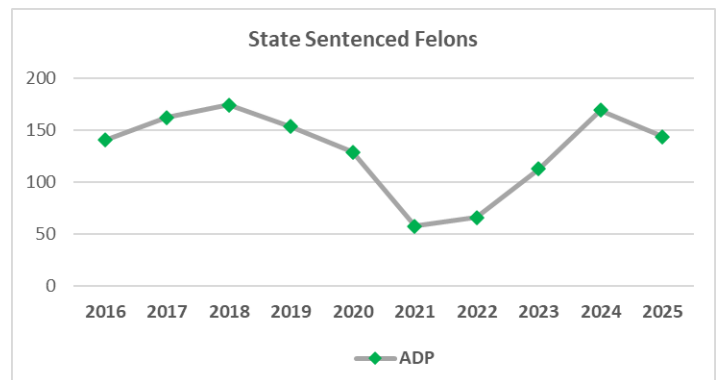
LOCALLY SENTENCED FELONS

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	728	28.6%	-
2017	691	27.4%	-5.1%
2018	611	26.9%	-11.6%
2019	561	26.3%	-8.2%
2020	416	23.8%	-25.8%
2021	324	20.7%	-22.1%
2022	355	20.9%	9.6%
2023	405	20.5%	13.9%
2024	440	19.7%	8.8%
2025	503	19.6%	14.2%



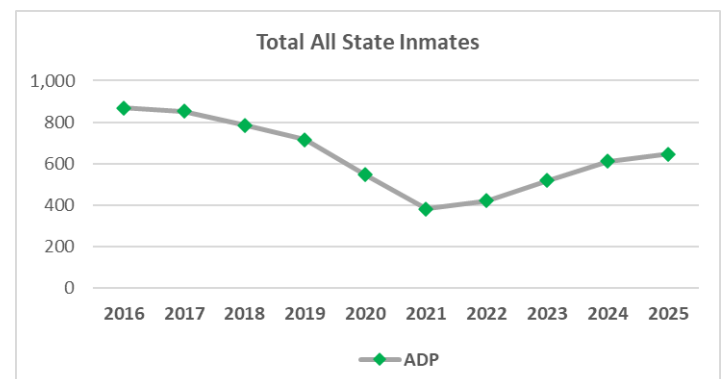
STATE SENTENCED FELONS

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	141	5.5%	-
2017	162	6.4%	15.5%
2018	174	7.7%	7.5%
2019	154	7.2%	-11.9%
2020	129	7.4%	-16.2%
2021	57	3.7%	-55.4%
2022	66	3.9%	15.1%
2023	113	5.7%	70.3%
2024	169	7.6%	50.5%
2025	144	5.6%	-15.1%



TOTAL ALL STATE INMATES

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	869	34.1%	-
2017	853	33.8%	-1.8%
2018	785	34.6%	-7.9%
2019	715	33.5%	-9.0%
2020	545	31.2%	-23.7%
2021	382	24.4%	-30.0%
2022	421	24.8%	10.4%
2023	517	26.2%	22.8%
2024	610	27.3%	17.9%
2025	647	25.3%	6.0%

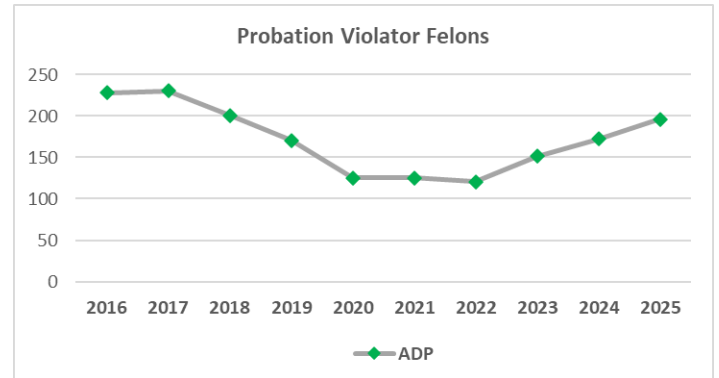


Notes: Locally Sentenced Felons include convicted felons serving county time, felons serving a split sentence of county confinement and probation, and county parole violators. State Sentenced Felons include convicted State felons waiting transfer to TDOC, felons serving a split sentence of State confinement and probation, and State parole violators. Data was pulled from the Jail Management system on 1/26/2026.

TABLE 20.3: AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION BY INMATE CHARGE CLASSIFICATION – PROBATION VIOLATORS, 2016 – 2025

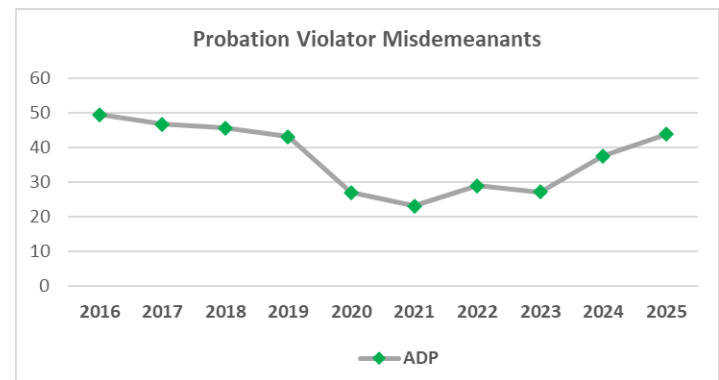
PROBATION VIOLATORS FELONS

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	228	9.0%	-
2017	230	9.1%	0.9%
2018	201	8.9%	-12.7%
2019	171	8.0%	-15.1%
2020	125	7.2%	-26.5%
2021	125	8.0%	-0.2%
2022	120	7.1%	-3.9%
2023	151	7.7%	25.8%
2024	173	7.7%	14.0%
2025	196	7.7%	13.8%



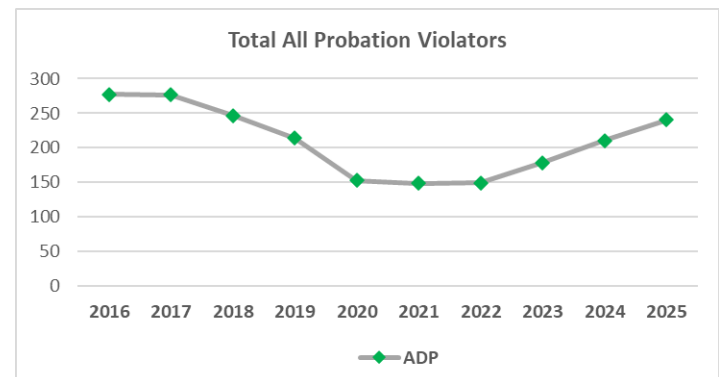
PROBATION VIOLATORS MISDEMEANANTS

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	50	1.9%	-
2017	47	1.9%	-5.6%
2018	46	2.0%	-2.3%
2019	43	2.0%	-5.4%
2020	27	1.6%	-37.3%
2021	23	1.5%	-14.5%
2022	29	1.7%	25.0%
2023	27	1.4%	-6.4%
2024	38	1.7%	38.6%
2025	44	1.7%	16.7%



TOTAL ALL PROBATION VIOLATORS

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	277	10.9%	-
2017	277	11.0%	-0.2%
2018	247	10.9%	-10.9%
2019	214	10.0%	-13.3%
2020	153	8.7%	-28.7%
2021	148	9.5%	-2.7%
2022	149	8.8%	0.6%
2023	178	9.0%	19.6%
2024	210	9.4%	17.7%
2025	240	9.4%	14.3%

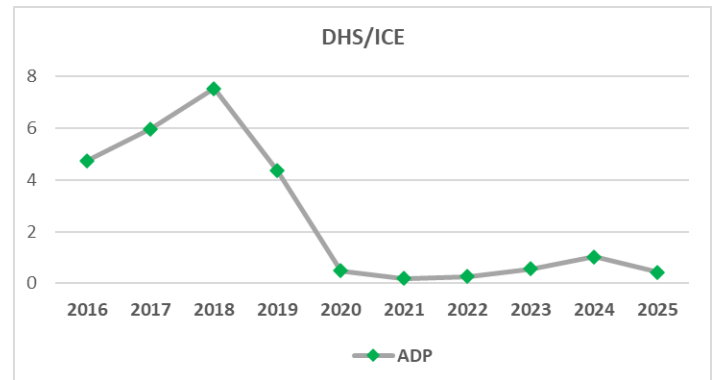


Source: Average daily population data was pulled from the DCSO Jail Management system on 1/26/2026.

TABLE 20.4: AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION BY INMATE CHARGE CLASSIFICATION – FEDERAL INMATES, 2016 – 2025

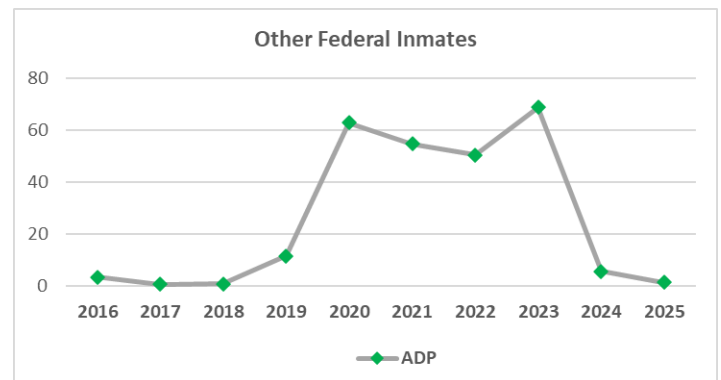
FEDERAL DHS/ICE

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	5	0.2%	-
2017	6	0.2%	25.9%
2018	8	0.3%	26.3%
2019	4	0.2%	-42.3%
2020	0	0.0%	-88.8%
2021	0.2	0.0%	-62.4%
2022	0.3	0.0%	40.8%
2023	0.6	0.03%	118.3%
2024	1.0	0.05%	82.5%
2025	0.4	0.02%	-58.6%



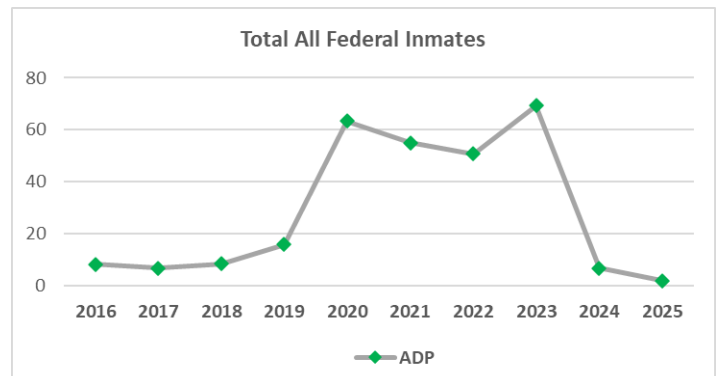
OTHER FEDERAL INMATES

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	3	0.1%	-
2017	1	0.0%	-81.6%
2018	1	0.0%	26.0%
2019	12	0.5%	1352.8%
2020	63	3.6%	445.5%
2021	55	3.5%	-12.8%
2022	50	3.0%	-7.9%
2023	69	3.5%	36.3%
2024	6	0.3%	-91.8%
2025	1	0.1%	-75.6%



TOTAL ALL FEDERAL INMATES

YEAR	ADP	Percent of Total ADP	Annual Percent Change
2016	8	0.3%	-
2017	7	0.3%	-19.3%
2018	8	0.4%	26.3%
2019	16	0.7%	90.6%
2020	63	3.6%	299.2%
2021	55	3.5%	-13.2%
2022	51	3.0%	-7.7%
2023	69	3.5%	36.7%
2024	7	0.3%	-90.4%
2025	2	0.1%	-73.0%



Notes: DHS/ICE inmates are inmates detained for the U.S. Department of Homeland Security/Immigration and Customs Enforcement. Other Federal inmates are inmates held for Federal agencies on Federal warrants, detainers, or other hold types. Data was pulled from the Jail Management system on 1/26/2026.

Most Serious Arrest Charges

Physical Arrests

TABLE 21.1: TOP ARREST CHARGES FOR PHYSICAL ARRESTS, 2024 AND 2025

PHYSICAL ARREST CHARGES	NUMBER OF ARRESTS 2024	NUMBER OF ARRESTS 2025	PERCENT OF ARRESTS 2024	PERCENT OF ARRESTS 2025	PERCENT CHANGE 2024-2025
Misdemeanor Assaults	3,176	3,320	14.3%	14.0%	+4.5%
Misdemeanor Obstruction of Justice (Evading or Resisting Arrest, Escape, FTA, FTB)	2,564	2,770	11.5%	11.7%	+8.0%
Felony Assaults	2,016	2,053	9.1%	8.6%	+1.8%
Misdemeanor Alcohol and Drug Related (DUI)	1,632	1,656	7.3%	7.0%	+1.5%
Misdemeanor Disorderly Conduct and Riots (Disorderly Conduct, Public Intoxication)	1,556	1,615	7.0%	6.8%	+3.8%
Felony Sentence Violations (Probation and Parole)	1,395	1,595	6.3%	6.7%	+14.3%
Misdemeanor Sentence Violations (Probation)	1,161	1,366	5.2%	5.7%	+17.7%
Misdemeanor Burglary	1,233	1,350	5.5%	5.7%	+9.5%
Felony Theft	1,161	1,229	5.2%	5.2%	+5.9%
Felony Burglary	1,010	1,008	4.5%	4.2%	-0.2%
Misdemeanor Theft	848	901	3.8%	3.8%	+6.3%
Misdemeanor Drugs	633	600	2.8%	2.5%	-5.2%
Felony Drugs	539	530	2.4%	2.2%	-1.7%
Felony Weapons	294	344	1.3%	1.4%	+17.0%
Felony Obstruction of Justice (Evading Arrest, Escape, FTA)	192	259	0.9%	1.1%	+34.9%
All Other Charges	2,830	3,166	12.7%	13.3%	+11.9%
TOTAL	22,240	23,762	100.0%	100.0%	+6.8%

Notes:

- (a) Physical arrests are custodial arrests of one person with the possibility of multiple charges. Only adult arrestees are included in the table. Once booked, the person may bond out, be placed on the Pretrial Release Program, or remain in jail.
- (b) A person can be charged with multiple crimes at an arrest. The arrest charges entered in ARMS are ranked and the most serious charge for each person is selected for this table.

Source: Arrest data was pulled from the MNPd ARMS system on 2/3/2026 and is accurate as of that date. Expungements were removed.

Most Serious Arrest Charges

Average Daily Correctional Population

TABLE 21.2: TOP ARREST CHARGES FOR AVERAGE DAILY CORRECTIONAL POPULATION, 2024 AND 2025

ARREST CHARGES IN THE ADP	ADP 2024	ADP 2025	PERCENT OF ADP 2024	PERCENT OF ADP 2025	PERCENT CHANGE 2024- 2025
Felony Assaults	315	377	14.1%	14.7%	+19.6%
Felony Drugs	259	285	11.6%	11.1%	+9.7%
Felony Theft	214	242	9.6%	9.4%	+12.9%
Felony Sentence Violations (Probation and Parole)	228	232	10.2%	9.1%	+2.0%
Felony Burglary	184	216	8.2%	8.5%	+17.7%
Felony Robbery	173	204	7.7%	8.0%	+18.2%
Felony Homicides	195	198	8.8%	7.7%	+1.6%
Felony Sexual Offenses	129	162	5.8%	6.3%	+25.3%
Felony Weapons	79	98	3.5%	3.8%	+24.6%
Misdemeanor Obstruction of Justice (Evading or Resisting Arrest, Escape, FTA, FTB)	89	96	4.0%	3.7%	+7.8%
Felony Kidnapping	70	69	3.1%	2.7%	-2.2%
Misdemeanor Assaults	55	62	2.5%	2.4%	+12.6%
Misdemeanor Sentence Violations (Probation)	34	44	1.5%	1.7%	+29.0%
Misdemeanor Theft	20	35	0.9%	1.3%	+71.2%
Felony Interference Government Operations (Evidence Tampering, Retaliation, False Reporting)	24	34	1.1%	1.3%	+39.6%
All Other Charges	163	207	7.3%	8.1%	+27.3%
TOTAL	2,232	2,561	100.0%	100.0%	+14.7%

Notes:

- (a) Inmates can be incarcerated for multiple charges. The arrest charges entered in JMS are ranked and the most serious charge for each inmate is shown in the table.
- (b) Average Daily Population includes inmates of all offender classifications who are present at the 11:00pm jail count and have completed the booking process. Inmates in processing are excluded.

Source: DCSO Jail Management System.

Jail Incarceration Rates

Comparison with Other Tennessee Counties

TABLE 22.1: DAVIDSON COUNTY AVERAGE DAILY JAIL POPULATION AND JAIL COMPARED TO OTHER TENNESSEE COUNTIES, 2024 AND 2025

CATEGORY	YEAR	DAVIDSON	HAMILTON	KNOX	RUTHERFORD	SHELBY
All Inmates	2024	2,232	1,107	1,307	1,055	4,004
All Inmates	2025	2,561	1,120	1,340	1,126	4,317
<i>All Inmates</i>	<i>% Change 2024-2025</i>	<i>14.7%</i>	<i>1.2%</i>	<i>2.5%</i>	<i>6.7%</i>	<i>7.8%</i>
Locally Sentenced Felons Removed	2024	1,792	1,107	1,280	966	3,314
Locally Sentenced Felons Removed	2025	2,058	1,025	1,297	1,083	3,450
<i>Locally Sentenced Felons Removed</i>	<i>% Change 2024-2025</i>	<i>14.8%</i>	<i>-7.4%</i>	<i>1.3%</i>	<i>12.1%</i>	<i>4.1%</i>

TABLE 22.2: DAVIDSON COUNTY AVERAGE JAIL INCARCERATION RATES PER 100,000 COMPARED TO OTHER TENNESSEE COUNTIES, 2024 AND 2025

CATEGORY	YEAR	DAVIDSON	HAMILTON	KNOX	RUTHERFORD	SHELBY
All Inmates	2024	303.0	285.9	257.4	277.6	437.4
All Inmates	2025	343.3	286.6	262.0	291.4	474.3
<i>All Inmates</i>	<i>% Change 2024-2025</i>	<i>13.3%</i>	<i>0.2%</i>	<i>1.8%</i>	<i>5.0%</i>	<i>8.4%</i>
Locally Sentenced Felons Removed	2024	243.3	285.8	252.2	254.2	362.0
Locally Sentenced Felons Removed	2025	275.9	262.3	253.6	280.3	379.0
<i>Locally Sentenced Felons Removed</i>	<i>% Change 2024-2025</i>	<i>13.4%</i>	<i>-8.3%</i>	<i>0.6%</i>	<i>10.3%</i>	<i>4.7%</i>

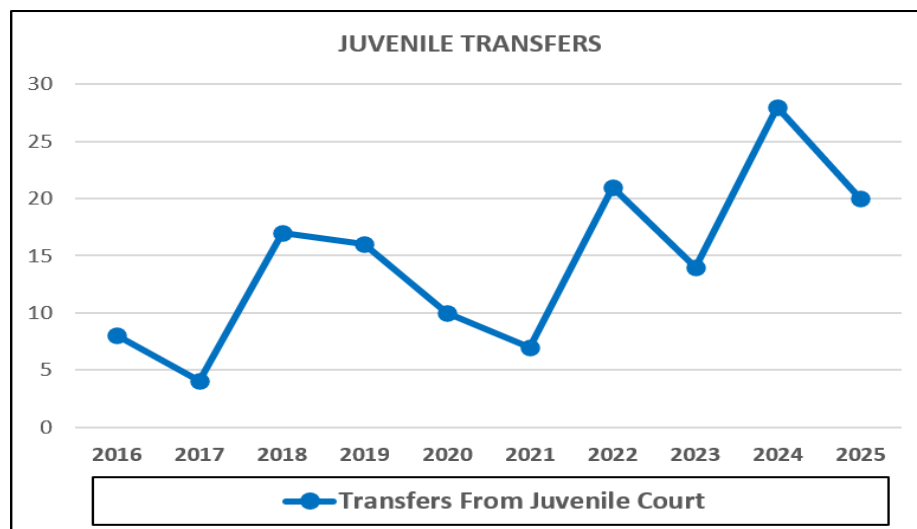
TABLE 22.3: COUNTY POPULATION ESTIMATES (ALL AGES) FOR DAVIDSON, HAMILTON, KNOX, RUTHERFORD, AND SHELBY COUNTY, 2024 AND 2025

YEAR	DAVIDSON	HAMILTON	KNOX	RUTHERFORD	SHELBY
2024	736,623	387,268	507,597	380,086	915,438
2025	745,904	390,833	511,453	386,352	910,226
<i>% Change 2024-2025</i>	<i>1.3%</i>	<i>0.9%</i>	<i>0.8%</i>	<i>1.6%</i>	<i>-0.6%</i>

Juvenile

TABLE 23: AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION AND NUMBER TRANSFERRED FOR JUVENILE INMATES, 2016 – 2025

YEAR	TRANSFERS FROM JUVENILE	PERCENTAGE CHANGE
2016	8	--
2017	4	-50.0%
2018	17	325.0%
2019	16	-5.9%
2020	10	-37.5%
2021	7	-30.0%
2022	21	200.0%
2023	14	-33.3%
2024	28	100.0%
2025	20	-28.6%
2016 – 2025	TOTAL: 145	AVG: 48.9%



Notes:

(a) Juveniles are defendants who are less than 18 years of age. This page shows juveniles who were bound over from Juvenile Court to the adult court system.

(b) As of July 2015, juveniles who are adjudicated as adults are housed with Juvenile Detention; there have been no juveniles incarcerated in the adult correctional system since then.

Source: Monthly Juvenile Report, December 2016 – 2025. Criminal Justice Planning, 01/22/2026.